

Converting Colors

RGB(227, 135, 218)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(227, 135, 218) contains.

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Color

RGB(227, 135, 218)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E387DA
RGB	227, 135, 218
RGB Percent	89%, 53%, 85%
CMY	0.1098, 0.4706, 0.1451
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.04, 0.11
HSL	306°, 62%, 71%
HSV	306°, 41%, 89%
XYZ	52.9974, 38.7208, 71.0103
YIQ	171.9700, 28.1890, 45.3170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

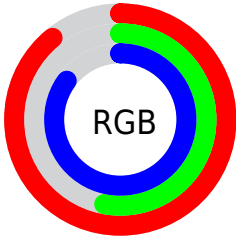
Format	Color
R _Y B	227, 135, 218
Decimal	14911450
CIE Lab	68.55, 47.10, -27.67
CIE LCh	69, 54.628, 329.571
Yxy	38.7208, 0.3257, 0.2379
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293101530 (0xFFE387DA)
YUV	171.9700, 22.6928, 48.2613
Hunter-Lab	62.2260, 43.1315, -24.1015

Details

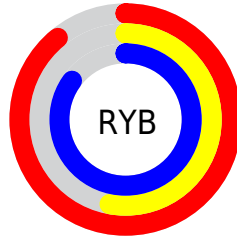
The RGB color **227, 135, 218** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99FF**. A complement of this color would be **135, 227, 144**, and the grayscale version is **172, 172, 172**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 190, 255**, and **170, 82, 163** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **227, 112, 216**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **227, 158, 220**.

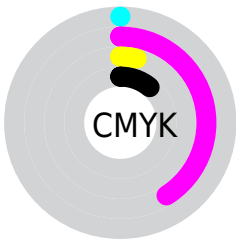
Distribution



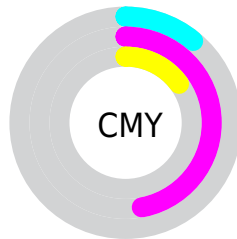
- Red (89%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 227, 135, 218 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 227, 135, 218 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 227, 135, 218

 227, 135, 218


255, 255, 255

 198, 108, 190

 255, 190, 255

 170, 82, 163

 255, 219, 255

 142, 56, 136

 255, 248, 255

 115, 29, 111


 89, 0, 86

 63, 0, 62


 42, 0, 40

 0, 1, 18

 0, 0, 0

 227, 135, 218

 227, 135, 218

 227, 112, 216

 227, 158, 220

 227, 90, 214

 227, 180, 222

 227, 67, 211

 227, 203, 225

 227, 44, 209

 227, 226, 227

 227, 22, 207

 227, 249, 229

 227, 0, 205

 227, 255, 231

 227, 255, 234

 227, 255, 236

 227, 255, 238

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



168, 154, 253



227, 135, 218



255, 124, 170

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



227, 135, 218



196, 164, 64



0, 191, 214

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



227, 135, 218



135, 227, 144

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 192, 165



227, 135, 218



146, 179, 77

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



227, 135, 218



234, 146, 82



80, 188, 115



0, 185, 252

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



227, 135, 218



255, 126, 137



80, 188, 115



0, 192, 199

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



227, 135, 218



255, 224, 252



143, 135, 227



128, 110, 126



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



227, 135, 218



255, 130, 243



227, 135, 173



115, 103, 114



179, 0, 161



51, 0, 46

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



227, 135, 218



255, 130, 243



135, 227, 189



115, 103, 114



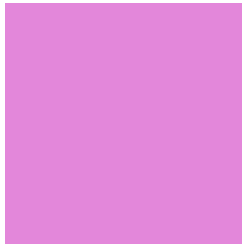
179, 0, 161



51, 0, 46

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 227, 135, 218 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

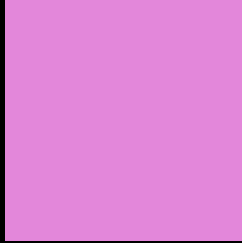
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 227, 135, 218 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

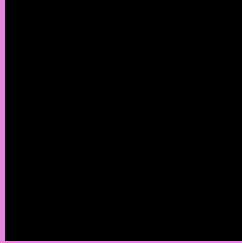
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 227, 135, 218 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 227, 135, 218.

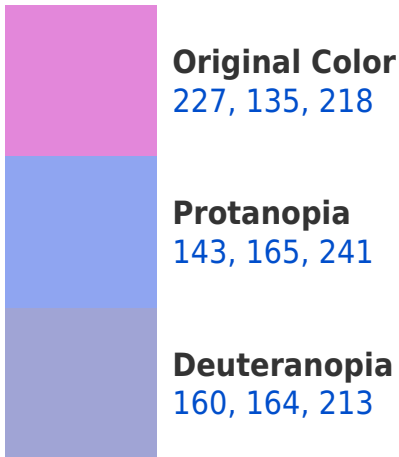


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 227, 135, 218.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
220, 147, 159

Trichromacy



Original Color
227, 135, 218



Protanomaly
174, 154, 233



Deuteranomaly
184, 153, 215



Tritanomaly
223, 143, 180

Monochromacy



Original Color
227, 135, 218



Achromatopsia
172, 172, 172



Achromatomaly
192, 159, 189

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 227, 135, 218 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 135, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 135, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 135, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 135, 218) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 227, 135, 218 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 135, 218) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 135, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 135, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 135, 218); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 135, 218); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 135, 218) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 227, 135, 218 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 135, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
135, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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