

Converting Colors

RGB(227, 174, 184)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(227, 174, 184) contains.

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Color

RGB(227, 174, 184)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3AEB8
RGB	227, 174, 184
RGB Percent	89%, 68%, 72%
CMY	0.1098, 0.3176, 0.2784
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.19, 0.11
HSL	349°, 49%, 79%
HSV	349°, 23%, 89%
XYZ	55.4663, 50.0637, 52.0873
YIQ	190.9870, 28.3780, 14.3460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

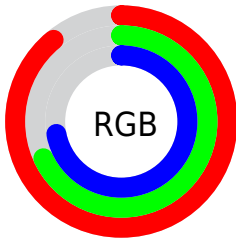
Format	Color
R _Y B	227, 174, 184
Decimal	14921400
CIE Lab	76.11, 20.81, 2.39
CIE LCh	76, 20.949, 6.549
Yxy	50.0637, 0.3519, 0.3176
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293111480 (0xFFE3AEB8)
YUV	190.9870, -3.4446, 31.5834
Hunter-Lab	70.7557, 16.1061, 5.8823

Details

The RGB color **227, 174, 184** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **174, 227, 217**, and the grayscale version is **191, 191, 191**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 230, 240**, and **171, 121, 131** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **227, 151, 166**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **227, 197, 202**.

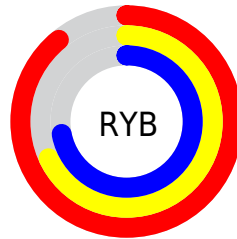
Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (68%)

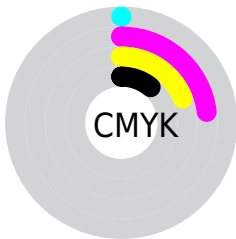
Blue (72%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (72%)

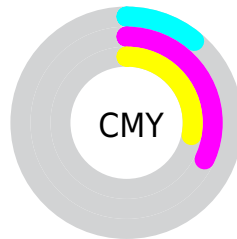


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 227, 174, 184 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 227, 174, 184 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 227, 174, 184

 227, 174, 184

255, 255, 255

 199, 147, 157

 255, 230, 240

 171, 121, 131


 144, 96, 106

 117, 72, 82


 92, 49, 59

 67, 27, 37


 44, 5, 16

 11, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 227, 174, 184


 227, 174, 184

 227, 151, 166

 227, 197, 202

 227, 129, 147

 227, 219, 221

 227, 106, 129

 227, 242, 239

 227, 83, 110

 227, 255, 255

 227, 60, 92

 227, 38, 73

 227, 15, 55

 227, 0, 43

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



217, 176, 203



227, 174, 184



226, 176, 165

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



227, 174, 184



177, 193, 156



148, 194, 223

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



227, 174, 184



174, 227, 217

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



135, 198, 210



227, 174, 184



155, 197, 172

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



227, 174, 184



198, 188, 149



139, 199, 191



171, 188, 226

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



227, 174, 184



220, 179, 156



139, 199, 191



142, 195, 219

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



227, 174, 184



255, 237, 241



216, 174, 227



128, 117, 119



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



227, 174, 184



255, 184, 197



227, 190, 174



115, 103, 105



179, 0, 34



51, 0, 10

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



227, 174, 184



255, 184, 197



174, 211, 227



115, 103, 105



179, 0, 34



51, 0, 10

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 227, 174, 184 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

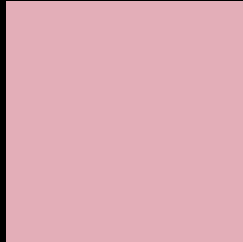
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 227, 174, 184 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 227, 174, 184 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 227, 174, 184.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 227, 174, 184.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
227, 174, 184

Protanopia
190, 187, 191

Deuteranopia
208, 182, 183



Tritanopia
227, 174, 187

Trichromacy



Original Color
227, 174, 184

Protanomaly
203, 182, 188

Deuteranomaly
215, 179, 183

Tritanomaly
227, 174, 186

Monochromacy



Original Color
227, 174, 184

Achromatopsia
191, 191, 191

Achromatomaly
204, 185, 188

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 227, 174, 184 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 174, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 174, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 174, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 174, 184) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 227, 174, 184 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 174, 184) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 174, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 174, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 174, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 174, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 174,  
184) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 227, 174, 184 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 174, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
174, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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