

Converting Colors

RGB(227, 176, 121)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(227, 176, 121) contains.

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Color

RGB(227, 176, 121)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3B079
RGB	227, 176, 121
RGB Percent	89%, 69%, 47%
CMY	0.1098, 0.3098, 0.5255
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.47, 0.11
HSL	31°, 65%, 68%
HSV	31°, 47%, 89%
XYZ	50.6551, 48.7620, 24.8314
YIQ	184.9790, 48.0510, -6.2930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

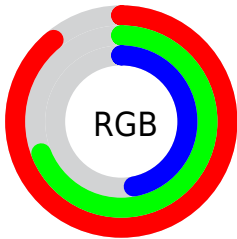
Format	Color
RYB	219, 227, 121
Decimal	14921849
CIELab	75.30, 11.83, 35.23
CIELCh	75, 37.162, 71.430
Yxy	48.7620, 0.4077, 0.3925
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293111929 (0xFFE3B079)
YUV	184.9790, -31.5416, 36.8524
Hunter-Lab	69.8298, 7.2831, 27.7975

Details

The RGB color **227, 176, 121** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **121, 172, 227**, and the grayscale version is **185, 185, 185**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 232, 174**, and **169, 124, 71** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **227, 165, 98**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **227, 187, 144**.

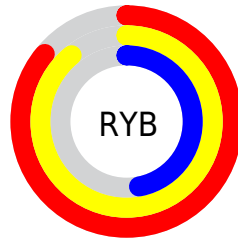
Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (69%)

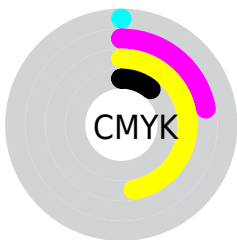
Blue (47%)



Red (86%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (47%)

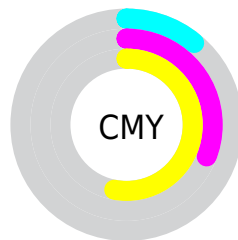


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (47%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 227, 176, 121 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 227, 176, 121 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 227, 176, 121

 227, 176, 121

255, 255, 255

 198, 149, 96

 255, 232, 174

 169, 124, 71

 255, 255, 202

 141, 99, 48

 255, 255, 230


 114, 75, 24


 87, 52, 0

 62, 31, 0

 37, 9, 0

 0, 0, 0

 227, 176, 121

 227, 176, 121

■ 227, 165, 98

■ 227, 187, 144

■ 227, 154, 76

■ 227, 198, 166

■ 227, 143, 53

■ 227, 209, 189

■ 227, 132, 30

■ 227, 220, 212

■ 227, 121, 8

■ 227, 231, 234

■ 227, 118, 0

■ 227, 242, 255

■ 227, 252, 255

■ 227, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



248, 165, 142



227, 176, 121



196, 188, 118

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



227, 176, 121



74, 204, 198



206, 172, 237

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



227, 176, 121



121, 172, 227

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



158, 184, 252



227, 176, 121



61, 202, 230

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



227, 176, 121



116, 202, 163



103, 195, 250



239, 162, 208

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



227, 176, 121



171, 194, 126



103, 195, 250



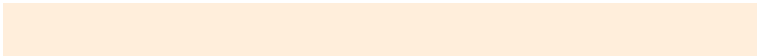
192, 176, 244

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



227, 176, 121



255, 238, 219



227, 121, 172



128, 117, 106



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



227, 176, 121



255, 186, 112



225, 227, 121



115, 109, 103



179, 93, 0



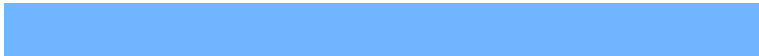
51, 26, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



121, 172, 227



112, 181, 255



123, 121, 227



103, 109, 115



0, 86, 179



0, 25, 51

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 227, 176, 121 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

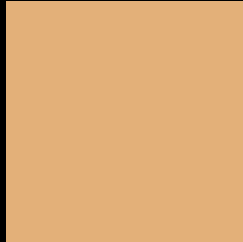
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 227, 176, 121 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

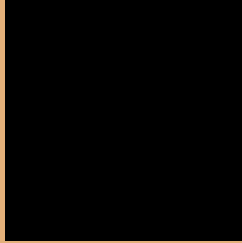
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 227, 176, 121 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 227, 176, 121.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 227, 176, 121.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
227, 176, 121

Protanopia
201, 186, 125

Deuteranopia
223, 178, 121



Tritanopia
233, 168, 181

Trichromacy



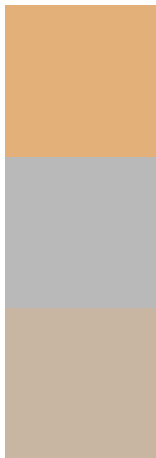
Original Color
227, 176, 121

Protanomaly
210, 182, 124

Deuteranomaly
224, 177, 121

Tritanomaly
231, 171, 159

Monochromacy



Original Color
227, 176, 121

Achromatopsia
185, 185, 185

Achromatomaly
200, 182, 162

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 227, 176, 121 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 176, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 176, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 176, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 176, 121) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 227, 176, 121 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 176, 121) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 176, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 176, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 176, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 176, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 176,  
121) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 227, 176, 121 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 176, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
176, 121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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