

Converting Colors

RGB(227, 198, 163)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(227, 198, 163) contains.

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Color

RGB(227, 198, 163)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3C6A3
RGB	227, 198, 163
RGB Percent	89%, 78%, 64%
CMY	0.1098, 0.2235, 0.3608
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.28, 0.11
HSL	33°, 53%, 76%
HSV	33°, 28%, 89%
XYZ	58.4835, 59.3634, 43.0262
YIQ	202.6810, 28.5190, -4.7370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

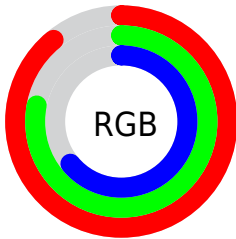
Format	Color
R_{YB}	216, 227, 163
Decimal	14927523
CIE _{Lab}	81.49, 5.05, 21.32
CIE _{LCh}	81, 21.914, 76.666
Yxy	59.3634, 0.3635, 0.3690
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293117603 (0xFFE3C6A3)
YUV	202.6810, -19.5627, 21.3278
Hunter-Lab	77.0477, 0.6581, 20.8237

Details

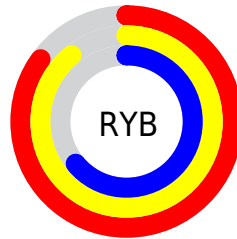
The RGB color **227, 198, 163** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **163, 192, 227**, and the grayscale version is **203, 203, 203**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 218**, and **171, 144, 111** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **227, 188, 140**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **227, 208, 186**.

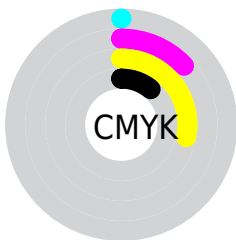
Distribution



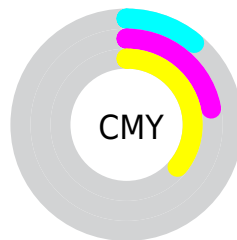
- Red (89%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (11%)




- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 227, 198, 163 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 227, 198, 163 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 227, 198, 163


255, 255, 255

 255, 255, 218

 255, 255, 247

 227, 198, 163

 199, 171, 137

 171, 144, 111

 144, 119, 87

 117, 94, 63


 92, 70, 41

 67, 48, 20


 45, 27, 0

 19, 1, 0


 0, 0, 0

 227, 198, 163

 227, 198, 163

 227, 188, 140

 227, 208, 186

 227, 177, 118

 227, 219, 208

 227, 167, 95

 227, 229, 231

 227, 157, 72

 227, 239, 254

 227, 147, 49

 227, 249, 255

 227, 136, 27

 227, 255, 255

 227, 126, 4

 227, 124, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



241, 192, 173



227, 198, 163



206, 205, 163

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



227, 198, 163



148, 214, 213



220, 194, 231

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



227, 198, 163



163, 192, 227

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



194, 200, 242



227, 198, 163



150, 212, 232

Square

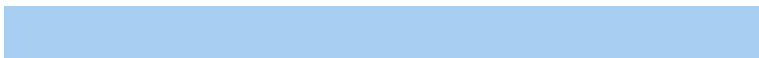
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



227, 198, 163



161, 214, 192



168, 207, 242



238, 189, 213

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



227, 198, 163



191, 209, 169



168, 207, 242



212, 196, 235

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



227, 198, 163



255, 246, 235



227, 163, 193



128, 122, 115



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



227, 198, 163



255, 216, 168



225, 227, 163



115, 110, 103



179, 98, 0



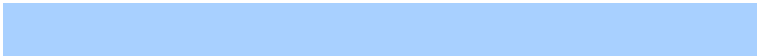
51, 28, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



163, 192, 227



168, 208, 255



165, 163, 227



103, 108, 115



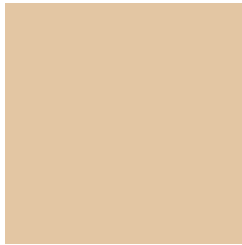
0, 81, 179



0, 23, 51

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 227, 198, 163 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

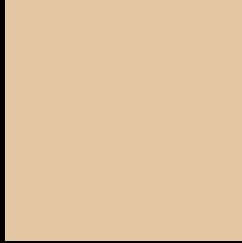
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 227, 198, 163 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

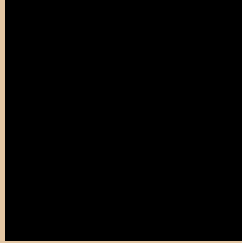
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 227, 198, 163 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 227, 198, 163.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 227, 198, 163.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
227, 198, 163

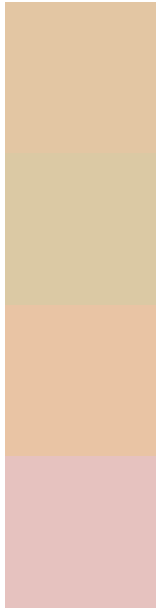
Protanopia
215, 202, 165

Deuteranopia
236, 195, 164



Tritanopia
232, 192, 207

Trichromacy



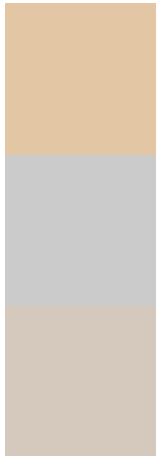
Original Color
227, 198, 163

Protanomaly
219, 201, 164

Deuteranomaly
233, 196, 164

Tritanomaly
230, 194, 191

Monochromacy



Original Color
227, 198, 163

Achromatopsia
203, 203, 203

Achromatomaly
212, 201, 188

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 227, 198, 163 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 198, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 198, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 198, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 198, 163) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 227, 198, 163 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 198, 163) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 198, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 198, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 198, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 198, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 198,  
163) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 227, 198, 163 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 198, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
198, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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