

Converting Colors

RGB(227, 213, 207)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(227, 213, 207) contains.

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Color

RGB(227, 213, 207)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3D5CF
RGB	227, 213, 207
RGB Percent	89%, 84%, 81%
CMY	0.1098, 0.1647, 0.1882
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.09, 0.11
HSL	18°, 26%, 85%
HSV	18°, 9%, 89%
XYZ	66.7353, 68.4244, 68.7214
YIQ	216.5020, 10.2700, 1.1020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

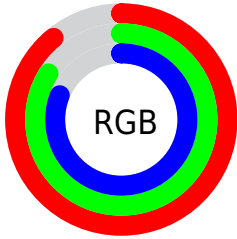
Format	Color
R _Y B	227, 216, 207
Decimal	14931407
CIE Lab	86.22, 3.81, 4.68
CIE LCh	86, 6.034, 50.891
Yxy	68.4244, 0.3273, 0.3356
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293121487 (0xFFE3D5CF)
YUV	216.5020, -4.6845, 9.2067
Hunter-Lab	82.7190, -0.7498, 8.6463

Details

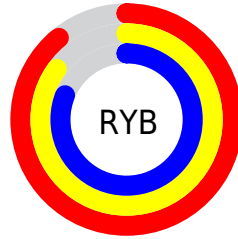
The RGB color **227, 213, 207** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **207, 221, 227**, and the grayscale version is **217, 217, 217**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **172, 158, 153** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **227, 197, 184**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **227, 229, 230**.

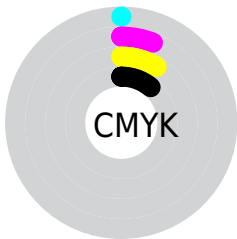
Distribution



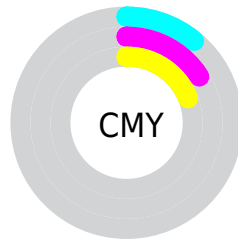
- Red (89%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 227, 213, 207 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 227, 213, 207 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 227, 213, 207

255, 255, 255

■ 227, 213, 207

■ 199, 185, 179

■ 172, 158, 153

■ 145, 132, 127

■ 119, 107, 102

■ 94, 83, 78

■ 71, 60, 55


■ 48, 38, 34

■ 28, 18, 11


■ 0, 0, 0

 227, 213, 207


 227, 213, 207

 227, 197, 184


 227, 229, 230

 227, 181, 162

 227, 245, 252

 227, 165, 139

 227, 255, 255

 227, 149, 116

 227, 134, 94

 227, 118, 71

 227, 102, 48

 227, 86, 25

 227, 70, 3

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



228, 212, 212



227, 213, 207



223, 215, 205

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



227, 213, 207



204, 219, 214



215, 215, 226

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



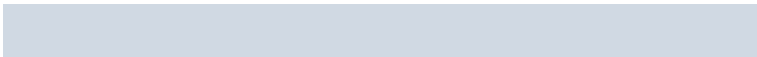
227, 213, 207



207, 221, 227

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



208, 217, 227



227, 213, 207



202, 219, 219

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



227, 213, 207



210, 218, 208



203, 218, 224



222, 213, 223

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



227, 213, 207



218, 216, 204



203, 218, 224



213, 215, 227

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



227, 213, 207



255, 250, 247



227, 207, 221



128, 124, 122



0, 0, 0



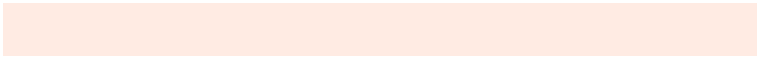
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



227, 213, 207



255, 235, 227



227, 223, 207



115, 107, 103



179, 54, 0



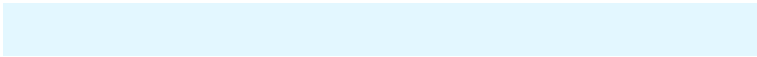
51, 15, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



207, 221, 227



227, 247, 255



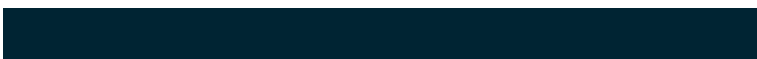
207, 211, 227



103, 111, 115



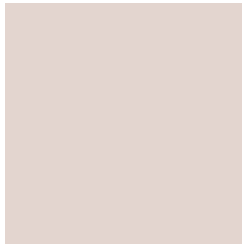
0, 125, 179



0, 36, 51

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 227, 213, 207 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

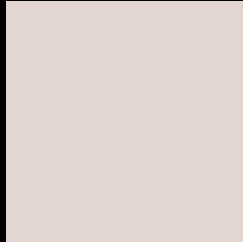
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 227, 213, 207 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

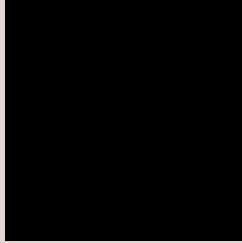
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 227, 213, 207 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 227, 213, 207.

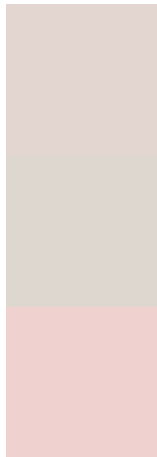


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 227, 213, 207.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
227, 213, 207

Protanopia
221, 215, 208

Deuteranopia
239, 209, 208



Tritanopia
230, 210, 227

Trichromacy



Original Color

227, 213, 207

Protanomaly

223, 214, 208

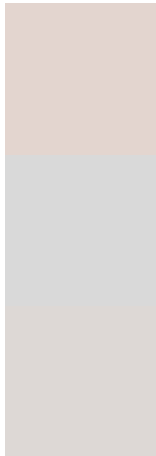
Deuteranomaly

235, 210, 208

Tritanomaly

229, 211, 220

Monochromacy



Original Color

227, 213, 207

Achromatopsia

217, 217, 217

Achromatomaly

221, 216, 213

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 227, 213, 207 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(227, 213, 207) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 213, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 213, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 213, 207) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 227, 213, 207 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 213, 207) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 213, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 213, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 213, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 213, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 213,  
207) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 227, 213, 207 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 213, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
213, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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