

# Converting Colors

RGB(227, 231, 229)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(227, 231, 229) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(227, 231, 229)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3E7E5
RGB	227, 231, 229
RGB Percent	89%, 91%, 90%
CMY	0.1098, 0.0941, 0.1020
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.01, 0.09
HSL	150°, 8%, 90%
HSV	150°, 2%, 91%
XYZ	74.3973, 79.1399, 85.4831
YIQ	229.5760, -1.7420, -1.4700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	227, 230, 231
Decimal	14936037
CIELab	91.30, -1.69, 0.49
CIElCh	91, 1.763, 163.766
Yxy	79.1399, 0.3113, 0.3311
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293126117 (0xFFE3E7E5)
YUV	229.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592
Hunter-Lab	88.9606, -6.4023, 5.3001

# Details

The RGB color **227, 231, 229** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **231, 227, 229**, and the grayscale version is **230, 230, 230**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **172, 175, 174** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **204, 231, 217**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **250, 231, 241**.

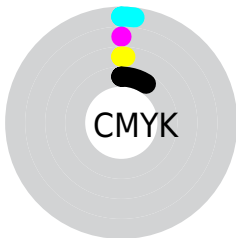
# Distribution



- Red (89%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (10%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 227, 231, 229 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 227, 231, 229 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 227, 231, 229

255, 255, 255

■ 227, 231, 229

■ 199, 203, 201

■ 172, 175, 174

■ 145, 149, 147

■ 120, 123, 121

■ 95, 98, 97

■ 71, 74, 73

■ 49, 52, 50

■ 28, 31, 29

■ 1, 6, 3

 227, 231, 229

 227, 231, 229

 204, 231, 217

 250, 231, 241


 181, 231, 206

 255, 231, 252

 158, 231, 194

 255, 231, 255

 135, 231, 183

 111, 231, 171

 88, 231, 160

 65, 231, 148

 42, 231, 137

 19, 231, 125

# Harmonies

## Analogous

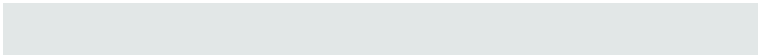
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



229, 231, 228



227, 231, 229



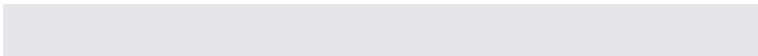
226, 231, 231

# Triad

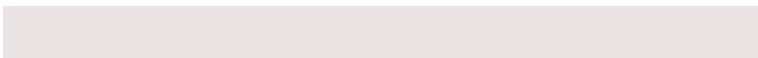
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



227, 231, 229



229, 230, 233



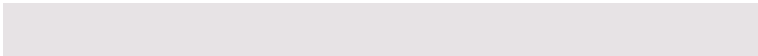
234, 229, 228

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



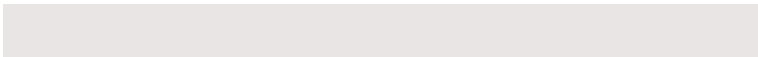
227, 231, 229



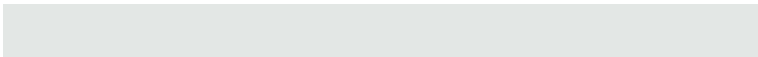
231, 227, 229

# Split Complementary

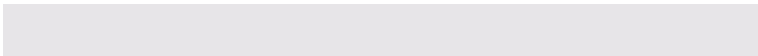
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



234, 229, 229



227, 231, 229



231, 229, 232

# Square

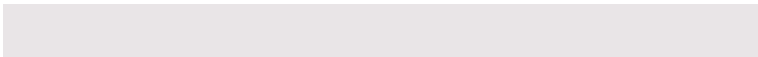
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



227, 231, 229



227, 230, 233



233, 229, 231



232, 230, 227

# Rectangle

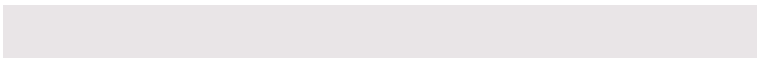
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



227, 231, 229



226, 231, 232



233, 229, 231



234, 229, 228



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



227, 231, 229



252, 255, 254



229, 231, 227



126, 128, 127



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



227, 231, 229



250, 255, 252



227, 231, 231



112, 115, 114



0, 179, 89



0, 51, 26



# Inverse Universe

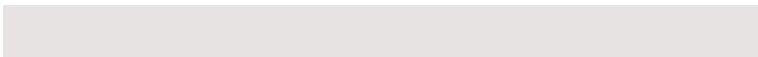
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



231, 227, 229



255, 250, 252



231, 227, 227



115, 112, 114



179, 0, 89

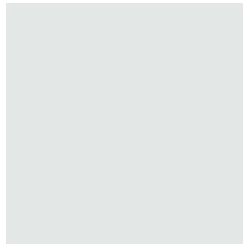


51, 0, 25



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 227, 231, 229 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

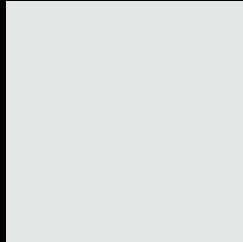
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 227, 231, 229 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

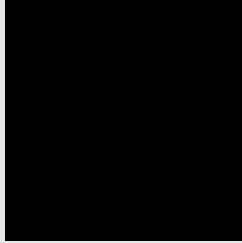
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

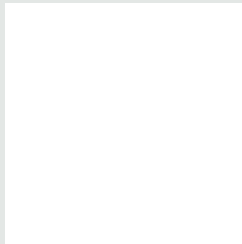
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 227, 231, 229 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 227, 231, 229.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 227, 231, 229.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

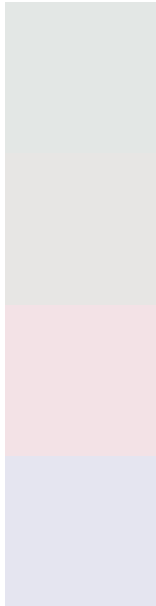




# Tritanopia

230, 228, 246

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

227, 231, 229

## Protanomaly

231, 230, 228

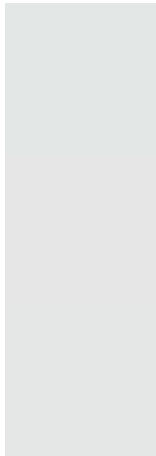
## Deuteranomaly

243, 226, 230

## Tritanomaly

229, 229, 240

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

227, 231, 229

## Achromatopsia

230, 230, 230

## Achromatomaly

229, 230, 230

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 227, 231, 229 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 231, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 231, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 231, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 231, 229) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 227, 231, 229 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 231, 229) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 231, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 231, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 231, 229); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 231, 229);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 231,  
229) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 227, 231, 229 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 231, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
231, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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