

# Converting Colors

RGB(227, 247, 253)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(227, 247, 253) contains.

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# Color

**RGB(227, 247, 253)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3F7FD
RGB	227, 247, 253
RGB Percent	89%, 97%, 99%
CMY	0.1098, 0.0314, 0.0078
CMYK	0.10, 0.02, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	194°, 87%, 94%
HSV	194°, 10%, 99%
XYZ	82.6689, 89.9443, 105.9324
YIQ	241.7040, -13.8460, -2.3740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

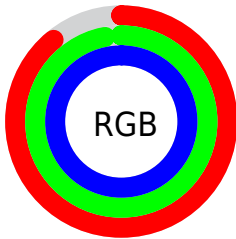
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	227, 238, 253
Decimal	14940157
CIE Lab	95.97, -5.37, -5.12
CIE LCh	96, 7.417, 223.643
Yxy	89.9443, 0.2968, 0.3229
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293130237 (0xFFE3F7FD)
YUV	241.7040, 5.5689, -12.8954
Hunter-Lab	94.8390, -10.3738, 0.1621

# Details

The RGB color `227, 247, 253` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFFFFF`. A complement of this color would be `253, 233, 227`, and the grayscale version is `242, 242, 242`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `255, 255, 255`, and `171, 191, 196` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `202, 241, 253`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `252, 253, 253`.

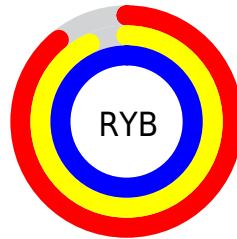
# Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (97%)

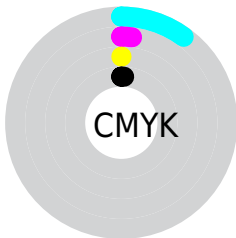
Blue (99%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (99%)

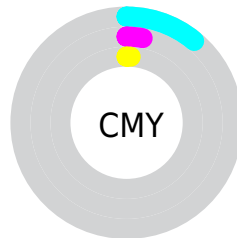


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 227, 247, 253 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 227, 247, 253 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 227, 247, 253

255, 255, 255

■ 227, 247, 253

■ 199, 219, 224

■ 171, 191, 196

■ 145, 164, 169

■ 119, 137, 143

■ 94, 112, 117

■ 70, 88, 93

■ 47, 64, 69

■ 26, 42, 47

■ 2, 22, 26

■ 227, 247, 253

■ 227, 247, 253

■ 202, 241, 253

■ 252, 253, 253

■ 176, 235, 253

255, 255, 253

■ 151, 229, 253

■ 126, 224, 253

■ 100, 218, 253

■ 75, 212, 253

■ 50, 206, 253

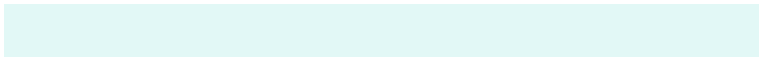
■ 25, 200, 253

■ 0, 195, 253

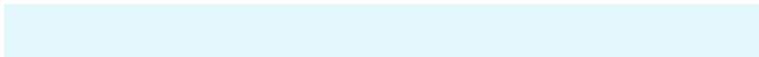
# Harmonies

## Analogous

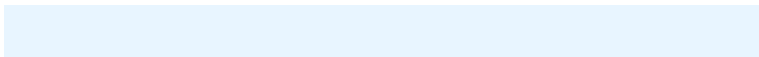
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



226, 248, 246



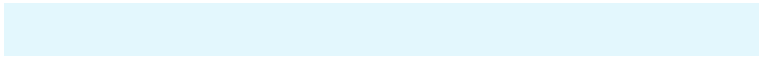
227, 247, 253



232, 245, 255

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



227, 247, 253



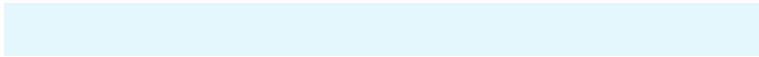
255, 239, 248



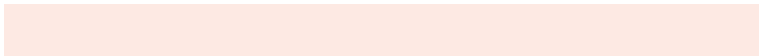
246, 244, 229

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



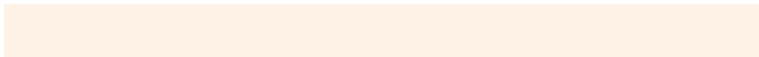
227, 247, 253



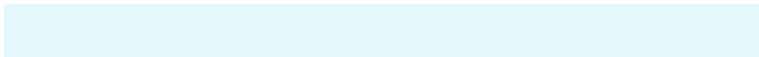
253, 233, 227

# Split Complementary

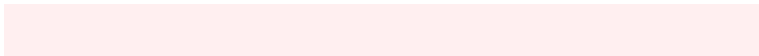
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



254, 242, 230



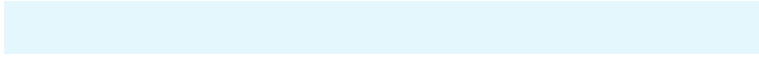
227, 247, 253



255, 239, 240

# Square

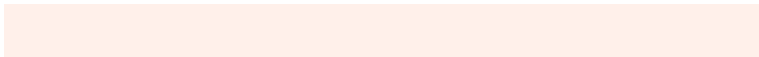
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



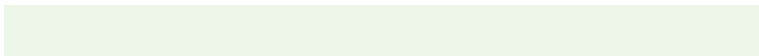
227, 247, 253



249, 241, 254



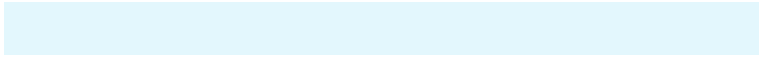
255, 240, 234



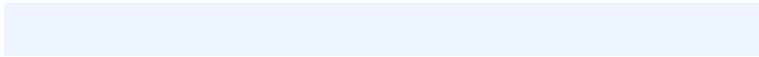
238, 246, 233

# Rectangle

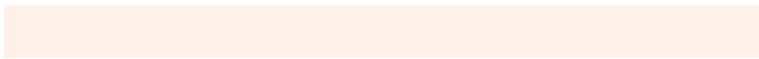
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



227, 247, 253



237, 244, 255



255, 240, 234

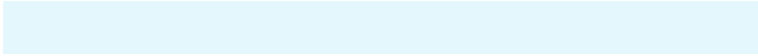


249, 243, 229

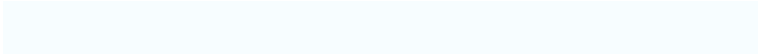


# Sweetspot

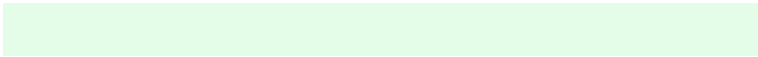
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



227, 247, 253



247, 253, 255



227, 253, 233



122, 126, 128



0, 0, 0

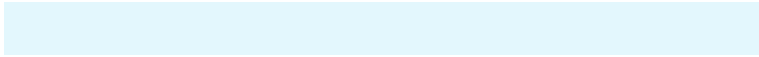


128, 128, 128

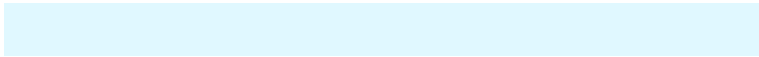


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



227, 247, 253



224, 248, 255



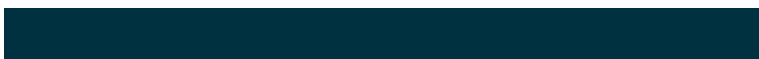
227, 234, 253



115, 125, 128



0, 147, 191



0, 49, 64



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



253, 227, 247



255, 224, 248



253, 246, 227



128, 115, 125



191, 0, 147

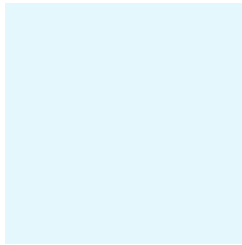


64, 0, 49



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 227, 247, 253 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

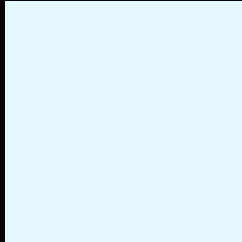
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 227, 247, 253 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

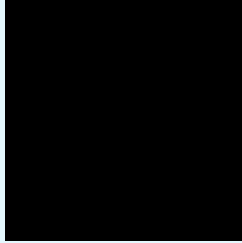
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

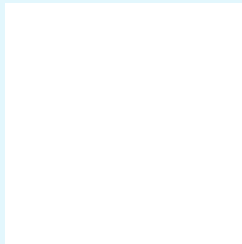
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 227, 247, 253 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 227, 247, 253.

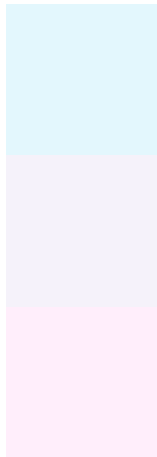


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 227, 247, 253.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
227, 247, 253

**Protanopia**  
245, 242, 250

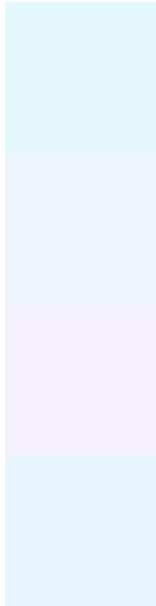
**Deuteranopia**  
255, 238, 251



# Tritanopia

236, 244, 255

# Trichromacy



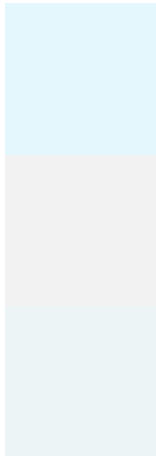
**Original Color**  
227, 247, 253

**Protanomaly**  
238, 244, 251

**Deuteranomaly**  
245, 241, 252

**Tritanomaly**  
233, 245, 254

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
227, 247, 253

**Achromatopsia**  
242, 242, 242

**Achromatomaly**  
237, 244, 246

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 227, 247, 253 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 247, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 247, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 247, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 247, 253) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 227, 247, 253 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 247, 253) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 247, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 247, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 247, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 247, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 247,  
253) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 227, 247, 253 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 247, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
247, 253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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