

Converting Colors

RGB(227, 67, 128)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(227, 67, 128) contains.

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Color

RGB(227, 67, 128)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E34380
RGB	227, 67, 128
RGB Percent	89%, 26%, 50%
CMY	0.1098, 0.7373, 0.4980
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.44, 0.11
HSL	337°, 74%, 58%
HSV	337°, 70%, 89%
XYZ	37.5820, 21.9037, 22.6691
YIQ	121.7940, 75.7790, 52.8910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

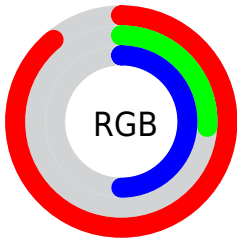
Format	Color
R_{YB}	227, 67, 128
Decimal	14893952
CIE _{Lab}	53.92, 65.59, 2.02
CIE _{LCh}	54, 65.618, 1.766
Yxy	21.9037, 0.4575, 0.2666
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293084032 (0xFFE34380)
YUV	121.7940, 3.0596, 92.2657
Hunter-Lab	46.8014, 61.4348, 4.0428

Details

The RGB color **227, 67, 128** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. The color can be described as middle muted rose. A complement of this color would be **67, 227, 166**, and the grayscale version is **122, 122, 122**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 126, 181**, and **166, 0, 79** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **227, 44, 114**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **227, 90, 142**.

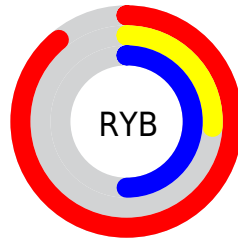
Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (26%)

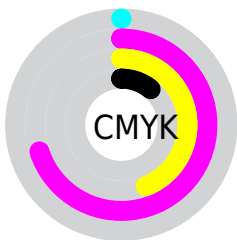
Blue (50%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (26%)

Blue (50%)

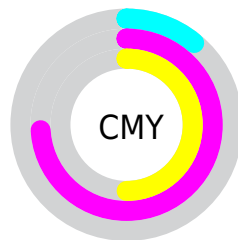


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (70%)

Yellow (44%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (74%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 227, 67, 128 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 227, 67, 128 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



227, 67, 128



227, 67, 128

255, 255, 255



196, 32, 103



255, 126, 181



166, 0, 79



255, 155, 208



136, 0, 57



255, 184, 236



107, 0, 35



255, 213, 255



79, 0, 13



255, 243, 255



50, 0, 2



0, 0, 0



227, 67, 128



227, 67, 128



227, 44, 114





227, 90, 142


 227, 22, 100

 227, 112, 156

 227, 0, 87

 227, 135, 170

 227, 158, 184

 227, 180, 198

 227, 203, 212

 227, 226, 226

 227, 249, 240

 227, 255, 254

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



199, 84, 183



227, 67, 128



224, 79, 73

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



227, 67, 128



94, 142, 8



0, 148, 229

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



227, 67, 128



67, 227, 166

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 154, 187



227, 67, 128



0, 151, 72

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



227, 67, 128



152, 128, 0



0, 154, 131



0, 135, 243

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



227, 67, 128



207, 96, 38



0, 154, 131



0, 151, 217

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



227, 67, 128



255, 201, 222



166, 67, 227



128, 96, 108



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



227, 67, 128



255, 38, 121



227, 86, 67



115, 103, 108



179, 0, 68



51, 0, 19

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



227, 67, 128



255, 38, 121



67, 208, 227



115, 103, 108



179, 0, 68



51, 0, 19

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 227, 67, 128 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

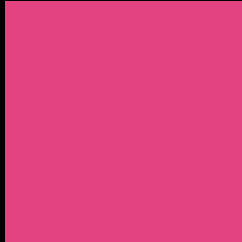
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 227, 67, 128 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 227, 67, 128 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 227, 67, 128.

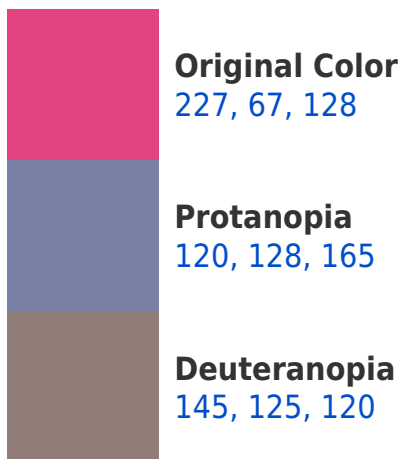


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 227, 67, 128.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

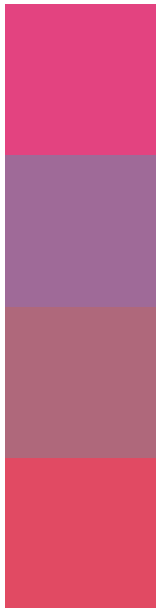
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
224, 78, 82

Trichromacy



Original Color

227, 67, 128

Protanomaly

159, 106, 152

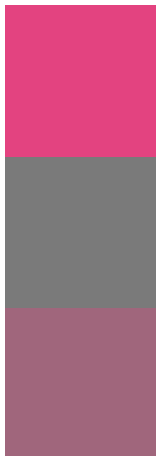
Deuteranomaly

175, 104, 123

Tritanomaly

225, 74, 99

Monochromacy



Original Color

227, 67, 128

Achromatopsia

122, 122, 122

Achromatomaly

160, 102, 124

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 227, 67, 128 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 67, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 67, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 67, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 67, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 227, 67, 128 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 67, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 67, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 67, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 67, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 67, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 67,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 227, 67, 128 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 67, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227, 67,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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