

Converting Colors

RGB(228, 221, 238)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(228, 221, 238) contains.

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Color

RGB(228, 221, 238)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E4DDEE
RGB	228, 221, 238
RGB Percent	89%, 87%, 93%
CMY	0.1059, 0.1333, 0.0667
CMYK	0.04, 0.07, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	265°, 33%, 90%
HSV	265°, 7%, 93%
XYZ	73.2840, 74.3799, 91.3832
YIQ	225.0310, -1.2850, 6.7710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

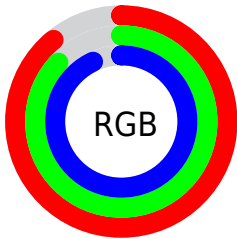
Format	Color
R _Y B	228, 221, 238
Decimal	14999022
CIE Lab	89.10, 5.46, -7.44
CIE LCh	89, 9.233, 306.270
Yxy	74.3799, 0.3066, 0.3112
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293189102 (0xFFE4DDEE)
YUV	225.0310, 6.3937, 2.6038
Hunter-Lab	86.2438, 0.7502, -2.4525

Details

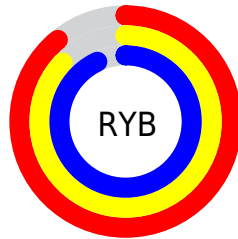
The RGB color **228, 221, 238** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **231, 238, 221**, and the grayscale version is **225, 225, 225**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **173, 166, 182** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **214, 197, 238**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **242, 245, 238**.

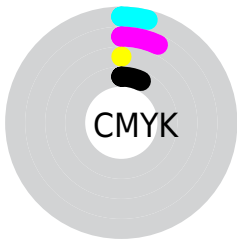
Distribution



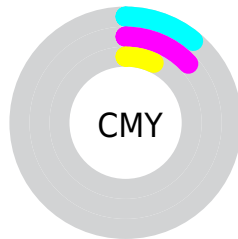
- Red (89%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 228, 221, 238 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 228, 221, 238 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 228, 221, 238

255, 255, 255

■ 228, 221, 238

■ 200, 193, 210

■ 173, 166, 182

■ 146, 140, 155

■ 120, 114, 129

■ 96, 90, 104

■ 72, 66, 80


■ 49, 44, 57

■ 28, 24, 36


■ 0, 0, 14

 228, 221, 238

 228, 221, 238


 214, 197, 238


 242, 245, 238


 200, 173, 238

 255, 255, 238

 186, 150, 238

 172, 126, 238

 158, 102, 238

 144, 78, 238

 130, 54, 238

 116, 31, 238

 102, 7, 238

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



217, 224, 241



228, 221, 238



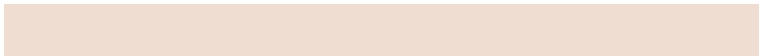
237, 219, 231

Triad

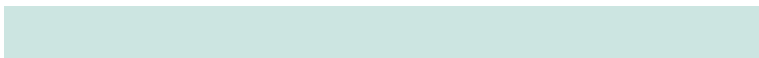
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



228, 221, 238



238, 221, 208



204, 229, 225

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



228, 221, 238



231, 238, 221

Split Complementary

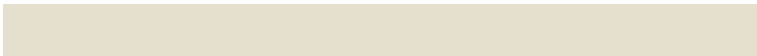
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



210, 228, 216



228, 221, 238



229, 224, 206

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



228, 221, 238



243, 219, 214



219, 227, 210



203, 229, 234

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



228, 221, 238



241, 218, 225



219, 227, 210



205, 229, 222

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



228, 221, 238



252, 250, 255



221, 231, 238



126, 125, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



228, 221, 238



242, 232, 255



236, 221, 238



113, 108, 120



76, 0, 184



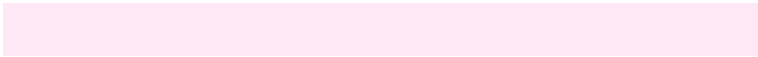
23, 0, 56

Inverse Universe

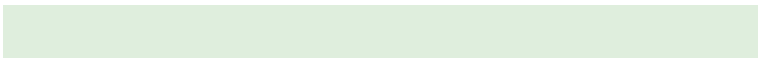
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



238, 221, 231



255, 232, 246



223, 238, 221



120, 108, 115



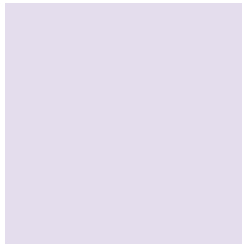
184, 0, 108



56, 0, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 228, 221, 238 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

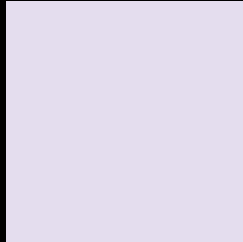
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 228, 221, 238 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

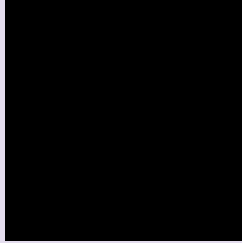
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

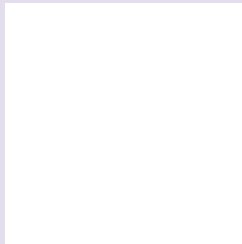
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 228, 221, 238 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 228, 221, 238.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 228, 221, 238.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
228, 221, 238

Protanopia
223, 222, 239

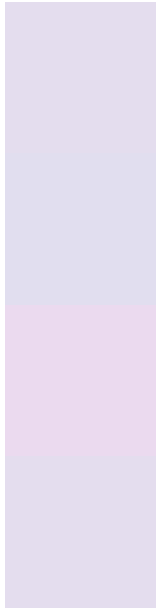
Deuteranopia
239, 217, 239



Tritanopia

228, 221, 238

Trichromacy



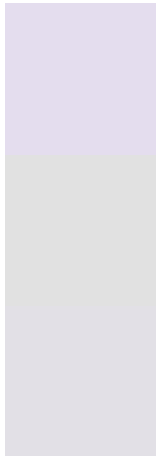
Original Color
228, 221, 238

Protanomaly
225, 222, 239

Deuteranomaly
235, 218, 239

Tritanomaly
228, 221, 238

Monochromacy



Original Color
228, 221, 238

Achromatopsia
225, 225, 225

Achromatomaly
226, 224, 230

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 228, 221, 238 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 221, 238)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 221, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 221, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 221, 238) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 228, 221, 238 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 221, 238) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 221, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 221, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 221, 238); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 221, 238);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 221,  
238) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 228, 221, 238 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 221, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228,  
221, 238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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