

Converting Colors

RGB(228, 229, 233)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(228, 229, 233) contains.

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Color

RGB(228, 229, 233)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E4E5E9
RGB	228, 229, 233
RGB Percent	89%, 90%, 91%
CMY	0.1059, 0.1020, 0.0863
CMYK	0.02, 0.02, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	228°, 10%, 90%
HSV	228°, 2%, 91%
XYZ	74.7222, 78.4158, 88.2883
YIQ	229.1570, -1.8800, 1.0320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	228, 229, 233
Decimal	15001065
CIE Lab	90.97, 0.39, -2.07
CIE LCh	91, 2.106, 280.729
Yxy	78.4158, 0.3095, 0.3248
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293191145 (0xFFE4E5E9)
YUV	229.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147
Hunter-Lab	88.5527, -4.3460, 2.8739

Details

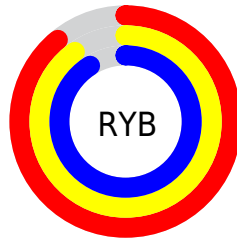
The RGB color **228, 229, 233** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **233, 232, 228**, and the grayscale version is **229, 229, 229**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **173, 174, 177** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **205, 210, 233**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **251, 248, 233**.

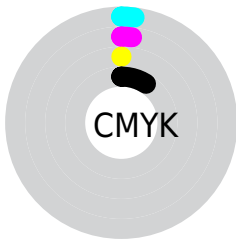
Distribution



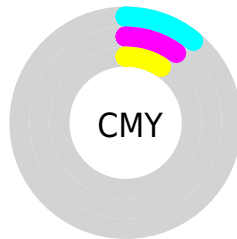
- Red (89%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 228, 229, 233 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 228, 229, 233 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 228, 229, 233

255, 255, 255

■ 228, 229, 233

■ 200, 201, 205

■ 173, 174, 177

■ 146, 147, 151

■ 120, 121, 125

■ 96, 97, 100

■ 72, 73, 76

■ 50, 50, 53


■ 29, 29, 32


■ 2, 3, 9

 228, 229, 233

 228, 229, 233

 205, 210, 233


 251, 248, 233


 181, 192, 233

 255, 255, 233

 158, 173, 233

 135, 154, 233

 112, 136, 233

 88, 117, 233

 65, 99, 233

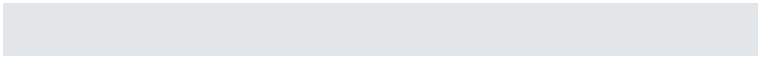
 42, 80, 233

 18, 61, 233

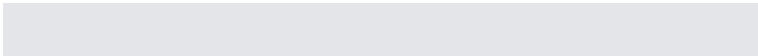
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



226, 230, 233



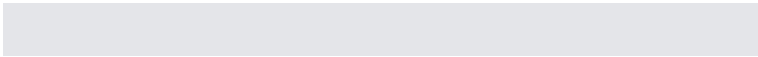
228, 229, 233



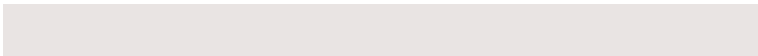
230, 228, 232

Triad

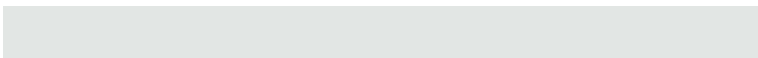
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



228, 229, 233



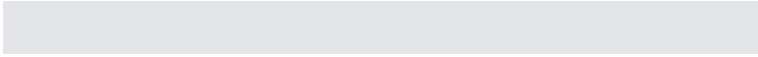
233, 228, 227



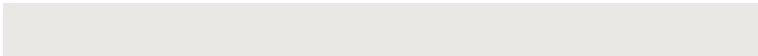
226, 230, 228

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



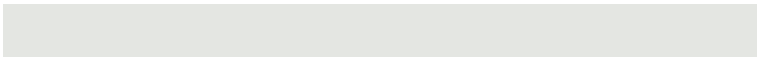
228, 229, 233



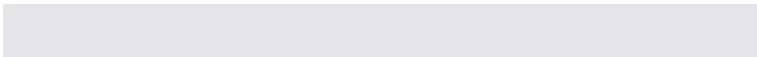
233, 232, 228

Split Complementary

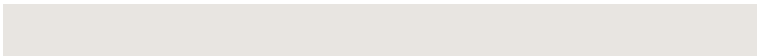
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



228, 230, 226



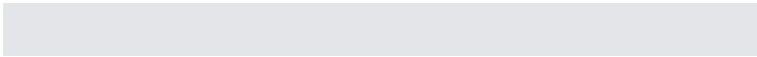
228, 229, 233



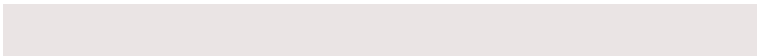
232, 229, 225

Square

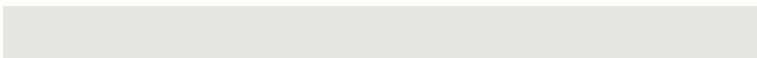
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



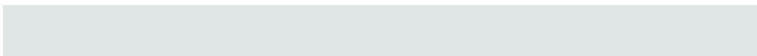
228, 229, 233



234, 228, 228



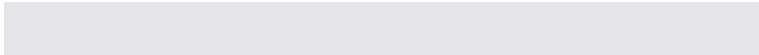
230, 229, 225



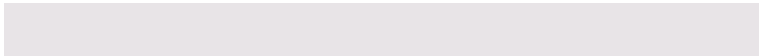
224, 230, 230

Rectangle

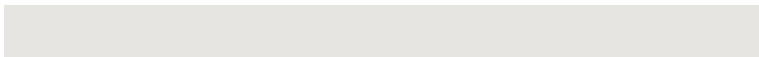
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



228, 229, 233



232, 228, 231



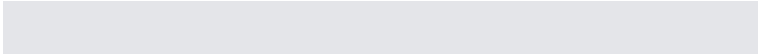
230, 229, 225



226, 230, 227

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



228, 229, 233



252, 253, 255



228, 233, 232



126, 126, 128



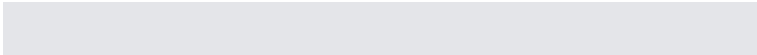
0, 0, 0



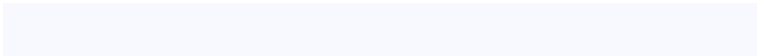
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

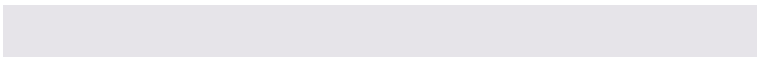
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



228, 229, 233



247, 249, 255



230, 228, 233



113, 114, 117



0, 36, 181



0, 11, 54

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



233, 228, 229



255, 247, 249



232, 233, 228



117, 113, 114



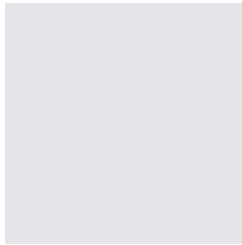
181, 0, 36



54, 0, 11

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 228, 229, 233 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

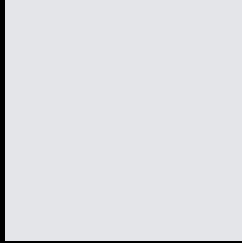
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 228, 229, 233 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

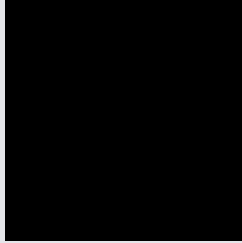
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

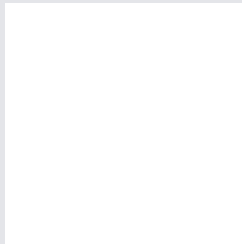
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 228, 229, 233 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 228, 229, 233.

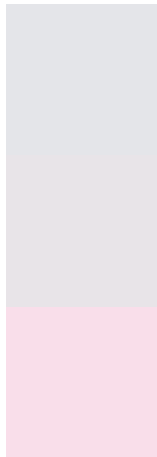


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 228, 229, 233.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
228, 229, 233

Protanopia
232, 228, 232

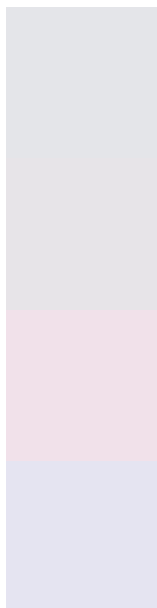
Deuteranopia
249, 222, 234



Tritanopia

230, 227, 245

Trichromacy



Original Color

228, 229, 233

Protanomaly

231, 228, 232

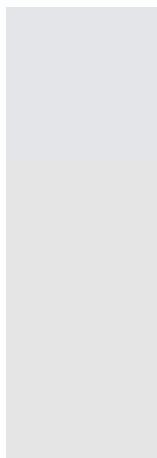
Deuteranomaly

241, 225, 234

Tritanomaly

229, 228, 241

Monochromacy



Original Color

228, 229, 233

Achromatopsia

229, 229, 229

Achromatomaly

229, 229, 230

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 228, 229, 233 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(228, 229, 233) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 229, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 229, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 229, 233) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 228, 229, 233 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 229, 233) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 229, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 229, 233)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 229, 233); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 229, 233);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 229,  
233) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 228, 229, 233 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 229, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228,  
229, 233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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