

Converting Colors

RGB(229, 186, 159)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(229, 186, 159) contains.

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Color

RGB(229, 186, 159)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E5BA9F
RGB	229, 186, 159
RGB Percent	90%, 73%, 62%
CMY	0.1020, 0.2706, 0.3765
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.31, 0.10
HSL	23°, 57%, 76%
HSV	23°, 31%, 90%
XYZ	56.1300, 54.2790, 40.3194
YIQ	195.7790, 34.2950, 0.7190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

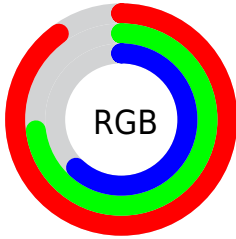
Format	Color
R_{YB}	229, 203, 159
Decimal	15055519
CIE _{Lab}	78.62, 11.63, 19.53
CIE _{LCh}	79, 22.725, 59.225
Yxy	54.2790, 0.3724, 0.3601
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293245599 (0xFFE5BA9F)
YUV	195.7790, -18.1320, 29.1348
Hunter-Lab	73.6743, 7.0632, 19.1246

Details

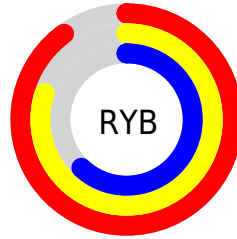
The RGB color **229, 186, 159** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **159, 202, 229**, and the grayscale version is **196, 196, 196**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 242, 214**, and **172, 133, 107** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **229, 172, 136**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **229, 200, 182**.

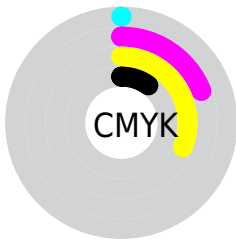
Distribution



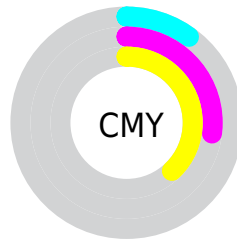
- Red (90%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 229, 186, 159 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 229, 186, 159 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 229, 186, 159


255, 255, 255


 255, 242, 214


 255, 255, 242

 229, 186, 159


 200, 159, 133

 172, 133, 107

 145, 108, 83

 119, 83, 60

 93, 60, 38

 68, 38, 17

 44, 18, 0

 14, 0, 0


 0, 0, 0

 229, 186, 159


 229, 186, 159

 229, 172, 136

 229, 200, 182

 229, 158, 113


 229, 214, 205

 229, 144, 90

 229, 228, 228

 229, 130, 67

 229, 242, 251

 229, 116, 45

 229, 255, 255

 229, 102, 22

 229, 88, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



238, 181, 175



229, 186, 159



211, 193, 153

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



229, 186, 159



144, 207, 193



198, 189, 231

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



229, 186, 159



159, 202, 229

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



169, 197, 236



229, 186, 159



136, 206, 214

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



229, 186, 159



164, 204, 172



145, 203, 230



222, 183, 217

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



229, 186, 159



196, 197, 155



145, 203, 230



188, 192, 234

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



229, 186, 159



255, 241, 232



229, 159, 202



128, 119, 113



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



229, 186, 159



255, 197, 161



229, 221, 159



115, 108, 103



179, 69, 0



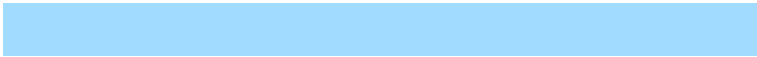
51, 20, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



159, 202, 229



161, 219, 255



159, 167, 229



103, 110, 115



0, 110, 179



0, 31, 51

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 229, 186, 159 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

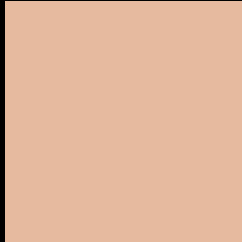
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 229, 186, 159 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

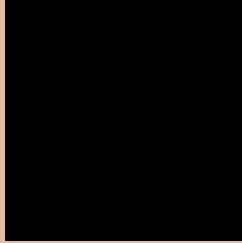
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 229, 186, 159 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 229, 186, 159.

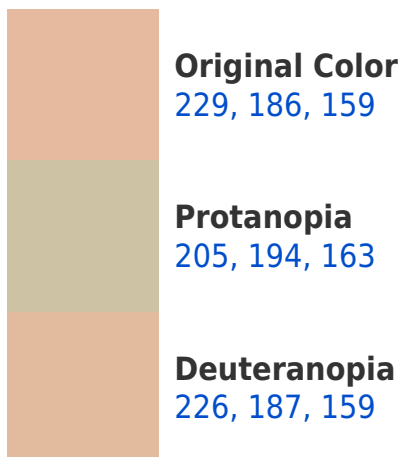



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 229, 186, 159.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

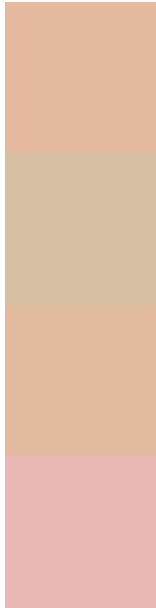
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
233, 181, 195

Trichromacy



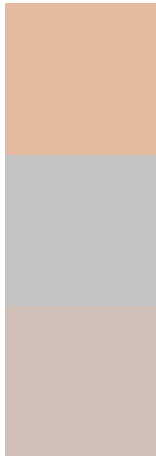
Original Color
229, 186, 159

Protanomaly
214, 191, 162

Deuteranomaly
227, 187, 159

Tritanomaly
232, 183, 182

Monochromacy



Original Color
229, 186, 159

Achromatopsia
196, 196, 196

Achromatomaly
208, 192, 183

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 229, 186, 159 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 186, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 186, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 186, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 186, 159) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 229, 186, 159 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 186, 159) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 186, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 186, 159)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 186, 159); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 186, 159); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 186, 159) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 229, 186, 159 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 186, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229,  
186, 159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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