

Converting Colors

RGB(229, 228, 247)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(229, 228, 247) contains.

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Color

RGB(229, 228, 247)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E5E4F7
RGB	229, 228, 247
RGB Percent	90%, 89%, 97%
CMY	0.1020, 0.1059, 0.0314
CMYK	0.07, 0.08, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	243°, 54%, 93%
HSV	243°, 8%, 97%
XYZ	76.8450, 78.8602, 99.1671
YIQ	230.4650, -5.5030, 6.1210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

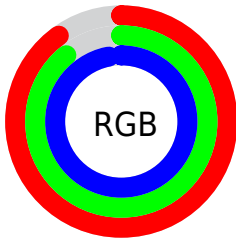
Format	Color
R _Y B	229, 228, 247
Decimal	15066359
CIE Lab	91.17, 3.85, -9.09
CIE LCh	91, 9.870, 292.972
Yxy	78.8602, 0.3015, 0.3094
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293256439 (0xFFE5E4F7)
YUV	230.4650, 8.1518, -1.2848
Hunter-Lab	88.8033, -0.9426, -4.0471

Details

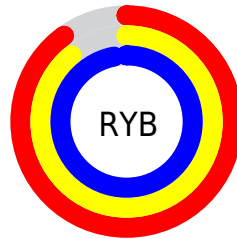
The RGB color **229, 228, 247** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **246, 247, 228**, and the grayscale version is **230, 230, 230**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **174, 173, 191** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **206, 203, 247**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 252, 253, 247.

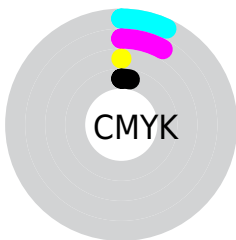
Distribution



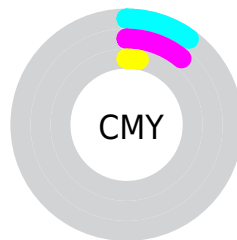
- Red (90%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (3%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 229, 228, 247 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 229, 228, 247 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 229, 228, 247

255, 255, 255

■ 229, 228, 247

■ 201, 200, 219

■ 174, 173, 191

■ 147, 146, 164

■ 121, 120, 137

■ 96, 96, 112

■ 72, 72, 87

■ 50, 50, 64

■ 29, 29, 42

■ 4, 2, 22

■ 229, 228, 247

■ 229, 228, 247

■ 206, 203, 247

■ 252, 253, 247

■ 182, 179, 247

■ 255, 255, 247

■ 159, 154, 247

■ 135, 129, 247

■ 112, 105, 247

■ 89, 80, 247

■ 65, 55, 247

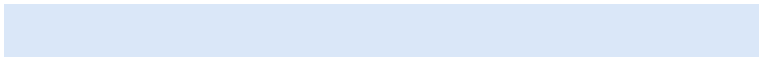
■ 42, 30, 247

■ 18, 6, 247

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



218, 231, 248



229, 228, 247



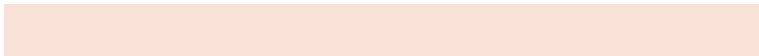
240, 225, 241

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



229, 228, 247



248, 225, 215



210, 235, 227

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



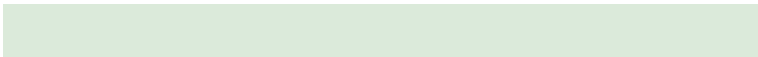
229, 228, 247



246, 247, 228

Split Complementary

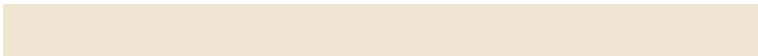
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



219, 234, 218



229, 228, 247



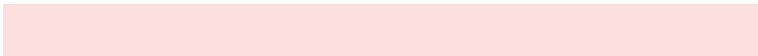
240, 228, 211

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



229, 228, 247



251, 224, 223



230, 231, 212



207, 235, 237

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



229, 228, 247



246, 224, 235



230, 231, 212



213, 235, 224

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



229, 228, 247



250, 250, 255



228, 246, 247



125, 125, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



229, 228, 247



233, 232, 255



238, 228, 247



111, 110, 122



10, 0, 186



3, 0, 59

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



247, 228, 246



255, 232, 254



237, 247, 228



122, 110, 122



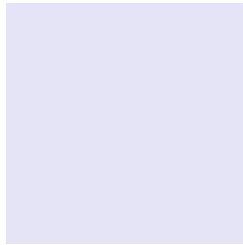
186, 0, 176



59, 0, 56

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 229, 228, 247 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

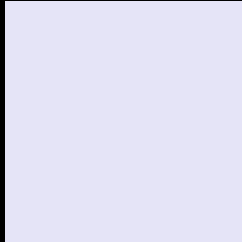
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 229, 228, 247 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

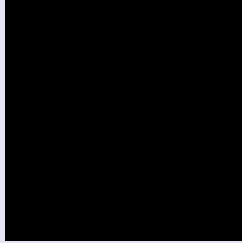
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 229, 228, 247 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 229, 228, 247.

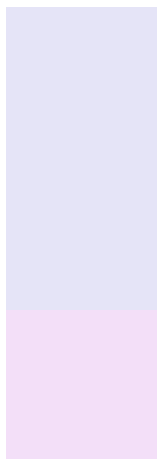


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 229, 228, 247.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

[229](#), [228](#), [247](#)

Protanopia

[229](#), [228](#), [247](#)

Deuteranopia

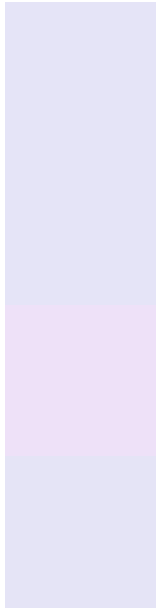
[243](#), [223](#), [248](#)



Tritanopia

229, 228, 246

Trichromacy



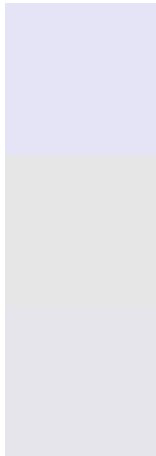
Original Color
229, 228, 247

Protanomaly
229, 228, 247

Deuteranomaly
238, 225, 248

Tritanomaly
229, 228, 246

Monochromacy



Original Color
229, 228, 247

Achromatopsia
230, 230, 230

Achromatomaly
230, 229, 236

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 229, 228, 247 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 228, 247)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 228, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 228, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 228, 247) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 229, 228, 247 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 228, 247) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 228, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 228, 247)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 228, 247); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 228, 247); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 228, 247) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 229, 228, 247 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 228, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229,  
228, 247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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