

# Converting Colors

RGB(229, 244, 124)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(229, 244, 124) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(229, 244, 124)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E5F47C
RGB	229, 244, 124
RGB Percent	90%, 96%, 49%
CMY	0.1020, 0.0431, 0.5137
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.49, 0.04
HSL	68°, 85%, 72%
HSV	68°, 49%, 96%
XYZ	68.3019, 82.8146, 31.4537
YIQ	225.8350, 29.5800, -40.5000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

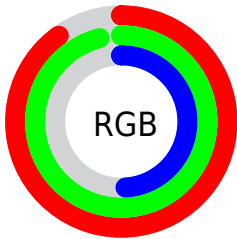
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">124, 244, 139</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15070332</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">92.93, -21.69, 55.60</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">93, 59.685, 111.307</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">82.8146, 0.3741, 0.4536</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4293260412 (0xFFE5F47C)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">225.8350, -50.2047, 2.7757</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">91.0025, -25.2814, 43.2090</a>

# Details

The RGB color **229, 244, 124** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF99**. A complement of this color would be **139, 124, 244**, and the grayscale version is **226, 226, 226**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 179**, and **171, 188, 71** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **226, 244, 100**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **232, 244, 148**.

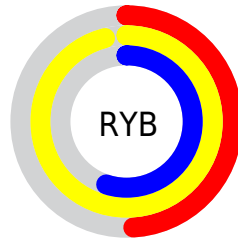
# Distribution



Red (90%)

Green (96%)

Blue (49%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (96%)

Blue (55%)

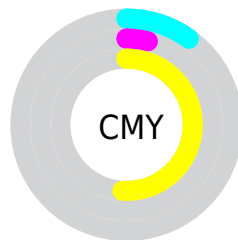


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (49%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (10%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 229, 244, 124 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 229, 244, 124 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 229, 244, 124

 229, 244, 124


255, 255, 255

 200, 216, 97

 255, 255, 179

 171, 188, 71

 255, 255, 207

 143, 161, 43

 255, 255, 236

 116, 135, 8

 89, 109, 0

 64, 85, 0

 37, 62, 0

 10, 40, 0


 0, 18, 0

 229, 244, 124

 229, 244, 124

 226, 244, 100

 232, 244, 148

 223, 244, 75


 235, 244, 173

 220, 244, 51

 238, 244, 197

 217, 244, 26

 241, 244, 222

 214, 244, 2

 244, 244, 246

 214, 244, 0

 247, 244, 255

 250, 244, 255

 253, 244, 255

 255, 244, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

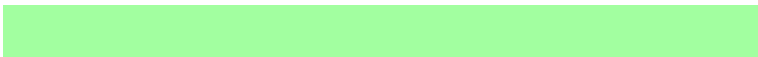
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 226, 119



229, 244, 124



162, 255, 160

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



229, 244, 124



0, 255, 255



255, 189, 254

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



229, 244, 124



139, 124, 244

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 204, 255



229, 244, 124



95, 246, 255

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



229, 244, 124



0, 255, 255



214, 226, 255



255, 190, 196

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



229, 244, 124



104, 255, 196



214, 226, 255



255, 193, 255

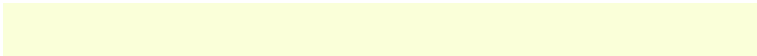


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



229, 244, 124



250, 255, 217



244, 138, 124



125, 128, 105



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



229, 244, 124



236, 255, 105



170, 244, 124



121, 122, 110



163, 186, 0



51, 59, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



139, 124, 244



123, 105, 255



198, 124, 244



112, 110, 122



23, 0, 186

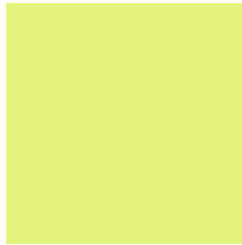


7, 0, 59



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 229, 244, 124 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

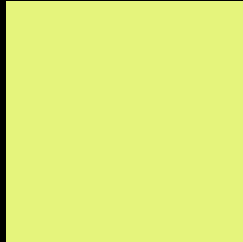
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 229, 244, 124 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 229, 244, 124 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 229, 244, 124.

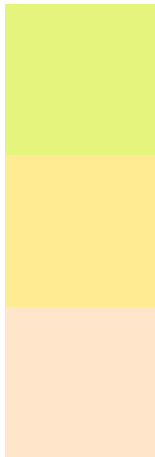


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 229, 244, 124.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
229, 244, 124

**Protanopia**  
255, 235, 146

**Deuteranopia**  
255, 230, 203



# Tritanopia

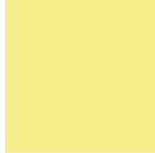
243, 230, 248

# Trichromacy



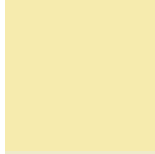
**Original Color**

229, 244, 124



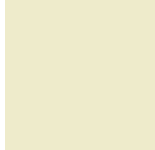
**Protanomaly**

246, 238, 138



**Deuteranomaly**

246, 235, 174



**Tritanomaly**

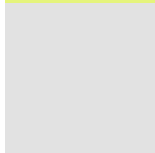
238, 235, 203

# Monochromacy



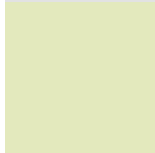
**Original Color**

229, 244, 124



**Achromatopsia**

226, 226, 226



**Achromatomaly**

227, 233, 189

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 229, 244, 124 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 244, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 244, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 244, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 244, 124) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 229, 244, 124 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 244, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 244, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 244, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 244, 124); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 244, 124); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 244, 124) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 229, 244, 124 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 244, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229,  
244, 124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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