

Converting Colors

RGB(230, 181, 124)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(230, 181, 124) contains.

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Color

RGB(230, 181, 124)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E6B57C
RGB	230, 181, 124
RGB Percent	90%, 71%, 49%
CMY	0.0980, 0.2902, 0.5137
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.46, 0.10
HSL	32°, 68%, 69%
HSV	32°, 46%, 90%
XYZ	52.7951, 51.3260, 26.1931
YIQ	189.1530, 47.5010, -7.3390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

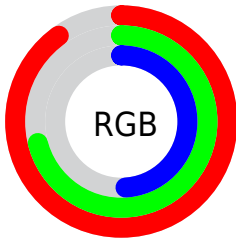
Format	Color
R _Y B	215, 230, 124
Decimal	15119740
CIE Lab	76.88, 10.68, 35.74
CIE LCh	77, 37.308, 73.358
Yxy	51.3260, 0.4051, 0.3939
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293309820 (0xFFE6B57C)
YUV	189.1530, -32.1204, 35.8228
Hunter-Lab	71.6422, 6.1678, 28.4725

Details

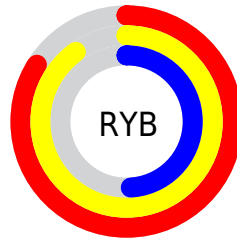
The RGB color **230, 181, 124** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **124, 173, 230**, and the grayscale version is **189, 189, 189**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 237, 177**, and **172, 128, 74** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **230, 170, 101**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **230, 192, 147**.

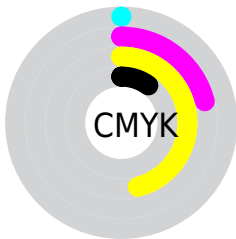
Distribution



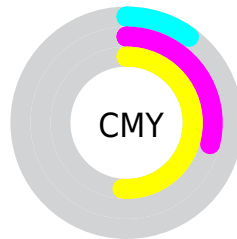
- Red (90%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (10%)





- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 230, 181, 124 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 230, 181, 124 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 230, 181, 124

 230, 181, 124

255, 255, 255

 201, 154, 99

 255, 237, 177

 172, 128, 74

 255, 255, 205

 144, 103, 50

 255, 255, 233

 117, 79, 27


 90, 56, 2

 65, 35, 0

 39, 15, 0

 0, 0, 0

 230, 181, 124

 230, 181, 124

■ 230, 170, 101

■ 230, 192, 147

■ 230, 160, 78

■ 230, 202, 170

■ 230, 149, 55

■ 230, 213, 193

■ 230, 138, 32

■ 230, 224, 216

■ 230, 128, 9

■ 230, 234, 239

■ 230, 124, 0

■ 230, 245, 255

■ 230, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



252, 170, 144



230, 181, 124



198, 193, 122

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



230, 181, 124



77, 209, 204



214, 175, 240

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



230, 181, 124



124, 173, 230

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



166, 188, 255



230, 181, 124



67, 206, 236

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



230, 181, 124



117, 207, 169



111, 199, 255



245, 166, 210

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



230, 181, 124



173, 199, 131



111, 199, 255



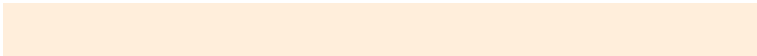
199, 179, 247

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



230, 181, 124



255, 238, 219



230, 124, 173



128, 117, 106



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



230, 181, 124



255, 190, 115



226, 230, 124



115, 109, 103



179, 96, 0



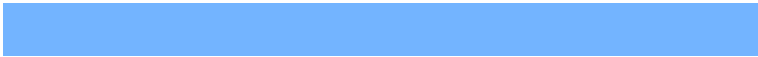
51, 27, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



124, 173, 230



115, 180, 255



128, 124, 230



103, 109, 115



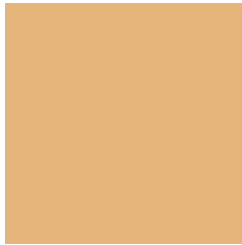
0, 83, 179



0, 24, 51

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 230, 181, 124 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

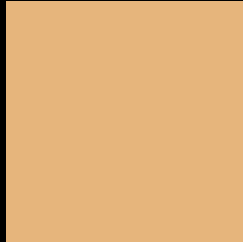
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 230, 181, 124 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

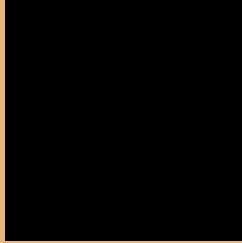
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 230, 181, 124 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 230, 181, 124.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 230, 181, 124.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
230, 181, 124

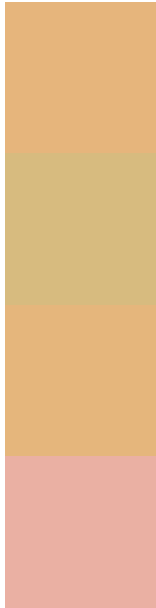
Protanopia
206, 190, 128

Deuteranopia
228, 182, 124



Tritanopia
236, 173, 186

Trichromacy



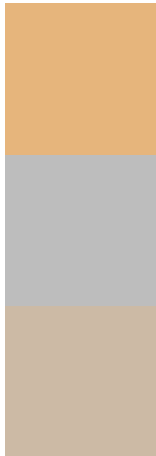
Original Color
230, 181, 124

Protanomaly
215, 187, 127

Deuteranomaly
229, 182, 124

Tritanomaly
234, 176, 163

Monochromacy



Original Color
230, 181, 124

Achromatopsia
189, 189, 189

Achromatomaly
204, 186, 165

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 230, 181, 124 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 181, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 181, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 181, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 181, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 230, 181, 124 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

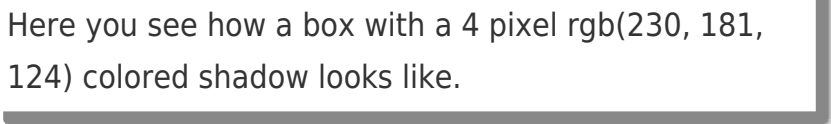
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 181, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 181, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 181, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 181, 124); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 181, 124); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 181, 124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 230, 181, 124 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 181, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
181, 124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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