

Converting Colors

RGB(230, 198, 113)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(230, 198, 113) contains.

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Color

RGB(230, 198, 113)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E6C671
RGB	230, 198, 113
RGB Percent	90%, 78%, 44%
CMY	0.0980, 0.2235, 0.5569
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.51, 0.10
HSL	44°, 70%, 67%
HSV	44°, 51%, 90%
XYZ	55.8078, 58.4034, 23.9544
YIQ	197.8780, 46.3570, -19.6510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

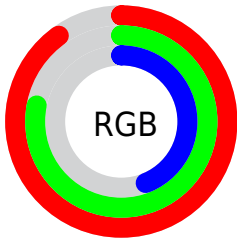
Format	Color
RYB	157, 230, 113
Decimal	15124081
CIELab	80.96, 0.74, 46.44
CIElCh	81, 46.446, 89.082
Yxy	58.4034, 0.4039, 0.4227
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293314161 (0xFFE6C671)
YUV	197.8780, -41.8449, 28.1710
Hunter-Lab	76.4221, -3.3877, 34.9111

Details

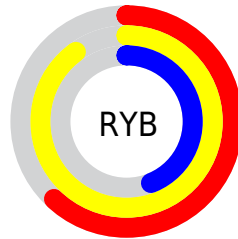
The RGB color **230, 198, 113** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC66**. A complement of this color would be **113, 145, 230**, and the grayscale version is **198, 198, 198**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 166**, and **172, 144, 62** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **230, 192, 90**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **230, 204, 136**.

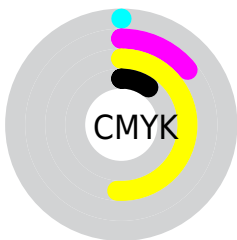
Distribution



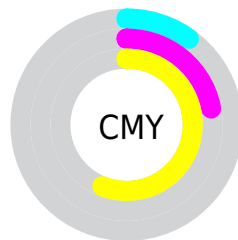
- Red (90%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Black (10%)





- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 230, 198, 113 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 230, 198, 113 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 230, 198, 113

 230, 198, 113

255, 255, 255

 201, 171, 87

 255, 255, 166

 172, 144, 62

 255, 255, 194

 144, 119, 37

 255, 255, 222

 117, 94, 7

 255, 255, 251

 90, 71, 0

 64, 49, 0

 39, 28, 0

 7, 3, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 230, 198, 113

■ 230, 198, 113

■ 230, 192, 90

■ 230, 204, 136

■ 230, 185, 67

■ 230, 211, 159

■ 230, 179, 44

■ 230, 217, 182

■ 230, 173, 21

■ 230, 223, 205

■ 230, 167, 0

■ 230, 229, 228

■ 230, 236, 251

■ 230, 242, 255

■ 230, 248, 255

■ 230, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 183, 128



230, 198, 113



185, 211, 123

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



230, 198, 113



0, 223, 242



254, 175, 246

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



230, 198, 113



113, 145, 230

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



203, 190, 255



230, 198, 113



22, 217, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



230, 198, 113



65, 224, 198



132, 206, 255



255, 167, 204

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



230, 198, 113



151, 217, 142



132, 206, 255



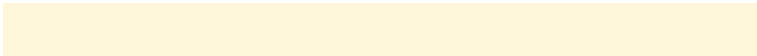
240, 180, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



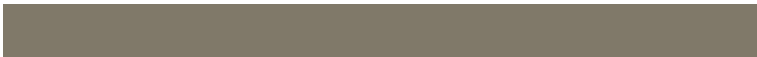
230, 198, 113



255, 245, 217



230, 113, 146



128, 121, 105



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



230, 198, 113



255, 212, 99



205, 230, 113



115, 112, 103



179, 130, 0



51, 37, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



113, 145, 230



99, 142, 255



138, 113, 230



103, 106, 115



0, 49, 179



0, 14, 51

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 230, 198, 113 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

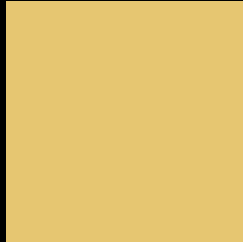
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 230, 198, 113 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 230, 198, 113 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 230, 198, 113.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 230, 198, 113.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
230, 198, 113

Protanopia
221, 201, 114

Deuteranopia
245, 192, 114



Tritanopia
238, 188, 202

Trichromacy



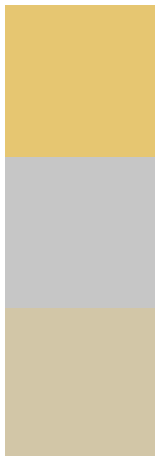
Original Color
230, 198, 113

Protanomaly
224, 200, 114

Deuteranomaly
240, 194, 114

Tritanomaly
235, 192, 170

Monochromacy



Original Color
230, 198, 113

Achromatopsia
198, 198, 198

Achromatomaly
210, 198, 167

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 230, 198, 113 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 198, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 198, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 198, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 198, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 230, 198, 113 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 198, 113) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 198, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 198, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 198, 113); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 198, 113); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 198, 113) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 230, 198, 113 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 198, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
198, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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