

# Converting Colors

RGB(230, 221, 237)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(230, 221, 237) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(230, 221, 237)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E6DDED
RGB	230, 221, 237
RGB Percent	90%, 87%, 93%
CMY	0.0980, 0.1333, 0.0706
CMYK	0.03, 0.07, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	274°, 31%, 90%
HSV	274°, 7%, 93%
XYZ	73.7756, 74.6503, 90.6413
YIQ	225.5150, 0.2280, 6.8840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

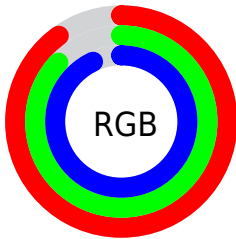
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	230, 221, 237
Decimal	15130093
CIE Lab	89.23, 5.94, -6.71
CIE LCh	89, 8.961, 311.491
Yxy	74.6503, 0.3086, 0.3123
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293320173 (0xFFE6DDED)
YUV	225.5150, 5.6621, 3.9333
Hunter-Lab	86.4004, 1.2170, -1.7199

# Details

The RGB color **230, 221, 237** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **228, 237, 221**, and the grayscale version is **225, 225, 225**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **174, 166, 181** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **220, 197, 237**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **240, 245, 237**.

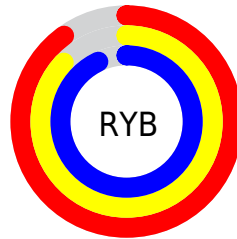
# Distribution



Red (90%)

Green (87%)

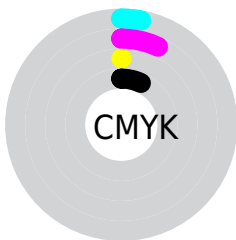
Blue (93%)



Red (90%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (93%)

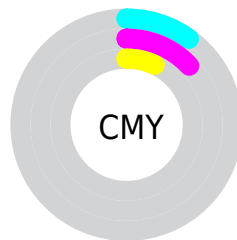


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (10%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 230, 221, 237 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 230, 221, 237 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 230, 221, 237

255, 255, 255

■ 230, 221, 237

■ 202, 193, 209

■ 174, 166, 181

■ 148, 140, 154

■ 122, 114, 128

■ 97, 90, 103

■ 73, 66, 79


■ 51, 44, 56

■ 30, 24, 35


■ 1, 0, 13

 230, 221, 237

 230, 221, 237

 220, 197, 237


 240, 245, 237

 209, 174, 237


 251, 255, 237

 199, 150, 237

 255, 255, 237

 189, 126, 237

 178, 102, 237

 168, 79, 237

 157, 55, 237

 147, 31, 237

 137, 8, 237

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



219, 224, 241



230, 221, 237



238, 219, 230

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



230, 221, 237



237, 222, 208



204, 229, 227

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



230, 221, 237



228, 237, 221

# Split Complementary

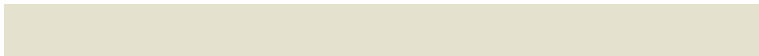
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



209, 229, 218



230, 221, 237



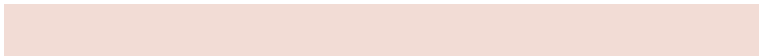
228, 225, 207

# Square

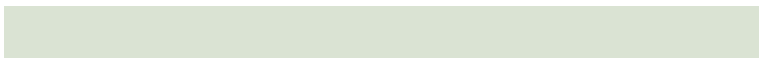
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



230, 221, 237



242, 220, 213



218, 227, 211



204, 229, 235

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



230, 221, 237



242, 219, 224



218, 227, 211



205, 229, 224



# Sweetspot

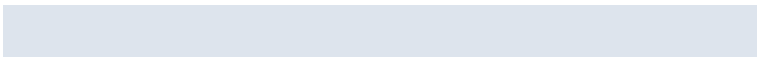
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



230, 221, 237



253, 250, 255



221, 228, 237



126, 125, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



230, 221, 237



246, 235, 255



237, 221, 236



112, 106, 117



102, 0, 181



30, 0, 54



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



237, 221, 228



255, 235, 244



221, 237, 222



117, 106, 111



181, 0, 79

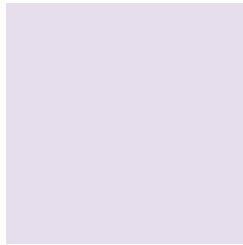


54, 0, 23



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 230, 221, 237 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

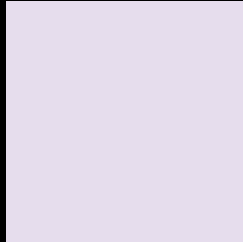
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 230, 221, 237 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

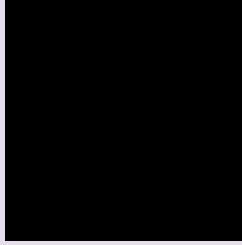
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

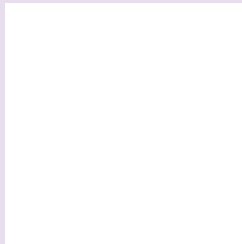
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 230, 221, 237 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 230, 221, 237.

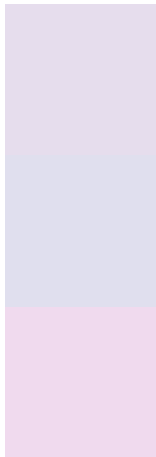


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 230, 221, 237.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
230, 221, 237

**Protanopia**  
224, 223, 238

**Deuteranopia**  
240, 218, 238



**Tritanopia**  
230, 221, 238

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

230, 221, 237

**Protanomaly**

226, 222, 238

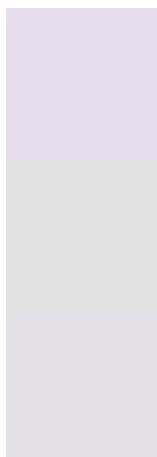
**Deuteranomaly**

236, 219, 238

**Tritanomaly**

230, 221, 238

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

230, 221, 237

**Achromatopsia**

226, 226, 226

**Achromatomaly**

227, 224, 230

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 230, 221, 237 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(230, 221, 237) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 221, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 221, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 221, 237) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 230, 221, 237 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 221, 237) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 221, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 221, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 221, 237); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 221, 237);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 221,  
237) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 230, 221, 237 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 221, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
221, 237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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