

Converting Colors

RGB(231, 180, 154)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(231, 180, 154) contains.

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Color

RGB(231, 180, 154)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E7B49A
RGB	231, 180, 154
RGB Percent	91%, 71%, 60%
CMY	0.0941, 0.2941, 0.3961
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.33, 0.09
HSL	20°, 62%, 75%
HSV	20°, 33%, 91%
XYZ	55.1090, 51.9645, 37.6974
YIQ	192.2850, 38.7420, 2.7260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

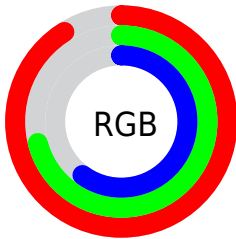
Format	Color
R _Y B	231, 193, 154
Decimal	15185050
CIE Lab	77.26, 14.95, 20.36
CIE LCh	77, 25.256, 53.704
Yxy	51.9645, 0.3807, 0.3589
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293375130 (0xFFE7B49A)
YUV	192.2850, -18.8745, 33.9531
Hunter-Lab	72.0864, 10.3093, 19.4549

Details

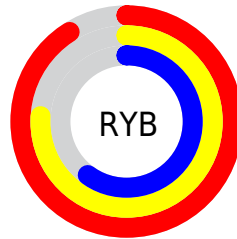
The RGB color **231, 180, 154** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **154, 205, 231**, and the grayscale version is **192, 192, 192**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 236, 208**, and **174, 127, 103** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **231, 165, 131**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **231, 195, 177**.

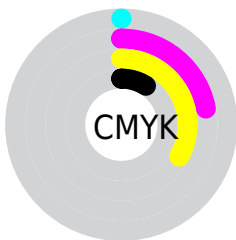
Distribution



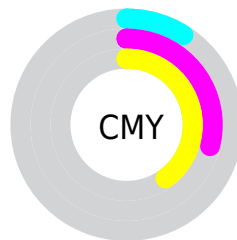
- Red (91%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (9%)





- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 231, 180, 154 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 231, 180, 154 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 231, 180, 154

 231, 180, 154

255, 255, 255

 202, 153, 128

 255, 236, 208

 174, 127, 103

 255, 255, 237

 147, 102, 79

 120, 78, 56

 94, 55, 34

 68, 33, 12

 44, 12, 0

 8, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 231, 180, 154

■ 231, 180, 154

■ 231, 165, 131

■ 231, 195, 177

■ 231, 149, 108

■ 231, 211, 200

■ 231, 134, 85

■ 231, 226, 223

■ 231, 119, 62

■ 231, 241, 246

■ 231, 104, 38

■ 231, 255, 255

■ 231, 88, 15

■ 231, 78, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



239, 175, 173



231, 180, 154



213, 188, 145

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



231, 180, 154



138, 204, 185



188, 187, 233

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



231, 180, 154



154, 205, 231

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



156, 194, 237



231, 180, 154



124, 204, 209

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



231, 180, 154



162, 201, 163



131, 201, 228



216, 179, 219

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



231, 180, 154



197, 193, 145



131, 201, 228



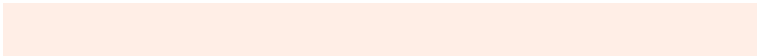
177, 189, 236

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



231, 180, 154



255, 238, 230



231, 154, 205



128, 117, 112



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



231, 180, 154



255, 187, 153



231, 218, 154



115, 107, 103



179, 60, 0



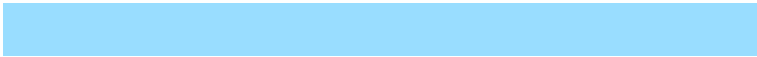
51, 17, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



154, 205, 231



153, 221, 255



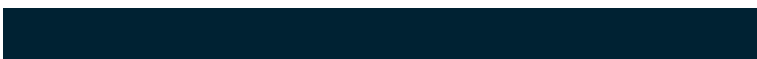
154, 167, 231



103, 111, 115



0, 118, 179



0, 34, 51

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 231, 180, 154 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

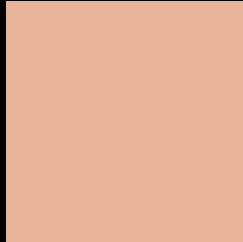
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 231, 180, 154 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

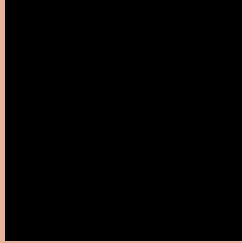
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 231, 180, 154 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 231, 180, 154.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 231, 180, 154.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
231, 180, 154

Protanopia
202, 191, 159

Deuteranopia
222, 184, 153



Tritanopia
235, 175, 189

Trichromacy



Original Color
231, 180, 154

Protanomaly
213, 187, 157

Deuteranomaly
225, 183, 153

Tritanomaly
234, 177, 176

Monochromacy



Original Color
231, 180, 154

Achromatopsia
192, 192, 192

Achromatomaly
206, 188, 178

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 231, 180, 154 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(231, 180, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(231, 180, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(231, 180, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(231, 180, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 231, 180, 154 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(231, 180, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(231, 180, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(231, 180, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(231, 180, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 180, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 180,  
154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 231, 180, 154 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(231, 180, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(231,  
180, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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