

Converting Colors

RGB(231, 181, 177)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(231, 181, 177) contains.

RGB(231, 181, 177)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(231, 181, 177)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E7B5B1
RGB	231, 181, 177
RGB Percent	91%, 71%, 69%
CMY	0.0941, 0.2902, 0.3059
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.23, 0.09
HSL	4°, 53%, 80%
HSV	4°, 23%, 91%
XYZ	57.4147, 53.2110, 48.8396
YIQ	195.4940, 31.0840, 9.3560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

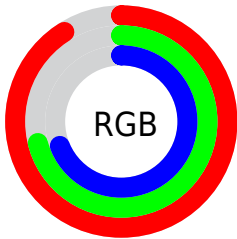
Format	Color
R _Y B	231, 181, 177
Decimal	15185329
CIE Lab	78.00, 17.50, 8.97
CIE LCh	78, 19.663, 27.144
Yxy	53.2110, 0.3600, 0.3337
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293375409 (0xFFE7B5B1)
YUV	195.4940, -9.1175, 31.1388
Hunter-Lab	72.9459, 12.8396, 11.3655

Details

The RGB color **231, 181, 177** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **177, 227, 231**, and the grayscale version is **196, 196, 196**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 237, 233**, and **175, 128, 124** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **231, 160, 154**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **231, 202, 200**.

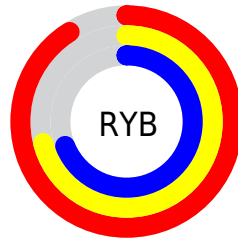
Distribution



Red (91%)

Green (71%)

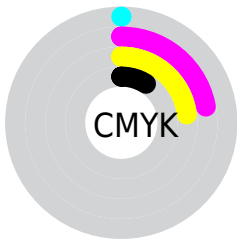
Blue (69%)



Red (91%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (69%)

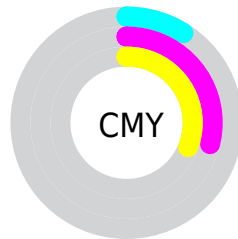


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (9%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 231, 181, 177 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 231, 181, 177 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 231, 181, 177

255, 255, 255

■ 255, 237, 233

■ 231, 181, 177

■ 202, 154, 150

■ 175, 128, 124

■ 147, 103, 100

■ 121, 78, 76


■ 95, 55, 53


■ 70, 33, 32


■ 47, 12, 8


■ 20, 0, 0


■ 0, 0, 0

 231, 181, 177


 231, 181, 177

 231, 160, 154


 231, 202, 200

 231, 138, 131


 231, 224, 223

 231, 117, 108


 231, 245, 246


 231, 95, 85

 231, 255, 255

 231, 74, 62

 231, 53, 38

 231, 31, 15

 231, 17, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



228, 180, 195



231, 181, 177



224, 185, 163

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



231, 181, 177



168, 201, 173



170, 195, 229

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



231, 181, 177



177, 227, 231

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



151, 200, 223



231, 181, 177



151, 203, 190

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



231, 181, 177



189, 197, 160



144, 203, 209



194, 189, 225

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



231, 181, 177



215, 189, 158



144, 203, 209



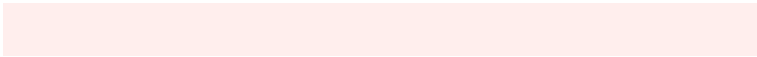
163, 197, 228

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



231, 181, 177



255, 238, 237



231, 177, 227



128, 118, 117



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



231, 181, 177



255, 189, 184



231, 208, 177



115, 104, 103



179, 13, 0



51, 4, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



177, 227, 231



184, 250, 255



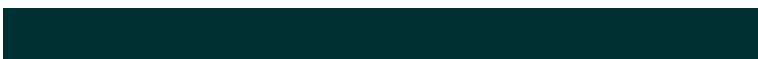
177, 200, 231



103, 114, 115



0, 165, 179



0, 47, 51

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 231, 181, 177 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

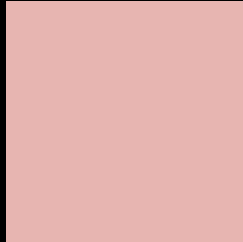
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 231, 181, 177 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 231, 181, 177 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 231, 181, 177.

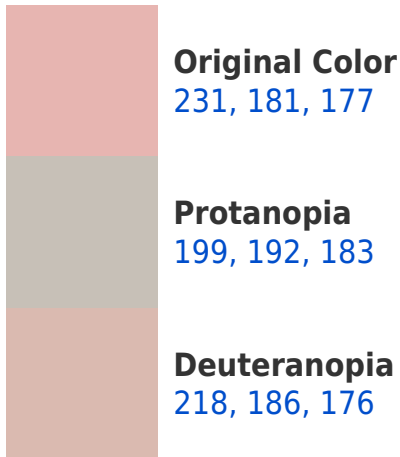


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 231, 181, 177.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

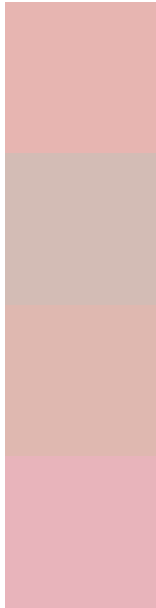
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
233, 179, 192

Trichromacy



Original Color
231, 181, 177

Protanomaly
211, 188, 181

Deuteranomaly
223, 184, 176

Tritanomaly
232, 180, 187

Monochromacy



Original Color
231, 181, 177

Achromatopsia
195, 195, 195

Achromatomaly
208, 190, 188

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 231, 181, 177 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(231, 181, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(231, 181, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(231, 181, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(231, 181, 177) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 231, 181, 177 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(231, 181, 177) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(231, 181, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(231, 181, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(231, 181, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 181, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 181,  
177) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 231, 181, 177 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(231, 181, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(231,  
181, 177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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