

Converting Colors

RGB(231, 206, 196)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(231, 206, 196) contains.

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Color

RGB(231, 206, 196)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E7CEC4
RGB	231, 206, 196
RGB Percent	91%, 81%, 77%
CMY	0.0941, 0.1922, 0.2314
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.15, 0.09
HSL	17°, 42%, 84%
HSV	17°, 15%, 91%
XYZ	64.9901, 65.1171, 61.3681
YIQ	212.3350, 18.1100, 2.1900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

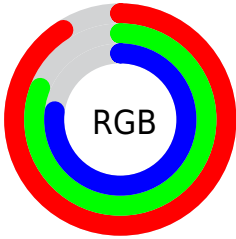
Format	Color
R _Y B	231, 210, 196
Decimal	15191748
CIE Lab	84.54, 7.11, 8.15
CIE LCh	85, 10.816, 48.869
Yxy	65.1171, 0.3394, 0.3401
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293381828 (0xFFE7CEC4)
YUV	212.3350, -8.0532, 16.3692
Hunter-Lab	80.6951, 2.5435, 11.3970

Details

The RGB color **231, 206, 196** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **196, 221, 231**, and the grayscale version is **212, 212, 212**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 253**, and **175, 152, 142** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **231, 190, 173**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **231, 223, 219**.

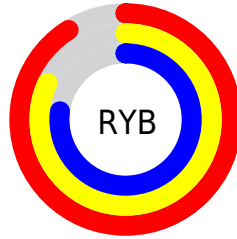
Distribution



Red (91%)

Green (81%)

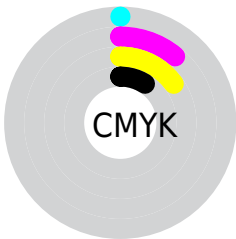
Blue (77%)



Red (91%)

Yellow (82%)

Blue (77%)

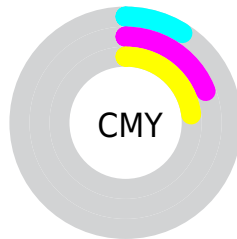


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (9%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (23%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 231, 206, 196 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 231, 206, 196 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 231, 206, 196

255, 255, 255

255, 255, 253

 231, 206, 196


 203, 179, 169

 175, 152, 142


 148, 126, 117

 122, 101, 92

 97, 77, 69

 73, 54, 46


 50, 33, 26

 31, 10, 0


 0, 0, 0

 231, 206, 196


 231, 206, 196

 231, 190, 173


 231, 223, 219


 231, 173, 150


 231, 239, 242

 231, 157, 127

 231, 255, 255


 231, 140, 104

 231, 123, 81

 231, 107, 57

 231, 90, 34

 231, 74, 11

 231, 66, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



233, 204, 205



231, 206, 196



223, 209, 191

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



231, 206, 196



191, 217, 207



208, 210, 230

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



231, 206, 196



196, 221, 231

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



196, 213, 231



231, 206, 196



186, 217, 217

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



231, 206, 196



201, 215, 197



188, 216, 226



221, 206, 224

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



231, 206, 196



216, 211, 191



188, 216, 226



204, 211, 231

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



231, 206, 196



255, 246, 242



231, 196, 221



128, 122, 120



0, 0, 0



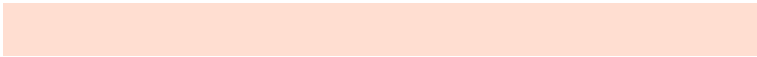
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



231, 206, 196



255, 222, 209



231, 223, 196



115, 107, 103



179, 51, 0



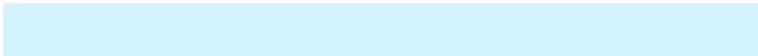
51, 15, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



196, 221, 231



209, 242, 255



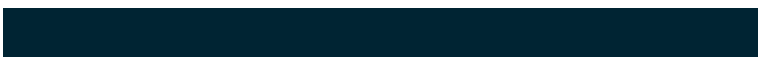
196, 204, 231



103, 111, 115



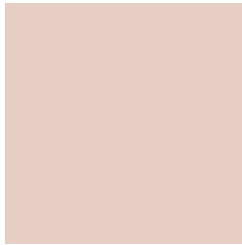
0, 128, 179



0, 36, 51

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 231, 206, 196 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

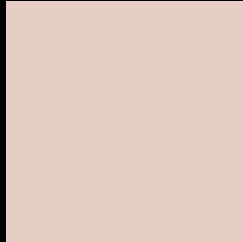
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 231, 206, 196 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

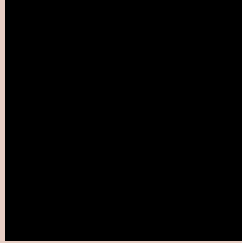
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 231, 206, 196 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 231, 206, 196.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 231, 206, 196.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
231, 206, 196

Protanopia
218, 210, 198

Deuteranopia
237, 204, 196



Tritanopia
234, 203, 218

Trichromacy



Original Color

231, 206, 196

Protanomaly

223, 209, 197

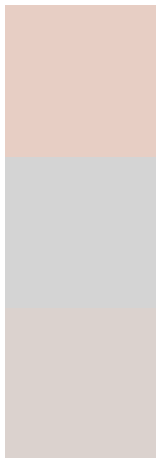
Deuteranomaly

235, 205, 196

Tritanomaly

233, 204, 210

Monochromacy



Original Color

231, 206, 196

Achromatopsia

212, 212, 212

Achromatomaly

219, 210, 206

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 231, 206, 196 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(231, 206, 196)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(231, 206, 196)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(231, 206, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(231, 206, 196) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 231, 206, 196 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(231, 206, 196) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(231, 206, 196) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(231, 206, 196)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 206, 196); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 206, 196); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 206, 196) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 231, 206, 196 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(231, 206, 196) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(231,  
206, 196) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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