

# Converting Colors

RGB(231, 210, 188)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(231, 210, 188) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(231, 210, 188)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E7D2BC
RGB	231, 210, 188
RGB Percent	91%, 82%, 74%
CMY	0.0941, 0.1765, 0.2627
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.19, 0.09
HSL	31°, 47%, 82%
HSV	31°, 19%, 91%
XYZ	65.0787, 66.7130, 57.0238
YIQ	213.7710, 19.5780, -2.3900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

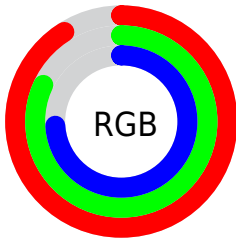
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	229, 231, 188
Decimal	15192764
CIE Lab	85.36, 3.80, 13.55
CIE LCh	85, 14.069, 74.320
Yxy	66.7130, 0.3447, 0.3533
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293382844 (0xFFE7D2BC)
YUV	213.7710, -12.7051, 15.1098
Hunter-Lab	81.6780, -0.7128, 15.7810

# Details

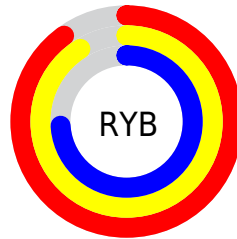
The RGB color **231, 210, 188** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **188, 209, 231**, and the grayscale version is **214, 214, 214**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 244**, and **175, 156, 135** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **231, 199, 165**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **231, 221, 211**.

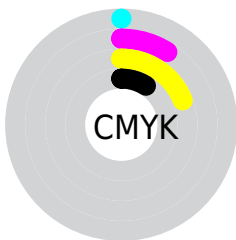
# Distribution



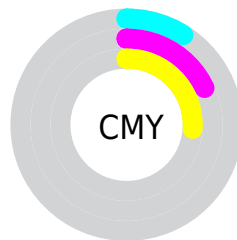
- Red (91%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (26%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 231, 210, 188 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 231, 210, 188 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 231, 210, 188

255, 255, 255

 255, 255, 244

 231, 210, 188


 203, 182, 161

 175, 156, 135

 148, 130, 109

 122, 104, 85

 97, 80, 62

 73, 58, 40


 49, 36, 19


 29, 15, 0


 0, 0, 0

 231, 210, 188


 231, 210, 188

 231, 199, 165


 231, 221, 211

 231, 187, 142


 231, 233, 234


 231, 176, 119


 231, 244, 255

 231, 165, 96


 231, 255, 255

 231, 154, 73

 231, 142, 49

 231, 131, 26

 231, 120, 3

 231, 118, 0

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



240, 206, 195



231, 210, 188



217, 214, 188

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



231, 210, 188



180, 221, 219



224, 208, 232

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



231, 210, 188



188, 209, 231

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



207, 212, 239



231, 210, 188



181, 220, 231

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



231, 210, 188



188, 221, 206



191, 217, 238



236, 205, 221

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



231, 210, 188



207, 217, 191



191, 217, 238



218, 209, 235

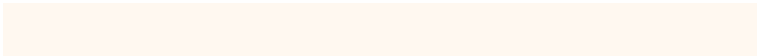


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



231, 210, 188



255, 248, 240



231, 188, 210



128, 123, 119



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



231, 210, 188



255, 228, 199



231, 231, 188



115, 109, 103



179, 91, 0



51, 26, 0

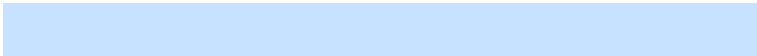


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



188, 209, 231



199, 226, 255



188, 188, 231



103, 109, 115



0, 87, 179

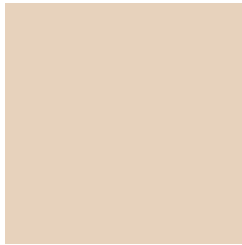


0, 25, 51



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 231, 210, 188 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

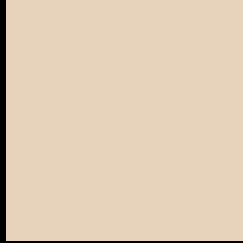
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 231, 210, 188 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

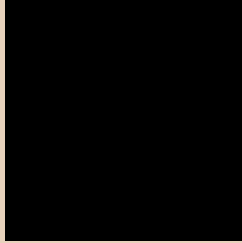
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 231, 210, 188 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 231, 210, 188.

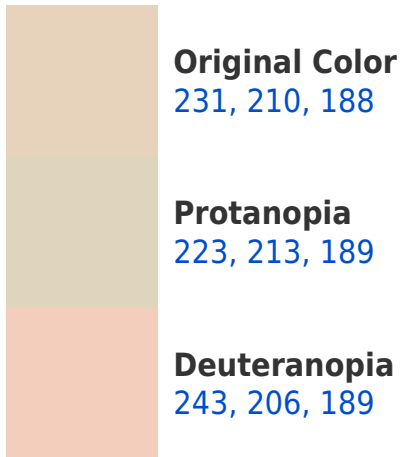


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 231, 210, 188.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
235, 205, 221

# Trichromacy



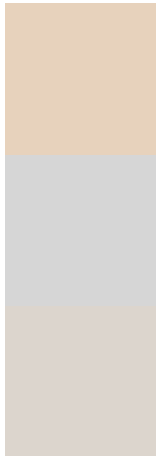
**Original Color**  
231, 210, 188

**Protanomaly**  
226, 212, 189

**Deuteranomaly**  
239, 207, 189

**Tritanomaly**  
234, 207, 209

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
231, 210, 188

**Achromatopsia**  
214, 214, 214

**Achromatomaly**  
220, 213, 205

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 231, 210, 188 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(231, 210, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(231, 210, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(231, 210, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(231, 210, 188) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 231, 210, 188 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(231, 210, 188) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(231, 210, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(231, 210, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(231, 210, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 210, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 210,  
188) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 231, 210, 188 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(231, 210, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(231,  
210, 188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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