

Converting Colors

RGB(232, 105, 85)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(232, 105, 85) contains.

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Color

RGB(232, 105, 85)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E86955
RGB	232, 105, 85
RGB Percent	91%, 41%, 33%
CMY	0.0902, 0.5882, 0.6667
CMYK	0.00, 0.55, 0.63, 0.09
HSL	8°, 76%, 62%
HSV	8°, 63%, 91%
XYZ	39.9700, 27.9148, 11.8758
YIQ	140.6930, 82.1120, 20.7040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

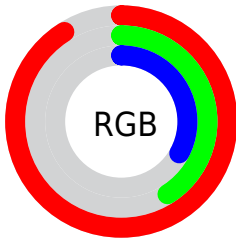
Format	Color
R_{YB}	232, 108, 85
Decimal	15231317
CIE _{Lab}	59.81, 47.83, 35.15
CIE _{LCh}	60, 59.355, 36.316
Yxy	27.9148, 0.5011, 0.3500
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293421397 (0xFFE86955)
YUV	140.6930, -27.4566, 80.0762
Hunter-Lab	52.8345, 42.5772, 23.6573

Details

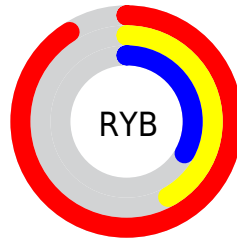
The RGB color **232, 105, 85** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6666**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **85, 212, 232**, and the grayscale version is **141, 141, 141**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 159, 135**, and **170, 51, 39** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **232, 85, 62**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **232, 125, 108**.

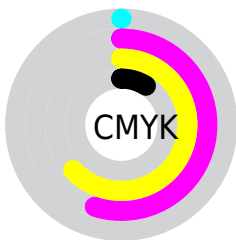
Distribution



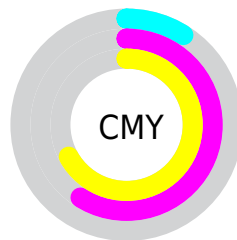
- Red (91%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 232, 105, 85 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 232, 105, 85 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 232, 105, 85  232, 105, 85

255, 255, 255  201, 78, 61

 255, 159, 135  170, 51, 39

 255, 187, 162  140, 21, 17

 255, 216, 189  111, 0, 0

 255, 245, 217  81, 0, 0

 255, 255, 245  55, 0, 2

 10, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 232, 105, 85  232, 105, 85

■ 232, 85, 62

■ 232, 125, 108

■ 232, 65, 39

■ 232, 145, 131

■ 232, 45, 15

■ 232, 165, 155

■ 232, 32, 0

■ 232, 185, 178

■ 232, 205, 201

■ 232, 225, 224

■ 232, 245, 247

■ 232, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



238, 94, 135



232, 105, 85



204, 126, 44

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



232, 105, 85



0, 166, 100



39, 146, 248

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



232, 105, 85



85, 212, 232

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 161, 239



232, 105, 85



0, 169, 154

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



232, 105, 85



106, 158, 53



0, 168, 205



160, 125, 229

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



232, 105, 85



176, 139, 27



0, 168, 205



0, 152, 249

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



232, 105, 85



255, 213, 207



232, 85, 212



128, 102, 98



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



232, 105, 85



255, 88, 61



232, 178, 85



115, 105, 103



179, 24, 0



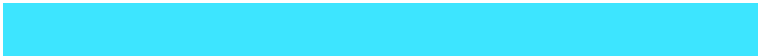
51, 7, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85, 212, 232



61, 229, 255



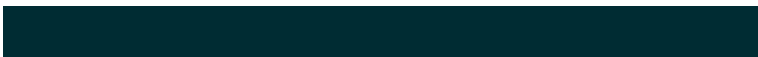
85, 139, 232



103, 113, 115



0, 154, 179



0, 44, 51

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 232, 105, 85 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 232, 105, 85 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 232, 105, 85 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 232, 105, 85.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 232, 105, 85.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
232, 105, 85

Protanopia
156, 144, 100

Deuteranopia
177, 138, 79



Tritanopia
233, 102, 109

Trichromacy



Original Color

232, 105, 85

Protanomaly

184, 130, 95

Deuteranomaly

197, 126, 81

Tritanomaly

233, 103, 100

Monochromacy



Original Color

232, 105, 85

Achromatopsia

141, 141, 141

Achromatomaly

174, 128, 121

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 232, 105, 85 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(232, 105, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(232, 105, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 105, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(232, 105, 85) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 232, 105, 85 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(232, 105, 85) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(232, 105, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(232, 105, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(232, 105, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 105, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 105,  
85) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 232, 105, 85 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(232, 105, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(232,  
105, 85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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