

# Converting Colors

RGB(232, 229, 236)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(232, 229, 236) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(232, 229, 236)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                     |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex         | E8E5EC                    |
| RGB         | 232, 229, 236             |
| RGB Percent | 91%, 90%, 93%             |
| CMY         | 0.0902, 0.1020, 0.0745    |
| CMYK        | 0.02, 0.03, 0.00, 0.07    |
| HSL         | 266°, 16%, 91%            |
| HSV         | 266°, 3%, 93%             |
| XYZ         | 76.4383, 79.2506, 90.6250 |
| YIQ         | 230.6950, -0.4590, 2.8130 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

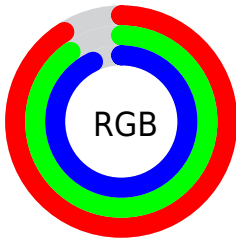
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                                                 |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| <a href="#">RYB</a>                 | <a href="#">232, 229, 236</a>                                |
| Decimal                             | <a href="#">15263212</a>                                     |
| CIELab                              | <a href="#">91.35, 2.27, -3.05</a>                           |
| CIELCh                              | <a href="#">91, 3.800, 306.647</a>                           |
| Yxy                                 | <a href="#">79.2506, 0.3103, 0.3217</a>                      |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | <a href="#">4293453292</a><br>( <a href="#">0xFFE8E5EC</a> ) |
| YUV                                 | <a href="#">230.6950, 2.6154, 1.1445</a>                     |
| Hunter-Lab                          | <a href="#">89.0228, -2.5230, 1.9588</a>                     |

# Details

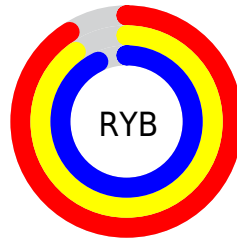
The RGB color **232, 229, 236** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **233, 236, 229**, and the grayscale version is **231, 231, 231**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **176, 174, 180** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **219, 205, 236**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **245, 253, 236**.

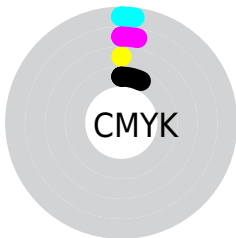
# Distribution



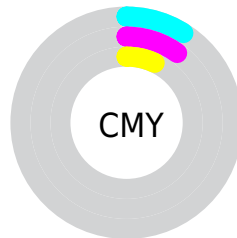
- Red (91%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 232, 229, 236 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 232, 229, 236 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 232, 229, 236

255, 255, 255

■ 232, 229, 236

■ 204, 201, 208

■ 176, 174, 180

■ 150, 147, 153

■ 124, 121, 128

■ 99, 97, 103

■ 75, 73, 79

■ 53, 50, 56

■ 31, 29, 34

■ 7, 3, 12

 232, 229, 236


 232, 229, 236

 219, 205, 236

 245, 253, 236


 205, 182, 236


 255, 255, 236

 192, 158, 236


 178, 135, 236

 165, 111, 236

 151, 87, 236

 138, 64, 236

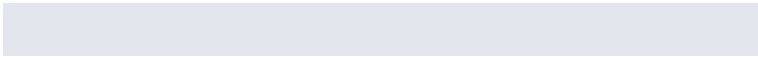
 124, 40, 236

 111, 17, 236

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



228, 230, 237



232, 229, 236



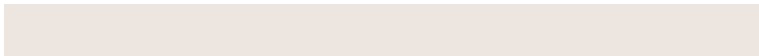
236, 228, 233

# Triad

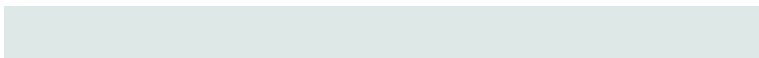
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



232, 229, 236



236, 229, 224



222, 232, 231

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



232, 229, 236



233, 236, 229

# Split Complementary

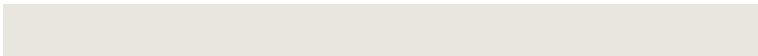
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



224, 232, 227



232, 229, 236



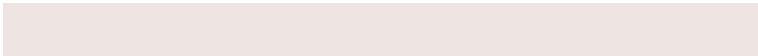
233, 230, 223

# Square

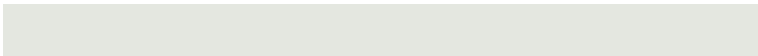
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



232, 229, 236



238, 228, 226



228, 231, 224



222, 232, 234

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



232, 229, 236



238, 228, 231



228, 231, 224



223, 232, 230



# Sweetspot

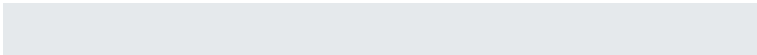
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



232, 229, 236



254, 252, 255



229, 233, 236



127, 126, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



232, 229, 236



249, 245, 255



235, 229, 236



114, 111, 117



78, 0, 181



23, 0, 54



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



236, 229, 233



255, 245, 251



230, 236, 229



117, 111, 115



181, 0, 103

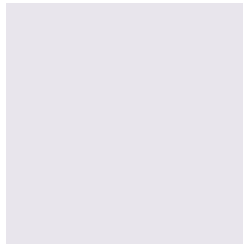


54, 0, 31



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 232, 229, 236 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

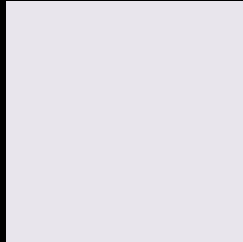
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 232, 229, 236 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

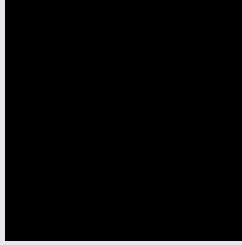
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

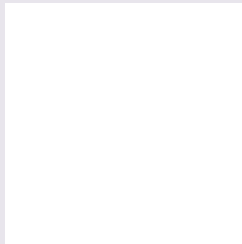
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 232, 229, 236 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 232, 229, 236.

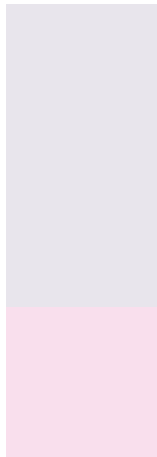


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 232, 229, 236.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
232, 229, 236

**Protanopia**  
232, 229, 236

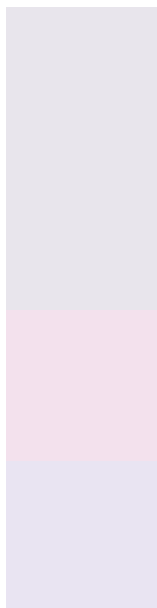
**Deuteranopia**  
249, 223, 237



# Tritanopia

233, 228, 245

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

232, 229, 236

## Protanomaly

232, 229, 236

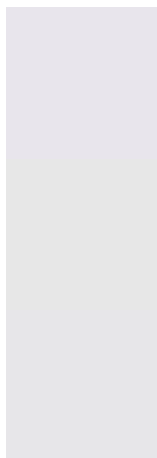
## Deuteranomaly

243, 225, 237

## Tritanomaly

233, 228, 242

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

232, 229, 236

## Achromatopsia

231, 231, 231

## Achromatomaly

231, 230, 233

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 232, 229, 236 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(232, 229, 236) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(232, 229, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 229, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(232, 229, 236) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 232, 229, 236 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(232, 229, 236) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(232, 229, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(232, 229, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(232, 229, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 229, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 229,  
236) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 232, 229, 236 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(232, 229, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(232,  
229, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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