

Converting Colors

RGB(232, 255, 250)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(232, 255, 250) contains.

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Color

RGB(232, 255, 250)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E8FFFA
RGB	232, 255, 250
RGB Percent	91%, 100%, 98%
CMY	0.0902, 0.0000, 0.0196
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.02, 0.00
HSL	167°, 100%, 95%
HSV	167°, 9%, 100%
XYZ	86.2940, 95.5779, 104.3427
YIQ	247.5530, -12.1030, -6.4310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

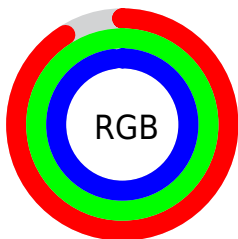
Format	Color
R _Y B	232, 245, 255
Decimal	15269882
CIE Lab	98.26, -8.36, -0.17
CIE LCh	98, 8.366, 181.186
Yxy	95.5779, 0.3015, 0.3339
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293459962 (0xFFE8FFFA)
YUV	247.5530, 1.2064, -13.6400
Hunter-Lab	97.7640, -13.5291, 5.1550

Details

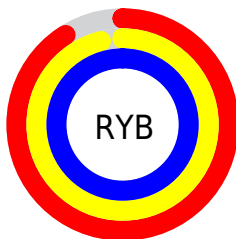
The RGB color `232, 255, 250` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFFFFF`. A complement of this color would be `255, 232, 237`, and the grayscale version is `248, 248, 248`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `255, 255, 255`, and `176, 198, 194` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `207, 255, 244`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `255, 255, 255`.

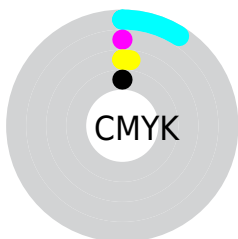
Distribution



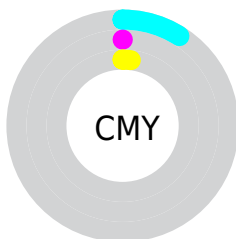
- Red (91%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 232, 255, 250 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 232, 255, 250 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 232, 255, 250

 232, 255, 250


255, 255, 255

 204, 226, 221

 176, 198, 194

 150, 171, 166

 124, 144, 140

 99, 119, 115

 75, 94, 90

 52, 70, 67

 30, 48, 45

 8, 27, 24

232, 255, 250

232, 255, 250

207, 255, 244

255, 255, 255

181, 255, 239

155, 255, 233

130, 255, 228

105, 255, 222

79, 255, 217

54, 255, 211

28, 255, 206

3, 255, 200

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



238, 254, 242



232, 255, 250



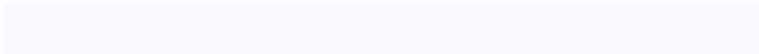
230, 255, 255

Triad

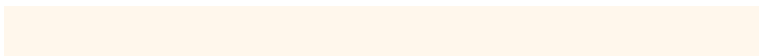
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



232, 255, 250



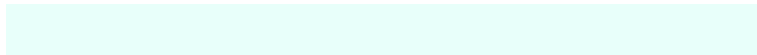
252, 248, 255



255, 247, 236

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



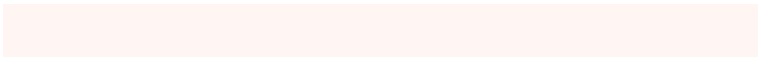
232, 255, 250



255, 232, 237

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 245, 242



232, 255, 250



255, 246, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



232, 255, 250



242, 251, 255



255, 245, 250



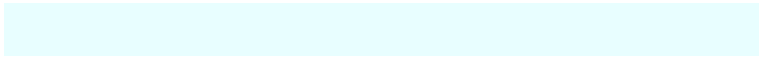
255, 249, 234

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



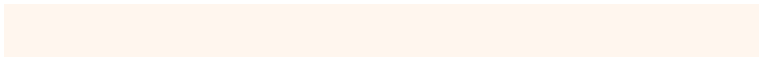
232, 255, 250



232, 254, 255



255, 245, 250



255, 246, 238

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



232, 255, 250



247, 255, 253



237, 255, 232



122, 128, 126



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

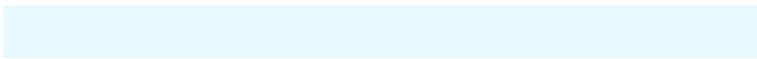
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



232, 255, 250



227, 255, 249



232, 249, 255



115, 128, 125



0, 191, 150



0, 64, 50

Inverse Universe

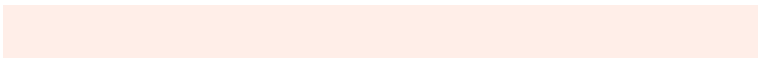
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 232, 237



255, 227, 233



255, 238, 232



128, 115, 118



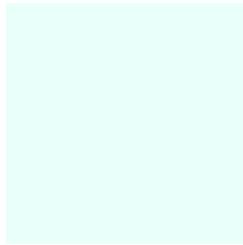
191, 0, 42



64, 0, 14

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 232, 255, 250 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 232, 255, 250 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

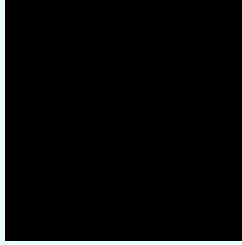
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

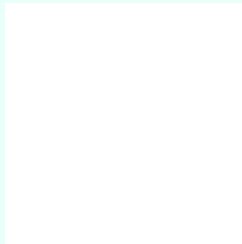
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 232, 255, 250 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 232, 255, 250.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 232, 255, 250.

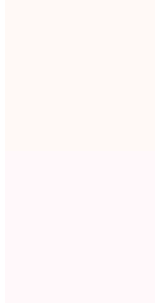
Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
232, 255, 250



Protanopia
255, 249, 246

Deuteranopia
255, 248, 250



Tritanopia

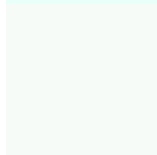
247, 250, 255

Trichromacy



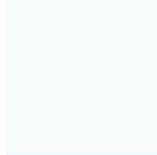
Original Color

232, 255, 250



Protanomaly

247, 251, 247



Deuteranomaly

247, 251, 250



Tritanomaly

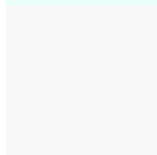
242, 252, 253

Monochromacy



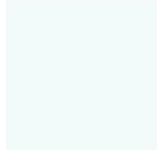
Original Color

232, 255, 250



Achromatopsia

248, 248, 248



Achromatomaly

242, 251, 249

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 232, 255, 250 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(232, 255, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(232, 255, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 255, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(232, 255, 250) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 232, 255, 250 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(232, 255, 250) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(232, 255, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(232, 255, 250)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(232, 255, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 255, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 255,  
250) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 232, 255, 250 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(232, 255, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(232,  
255, 250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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