

Converting Colors

RGB(232, 98, 174)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(232, 98, 174) contains.

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Color

RGB(232, 98, 174)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E862AE
RGB	232, 98, 174
RGB Percent	91%, 38%, 68%
CMY	0.0902, 0.6157, 0.3176
CMYK	0.00, 0.58, 0.25, 0.09
HSL	326°, 74%, 65%
HSV	326°, 58%, 91%
XYZ	45.2864, 28.9472, 43.2449
YIQ	146.7300, 55.4680, 52.0440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

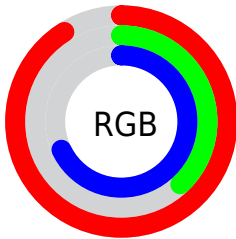
Format	Color
R _{YB}	232, 98, 174
Decimal	15229614
CIE _{Lab}	60.73, 59.77, -14.71
CIE _{LCh}	61, 61.552, 346.172
Y _{xy}	28.9472, 0.3855, 0.2464
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293419694 (0xFFE862AE)
YUV	146.7300, 13.4441, 74.7818
Hunter-Lab	53.8026, 56.0915, -9.9937

Details

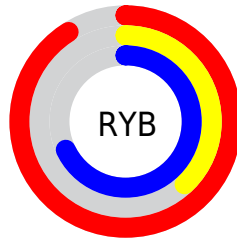
The RGB color **232, 98, 174** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF66CC**. A complement of this color would be **98, 232, 156**, and the grayscale version is **147, 147, 147**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 154, 230**, and **173, 39, 122** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **232, 75, 164**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **232, 121, 184**.

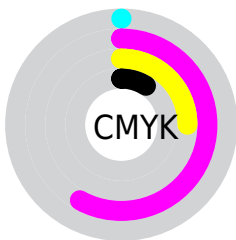
Distribution



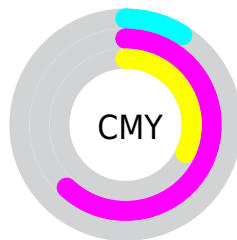
- Red (91%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 232, 98, 174 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 232, 98, 174 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



232, 98, 174



232, 98, 174

255, 255, 255



202, 70, 147



255, 154, 230



173, 39, 122



255, 183, 255



144, 0, 97



255, 211, 255



116, 0, 73



255, 241, 255



88, 0, 50



63, 0, 30



34, 0, 1



0, 0, 0



232, 98, 174



232, 98, 174

■ 232, 75, 164

■ 232, 121, 184

■ 232, 52, 154

■ 232, 144, 194

■ 232, 28, 144

■ 232, 168, 204

■ 232, 5, 134

■ 232, 191, 214

■ 232, 0, 132

■ 232, 214, 224

■ 232, 237, 234

■ 232, 255, 244

■ 232, 255, 254

■ 232, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



186, 119, 222



232, 98, 174



245, 95, 119

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



232, 98, 174



146, 153, 26



0, 169, 224

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



232, 98, 174



98, 232, 156

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 172, 175



232, 98, 174



82, 165, 66

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



232, 98, 174



195, 135, 30



0, 171, 119



0, 160, 252

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



232, 98, 174



238, 105, 85



0, 171, 119



0, 171, 209

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



232, 98, 174



255, 212, 236



154, 98, 232



128, 102, 116



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



232, 98, 174



255, 79, 179



232, 98, 109



115, 103, 110



179, 0, 101



51, 0, 29

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



232, 98, 174



255, 79, 179



98, 232, 221



115, 103, 110



179, 0, 101



51, 0, 29

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 232, 98, 174 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

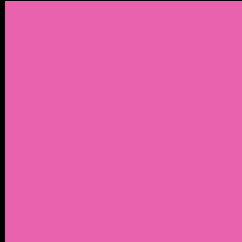
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 232, 98, 174 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 232, 98, 174 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 232, 98, 174.

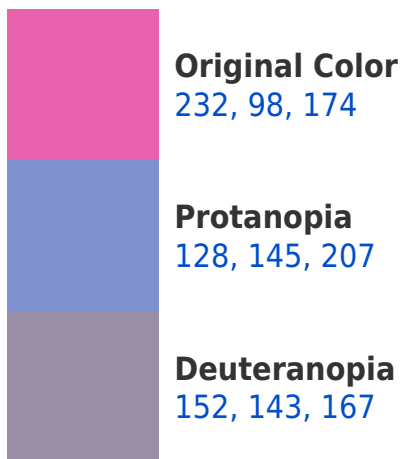



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 232, 98, 174.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
227, 111, 118

Trichromacy



Original Color

232, 98, 174



Protanomaly

166, 128, 195



Deuteranomaly

181, 127, 170



Tritanomaly

229, 106, 138

Monochromacy



Original Color

232, 98, 174



Achromatopsia

147, 147, 147



Achromatomaly

178, 129, 157

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 232, 98, 174 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(232, 98, 174) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(232, 98, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 98, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(232, 98, 174) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 232, 98, 174 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(232, 98, 174) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(232, 98, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 98, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(232, 98, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 98, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 98,  
174) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 232, 98, 174 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(232, 98, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(232, 98,  
174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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