

Converting Colors

RGB(233, 110, 175)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(233, 110, 175) contains.

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Color

RGB(233, 110, 175)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E96EAF
RGB	233, 110, 175
RGB Percent	91%, 43%, 69%
CMY	0.0863, 0.5686, 0.3137
CMYK	0.00, 0.53, 0.25, 0.09
HSL	328°, 74%, 67%
HSV	328°, 53%, 91%
XYZ	46.9181, 31.5706, 44.1783
YIQ	154.1870, 52.4430, 46.2910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

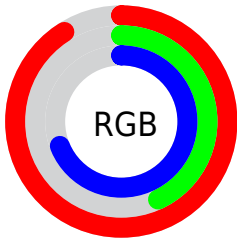
Format	Color
R _Y B	233, 110, 175
Decimal	15298223
CIE Lab	62.99, 54.70, -11.88
CIE LCh	63, 55.974, 347.747
Yxy	31.5706, 0.3825, 0.2574
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293488303 (0xFFE96EAF)
YUV	154.1870, 10.2608, 69.1190
Hunter-Lab	56.1878, 50.7230, -7.2861

Details

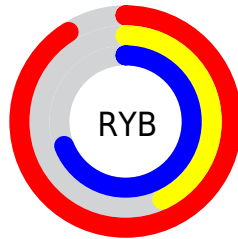
The RGB color **233, 110, 175** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **110, 233, 168**, and the grayscale version is **154, 154, 154**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 165, 231**, and **174, 55, 123** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **233, 87, 164**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **233, 133, 186**.

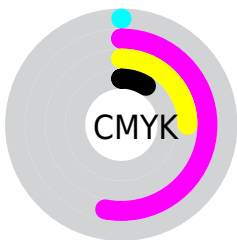
Distribution



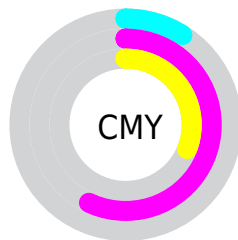
- Red (91%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 233, 110, 175 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 233, 110, 175 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 233, 110, 175


255, 255, 255

 255, 165, 231

 255, 194, 255

 255, 223, 255

 255, 252, 255

 233, 110, 175

 203, 83, 148

 174, 55, 123

 146, 22, 98

 118, 0, 74


 90, 0, 51

 64, 0, 30

 38, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 233, 110, 175

 233, 110, 175

■ 233, 87, 164

■ 233, 133, 186

■ 233, 63, 153

■ 233, 157, 197

■ 233, 40, 142

■ 233, 180, 208

■ 233, 17, 131

■ 233, 203, 219

■ 233, 0, 123

■ 233, 227, 230

■ 233, 250, 241

■ 233, 255, 252

■ 233, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



193, 127, 220



233, 110, 175



244, 109, 125

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



233, 110, 175



151, 159, 50



0, 173, 225

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



233, 110, 175



110, 233, 168

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 177, 181



233, 110, 175



93, 170, 82

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



233, 110, 175



197, 143, 50



0, 175, 130



0, 164, 249

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



233, 110, 175



237, 117, 94



0, 175, 130



0, 175, 212

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



233, 110, 175



255, 214, 236



167, 110, 233



128, 103, 116



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



233, 110, 175



255, 94, 179



233, 110, 114



117, 106, 112



181, 0, 96



54, 0, 28

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



233, 110, 175



255, 94, 179



110, 233, 229



117, 106, 112



181, 0, 96



54, 0, 28

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 233, 110, 175 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

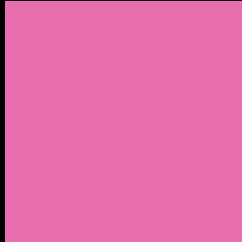
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 233, 110, 175 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 233, 110, 175 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 233, 110, 175.

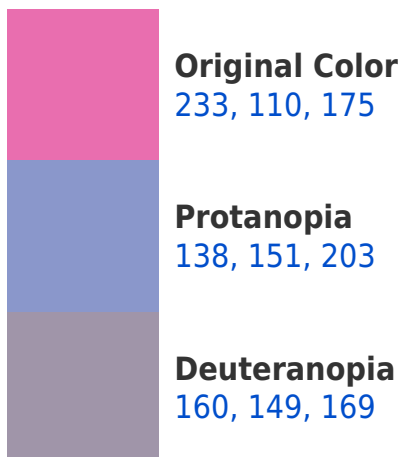


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 233, 110, 175.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
229, 120, 128

Trichromacy



Original Color

233, 110, 175



Protanomaly

173, 136, 193



Deuteranomaly

187, 135, 171



Tritanomaly

230, 116, 145

Monochromacy



Original Color

233, 110, 175



Achromatopsia

154, 154, 154



Achromatomaly

183, 138, 162

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 233, 110, 175 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(233, 110, 175) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 110, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 110, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 110, 175) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 233, 110, 175 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 110, 175) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 110, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(233, 110, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 110, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 110, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 110,  
175) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 233, 110, 175 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 110, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233,  
110, 175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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