

# Converting Colors

RGB(233, 187, 225)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(233, 187, 225) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(233, 187, 225)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E9BBE1
RGB	233, 187, 225
RGB Percent	91%, 73%, 88%
CMY	0.0863, 0.2667, 0.1176
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.03, 0.09
HSL	310°, 51%, 82%
HSV	310°, 20%, 91%
XYZ	64.9652, 58.3005, 79.0633
YIQ	205.0860, 15.2180, 21.5700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

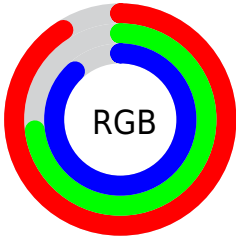
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	233, 187, 225
Decimal	15317985
CIE Lab	80.91, 22.74, -12.68
CIE LCh	81, 26.039, 330.847
Yxy	58.3005, 0.3211, 0.2881
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293508065 (0xFFE9BBE1)
YUV	205.0860, 9.8176, 24.4806
Hunter-Lab	76.3548, 18.2529, -7.9448

# Details

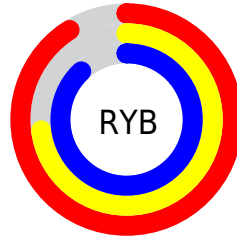
The RGB color **233, 187, 225** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **187, 233, 195**, and the grayscale version is **205, 205, 205**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 243, 255**, and **177, 134, 170** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **233, 164, 221**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **233, 210, 229**.

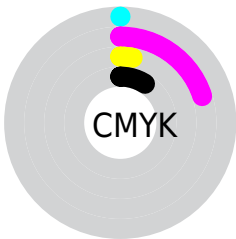
# Distribution



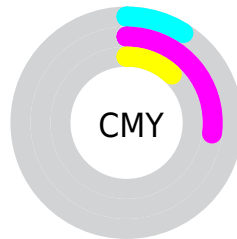
- Red (91%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (12%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 233, 187, 225 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 233, 187, 225 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 233, 187, 225


255, 255, 255

 255, 243, 255

 233, 187, 225


 205, 160, 197


 177, 134, 170

 150, 108, 143

 124, 83, 118

 98, 60, 93

 74, 37, 69

 51, 15, 47

 32, 0, 27

 0, 0, 0

233, 187, 225

233, 187, 225

233, 164, 221

233, 210, 229

233, 140, 217

233, 234, 233

233, 117, 213

233, 255, 237

233, 94, 209

233, 255, 241

233, 70, 205

233, 255, 245

233, 47, 201

233, 255, 249

233, 24, 197

233, 255, 253

233, 1, 193

233, 255, 255

233, 0, 192

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



206, 194, 243



233, 187, 225



248, 183, 201

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



233, 187, 225



218, 199, 152



131, 214, 225

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



233, 187, 225



187, 233, 195

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



141, 215, 201



233, 187, 225



192, 207, 159

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



233, 187, 225



239, 191, 159



164, 212, 176



143, 210, 243

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



233, 187, 225



251, 184, 185



164, 212, 176



132, 215, 217



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



233, 187, 225



255, 240, 252



195, 187, 233



128, 119, 126



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



233, 187, 225



255, 194, 244



233, 187, 202



117, 106, 115



181, 0, 150



54, 0, 44



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



233, 187, 225



255, 194, 244



187, 233, 218



117, 106, 115



181, 0, 150

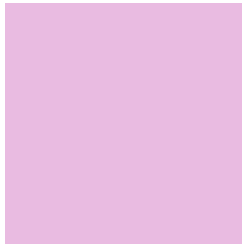


54, 0, 44



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 233, 187, 225 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

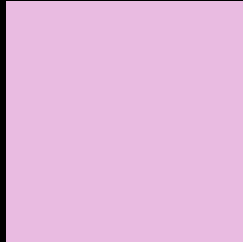
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 233, 187, 225 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

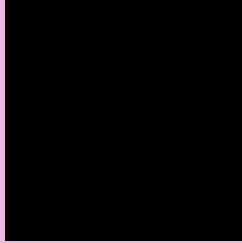
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 233, 187, 225 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 233, 187, 225.

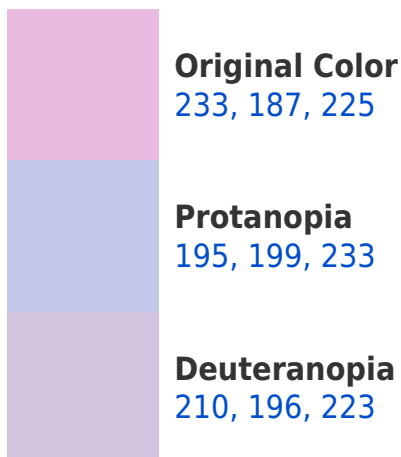



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 233, 187, 225.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
230, 190, 205

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
233, 187, 225

**Protanomaly**  
209, 195, 230

**Deuteranomaly**  
218, 193, 224

**Tritanomaly**  
231, 189, 212

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
233, 187, 225

**Achromatopsia**  
205, 205, 205

**Achromatomaly**  
215, 198, 212

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 233, 187, 225 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(233, 187, 225) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 187, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 187, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 187, 225) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 233, 187, 225 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

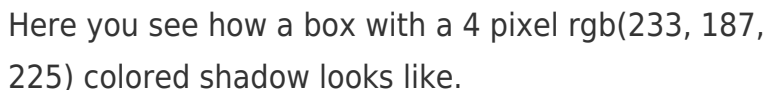
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 187, 225) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 187, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(233, 187, 225)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 187, 225); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 187, 225);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 187,  
225) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 233, 187, 225 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 187, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233,  
187, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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