

Converting Colors

RGB(233, 95, 186)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(233, 95, 186) contains.

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Color

RGB(233, 95, 186)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E95FBA
RGB	233, 95, 186
RGB Percent	91%, 37%, 73%
CMY	0.0863, 0.6275, 0.2706
CMYK	0.00, 0.59, 0.20, 0.09
HSL	320°, 76%, 64%
HSV	320°, 59%, 91%
XYZ	46.5594, 29.0532, 49.6083
YIQ	146.6360, 53.0370, 57.5570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

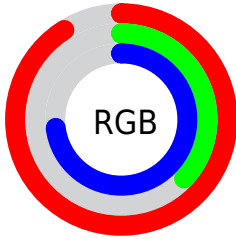
Format	Color
R _Y B	233, 95, 186
Decimal	15294394
CIE Lab	60.83, 62.99, -21.43
CIE LCh	61, 66.537, 341.209
Yxy	29.0532, 0.3718, 0.2320
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293484474 (0xFFE95FBA)
YUV	146.6360, 19.4065, 75.7412
Hunter-Lab	53.9010, 59.8604, -16.8373

Details

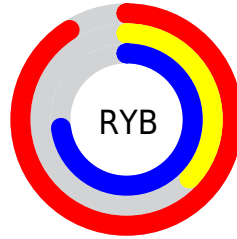
The RGB color **233, 95, 186** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF66CC**. The color can be described as light muted rose. A complement of this color would be **95, 233, 142**, and the grayscale version is **146, 146, 146**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 152, 242**, and **174, 33, 133** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **233, 72, 178**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **233, 118, 194**.

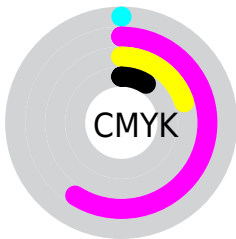
Distribution



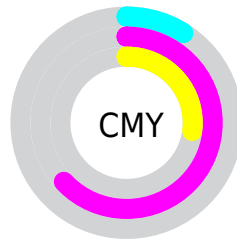
- Red (91%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 233, 95, 186 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 233, 95, 186 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



233, 95, 186



233, 95, 186

255, 255, 255



203, 66, 159



255, 152, 242



174, 33, 133



255, 180, 255



145, 0, 107



255, 209, 255



117, 0, 83



255, 239, 255



89, 0, 60



64, 0, 38



35, 0, 14



0, 0, 0



233, 95, 186



233, 95, 186

■ 233, 72, 178

■ 233, 118, 194

■ 233, 48, 170

■ 233, 142, 202

■ 233, 25, 162

■ 233, 165, 210

■ 233, 2, 154

■ 233, 188, 218

■ 233, 0, 154

■ 233, 212, 226

■ 233, 235, 234

■ 233, 255, 242

■ 233, 255, 249

■ 233, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



177, 121, 236



233, 95, 186



252, 87, 127

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



233, 95, 186



155, 151, 0



0, 172, 223

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



233, 95, 186



95, 233, 142

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 174, 168



233, 95, 186



89, 164, 49

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



233, 95, 186



205, 130, 21



0, 172, 107



0, 163, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



233, 95, 186



247, 97, 89



0, 172, 107



0, 173, 206

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



233, 95, 186



255, 209, 239



141, 95, 233



128, 99, 118



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



233, 95, 186



255, 74, 193



233, 95, 118



117, 106, 113



181, 0, 119



54, 0, 35

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



233, 95, 186



255, 74, 193



95, 233, 210



117, 106, 113



181, 0, 119



54, 0, 35

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 233, 95, 186 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

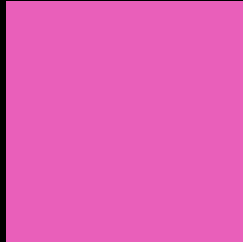
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 233, 95, 186 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

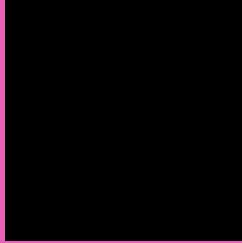
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 233, 95, 186 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 233, 95, 186.

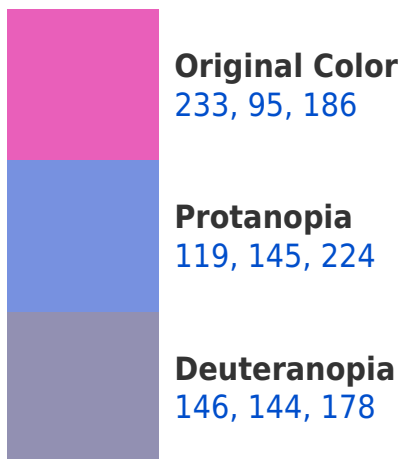


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 233, 95, 186.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
227, 111, 119

Trichromacy



Original Color

233, 95, 186



Protanomaly

160, 127, 210



Deuteranomaly

178, 126, 181



Tritanomaly

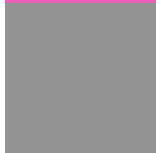
229, 105, 143

Monochromacy



Original Color

233, 95, 186



Achromatopsia

147, 147, 147



Achromatomaly

178, 128, 161

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 233, 95, 186 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(233, 95, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 95, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 95, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 95, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 233, 95, 186 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 95, 186) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 95, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 95, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 95, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 95, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 95,  
186) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 233, 95, 186 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 95, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233, 95,  
186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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