

Converting Colors

RGB(234, 104, 144)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(234, 104, 144) contains.

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Color

RGB(234, 104, 144)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EA6890
RGB	234, 104, 144
RGB Percent	92%, 41%, 56%
CMY	0.0824, 0.5922, 0.4353
CMYK	0.00, 0.56, 0.38, 0.08
HSL	342°, 76%, 66%
HSV	342°, 56%, 92%
XYZ	43.9160, 29.4067, 29.7470
YIQ	147.4300, 64.6400, 40.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

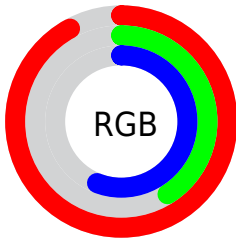
Format	Color
R_{YB}	234, 104, 144
Decimal	15362192
CIE _{Lab}	61.14, 54.05, 3.22
CIE _{LCh}	61, 54.144, 3.413
Yxy	29.4067, 0.4261, 0.2853
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293552272 (0xFFEA6890)
YUV	147.4300, -1.6910, 75.9219
Hunter-Lab	54.2279, 49.6579, 5.4357

Details

The RGB color **234, 104, 144** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6699**. A complement of this color would be **104, 234, 194**, and the grayscale version is **147, 147, 147**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 159, 198**, and **174, 48, 94** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **234, 81, 128**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **234, 127, 160**.

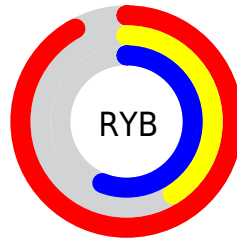
Distribution



Red (92%)

Green (41%)

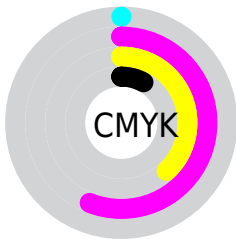
Blue (56%)



Red (92%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (56%)

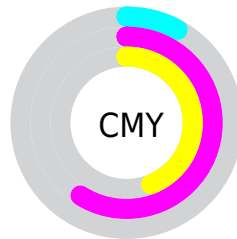


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (38%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (8%)


Magenta (59%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 234, 104, 144 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 234, 104, 144 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 234, 104, 144

 234, 104, 144

255, 255, 255

 204, 77, 118

 255, 159, 198

 174, 48, 94

 255, 188, 226

 145, 10, 70

 255, 216, 254

 116, 0, 48


 255, 246, 255


 88, 0, 28

 63, 0, 2

 29, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 234, 104, 144

 234, 104, 144

■ 234, 81, 128

■ 234, 127, 160

■ 234, 57, 112

■ 234, 151, 176

■ 234, 34, 95

■ 234, 174, 193

■ 234, 10, 79

■ 234, 198, 209

■ 234, 0, 72

■ 234, 221, 225

■ 234, 244, 241

■ 234, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



210, 113, 191



234, 104, 144



231, 112, 98

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



234, 104, 144



119, 160, 63



0, 164, 233

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



234, 104, 144



104, 234, 194

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 170, 199



234, 104, 144



44, 168, 103

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



234, 104, 144



169, 147, 45



0, 171, 152



53, 151, 243

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



234, 104, 144



217, 123, 71



0, 171, 152



0, 166, 224

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



234, 104, 144



255, 212, 225



193, 104, 234



128, 102, 110



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



234, 104, 144



255, 84, 137



234, 128, 104



117, 106, 109



181, 0, 56



54, 0, 16

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



234, 104, 144



255, 84, 137



104, 210, 234



117, 106, 109



181, 0, 56



54, 0, 16

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 234, 104, 144 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

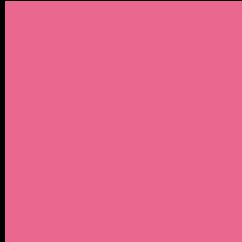
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 234, 104, 144 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 234, 104, 144 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 234, 104, 144.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 234, 104, 144.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
234, 104, 144

Protanopia
144, 147, 169

Deuteranopia
166, 143, 138



Tritanopia
232, 109, 117

Trichromacy



Original Color

234, 104, 144



Protanomaly

177, 131, 160



Deuteranomaly

191, 129, 140



Tritanomaly

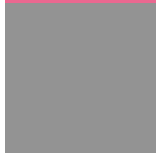
233, 107, 127

Monochromacy



Original Color

234, 104, 144



Achromatopsia

147, 147, 147



Achromatomaly

179, 131, 146

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 234, 104, 144 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(234, 104, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 104, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 104, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 104, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 234, 104, 144 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 104, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 104, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(234, 104, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 104, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 104, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 104,  
144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 234, 104, 144 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 104, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234,  
104, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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