

Converting Colors

RGB(234, 163, 233)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(234, 163, 233) contains.

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Color

RGB(234, 163, 233)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EAA3E9
RGB	234, 163, 233
RGB Percent	92%, 64%, 91%
CMY	0.0824, 0.3608, 0.0863
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	301°, 63%, 78%
HSV	301°, 30%, 92%
XYZ	61.7369, 49.5700, 83.4049
YIQ	192.2090, 19.8460, 36.8220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

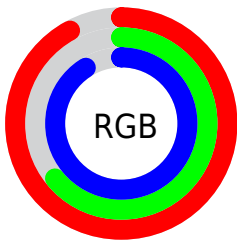
Format	Color
R_{YB}	234, 163, 233
Decimal	15377385
CIE _{Lab}	75.80, 37.31, -24.71
CIE _{LCh}	76, 44.750, 326.481
Yxy	49.5700, 0.3171, 0.2546
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293567465 (0xFFEAA3E9)
YUV	192.2090, 20.1100, 36.6507
Hunter-Lab	70.4060, 33.3108, -20.9524

Details

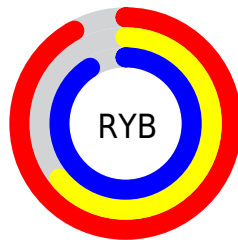
The RGB color **234, 163, 233** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **163, 234, 164**, and the grayscale version is **192, 192, 192**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 219, 255**, and **177, 110, 177** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **234, 140, 233**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **234, 186, 233**.

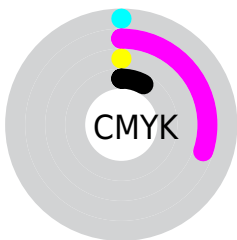
Distribution



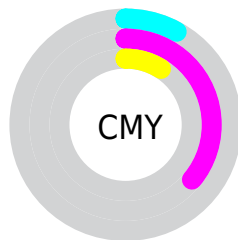
- Red (92%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (8%)




- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 234, 163, 233 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 234, 163, 233 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 234, 163, 233

 234, 163, 233

255, 255, 255

 205, 136, 205

 255, 219, 255

 177, 110, 177

 255, 248, 255


 150, 85, 150

 123, 60, 124


 97, 35, 99


 72, 8, 75


 48, 0, 52


 24, 0, 31


 0, 0, 1

 234, 163, 233

 234, 163, 233

 234, 140, 233


 234, 186, 233

 234, 116, 232

 234, 210, 234

 234, 93, 232


 234, 233, 234

 234, 69, 232

 234, 255, 234

 234, 46, 231

 234, 255, 235

 234, 23, 231

 234, 255, 235

 234, 0, 231

 234, 255, 235

 234, 255, 236

 234, 255, 236

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



184, 178, 255



234, 163, 233



255, 154, 193

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



234, 163, 233



217, 183, 103



0, 208, 222

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



234, 163, 233



163, 234, 164

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62, 208, 180



234, 163, 233



176, 195, 111

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



234, 163, 233



249, 168, 119



127, 204, 140



0, 203, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



234, 163, 233



255, 155, 165



127, 204, 140



0, 209, 209

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



234, 163, 233



255, 232, 255



163, 163, 234



128, 113, 127



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



234, 163, 233



255, 163, 254



234, 163, 198



117, 106, 117



181, 0, 178



54, 0, 53

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



234, 163, 233



255, 163, 254



163, 234, 198



117, 106, 117



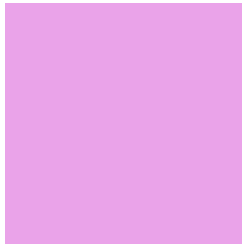
181, 0, 178



54, 0, 53

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 234, 163, 233 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

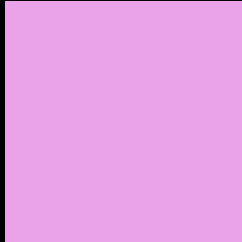
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 234, 163, 233 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 234, 163, 233 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 234, 163, 233.

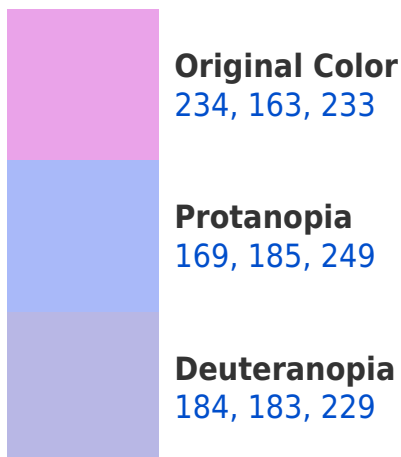


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 234, 163, 233.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
228, 172, 185

Trichromacy



Original Color

234, 163, 233



Protanomaly

193, 177, 243



Deuteranomaly

202, 176, 230



Tritanomaly

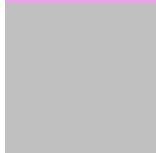
230, 169, 202

Monochromacy



Original Color

234, 163, 233



Achromatopsia

192, 192, 192



Achromatomaly

207, 181, 207

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 234, 163, 233 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(234, 163, 233)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 163, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 163, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 163, 233) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 234, 163, 233 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 163, 233) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 163, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(234, 163, 233)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 163, 233); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 163, 233);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 163,  
233) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 234, 163, 233 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 163, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234,  
163, 233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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