

Converting Colors

RGB(234, 218, 212)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(234, 218, 212) contains.

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Color

RGB(234, 218, 212)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EADAD4
RGB	234, 218, 212
RGB Percent	92%, 85%, 83%
CMY	0.0824, 0.1451, 0.1686
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.09, 0.08
HSL	16°, 34%, 87%
HSV	16°, 9%, 92%
XYZ	70.8868, 72.3887, 72.5236
YIQ	222.1000, 11.4620, 1.5260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

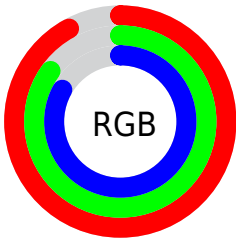
Format	Color
R _Y B	234, 220, 212
Decimal	15391444
CIE Lab	88.16, 4.49, 4.91
CIE LCh	88, 6.654, 47.605
Yxy	72.3887, 0.3285, 0.3354
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293581524 (0xFFEADAD4)
YUV	222.1000, -4.9793, 10.4363
Hunter-Lab	85.0815, -0.1732, 9.0182

Details

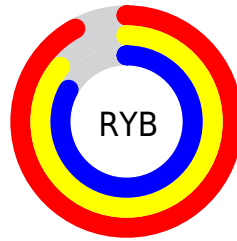
The RGB color **234, 218, 212** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **212, 228, 234**, and the grayscale version is **222, 222, 222**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **178, 163, 157** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **234, 201, 189**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **234, 235, 235**.

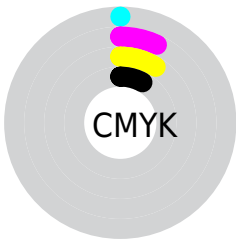
Distribution



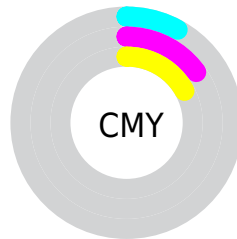
- Red (92%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (17%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 234, 218, 212 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 234, 218, 212 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 234, 218, 212

255, 255, 255

■ 234, 218, 212

■ 206, 190, 184

■ 178, 163, 157

■ 151, 137, 131

■ 125, 112, 106

■ 100, 87, 82

■ 76, 64, 59

■ 53, 42, 37

■ 32, 22, 17


■ 0, 0, 0

 234, 218, 212

 234, 218, 212

 234, 201, 189


 234, 235, 235

 234, 184, 165

 234, 252, 255

 234, 167, 142

 234, 255, 255

 234, 150, 118

 234, 133, 95

 234, 116, 72

 234, 99, 48

 234, 82, 25

 234, 65, 1

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



235, 217, 218



234, 218, 212



229, 220, 209

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



234, 218, 212



209, 225, 218



219, 220, 233

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



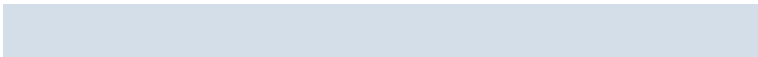
234, 218, 212



212, 228, 234

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



212, 222, 233



234, 218, 212



206, 225, 225

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



234, 218, 212



215, 224, 212



207, 224, 230



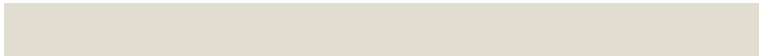
227, 218, 230

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



234, 218, 212



225, 221, 209



207, 224, 230



217, 221, 234

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



234, 218, 212



255, 249, 247



234, 212, 228



128, 124, 122



0, 0, 0



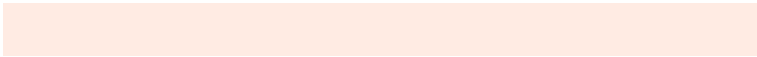
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



234, 218, 212



255, 235, 227



234, 229, 212



117, 109, 106



181, 49, 0



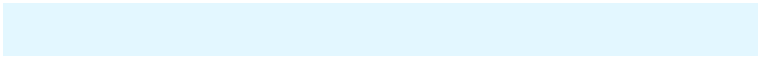
54, 15, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



212, 228, 234



227, 247, 255



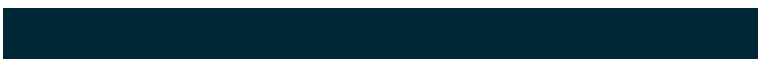
212, 217, 234



106, 114, 117



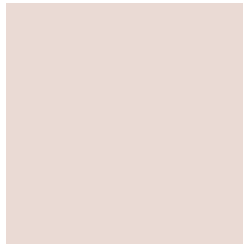
0, 132, 181



0, 39, 54

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 234, 218, 212 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 234, 218, 212 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

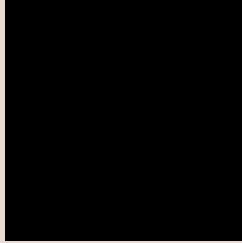
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

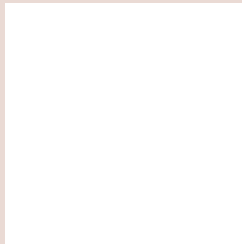
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 234, 218, 212 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 234, 218, 212.



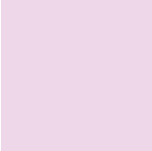
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 234, 218, 212.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
237, 215, 232

Trichromacy



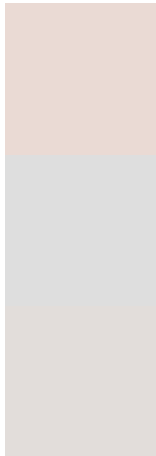
Original Color
234, 218, 212

Protanomaly
230, 219, 213

Deuteranomaly
242, 215, 213

Tritanomaly
236, 216, 225

Monochromacy



Original Color
234, 218, 212

Achromatopsia
222, 222, 222

Achromatomaly
226, 221, 218

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 234, 218, 212 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(234, 218, 212) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 218, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 218, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 218, 212) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 234, 218, 212 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 218, 212) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 218, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(234, 218, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 218, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 218, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 218,  
212) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 234, 218, 212 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 218, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234,  
218, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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