

# Converting Colors

RGB(234, 225, 243)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(234, 225, 243) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(234, 225, 243)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EAE1F3
RGB	234, 225, 243
RGB Percent	92%, 88%, 95%
CMY	0.0824, 0.1176, 0.0471
CMYK	0.04, 0.07, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	270°, 43%, 92%
HSV	270°, 7%, 95%
XYZ	77.0346, 77.8139, 95.7534
YIQ	229.7430, -0.4140, 7.5060

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

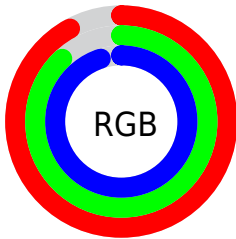
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	234, 225, 243
Decimal	15393267
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	90.69, 6.29, -7.66
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	91, 9.908, 309.385
Yxy	77.8139, 0.3074, 0.3105
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293583347 (0xFFEAE1F3)
YUV	229.7430, 6.5357, 3.7334
Hunter-Lab	88.2122, 1.5104, -2.6102

# Details

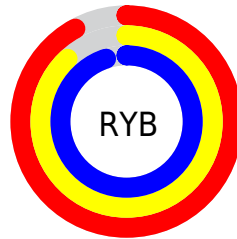
The RGB color **234, 225, 243** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **234, 243, 225**, and the grayscale version is **230, 230, 230**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **178, 170, 187** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **222, 201, 243**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **246, 249, 243**.

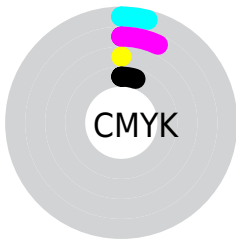
# Distribution



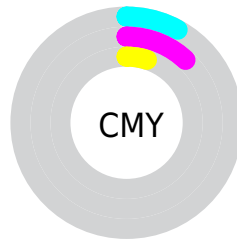
- Red (92%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 234, 225, 243 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 234, 225, 243 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 234, 225, 243

255, 255, 255

■ 234, 225, 243

■ 206, 197, 215

■ 178, 170, 187

■ 152, 143, 160

■ 126, 118, 134

■ 101, 93, 108

■ 77, 69, 84

■ 54, 47, 61

■ 32, 26, 39


■ 10, 0, 19

 234, 225, 243

 234, 225, 243


 222, 201, 243

 246, 249, 243


 210, 176, 243


 255, 255, 243

 198, 152, 243

 185, 128, 243

 173, 103, 243

 161, 79, 243

 149, 55, 243

 137, 31, 243

 125, 6, 243

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



222, 228, 247



234, 225, 243



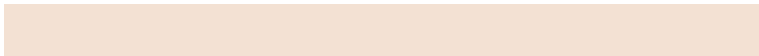
244, 223, 235

# Triad

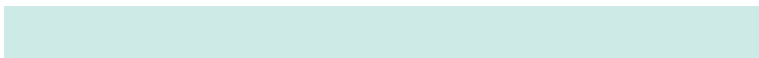
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



234, 225, 243



243, 225, 211



206, 234, 231

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



234, 225, 243



234, 243, 225

# Split Complementary

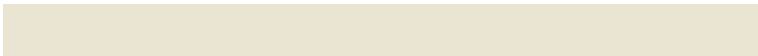
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



212, 233, 221



234, 225, 243



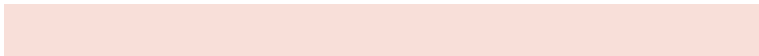
233, 229, 210

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



234, 225, 243



248, 223, 217



222, 231, 214



206, 233, 240

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



234, 225, 243



248, 222, 229



222, 231, 214



207, 234, 228

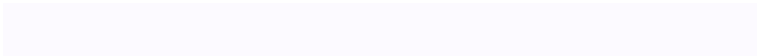


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



234, 225, 243



252, 250, 255



225, 234, 243



126, 125, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



234, 225, 243



244, 232, 255



243, 225, 243



116, 110, 122



93, 0, 186



29, 0, 59



# Inverse Universe

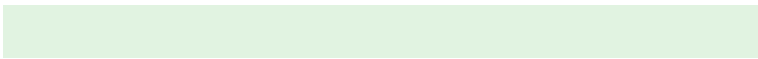
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



243, 225, 234



255, 232, 244



225, 243, 225



122, 110, 116



186, 0, 93

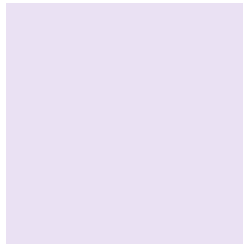


59, 0, 29



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 234, 225, 243 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

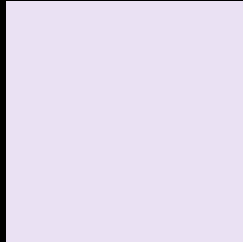
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 234, 225, 243 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

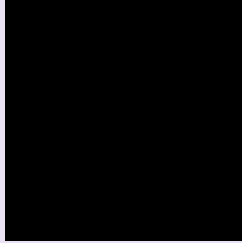
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

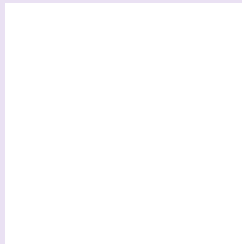
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 234, 225, 243 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 234, 225, 243.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 234, 225, 243.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
234, 225, 243

**Protanopia**  
228, 227, 244

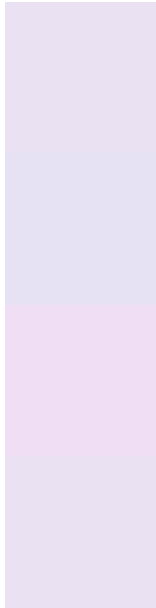
**Deuteranopia**  
243, 222, 244



# Tritanopia

234, 225, 243

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

234, 225, 243

## Protanomaly

230, 226, 244

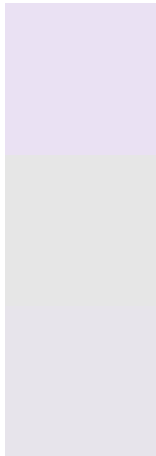
## Deuteranomaly

240, 223, 244

## Tritanomaly

234, 225, 243

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

234, 225, 243

## Achromatopsia

230, 230, 230

## Achromatomaly

231, 228, 235

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 234, 225, 243 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(234, 225, 243) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 225, 243)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 225, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 225, 243) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 234, 225, 243 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 225, 243) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 225, 243) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(234, 225, 243)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 225, 243); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 225, 243);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 225,  
243) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 234, 225, 243 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 225, 243) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234,  
225, 243) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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