

# Converting Colors

RGB(234, 233, 248)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(234, 233, 248) contains.

<b>RGB(234, 233, 248)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**RGB(234, 233, 248)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EAE9F8
RGB	234, 233, 248
RGB Percent	92%, 91%, 97%
CMY	0.0824, 0.0863, 0.0275
CMYK	0.06, 0.06, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	244°, 52%, 94%
HSV	244°, 6%, 97%
XYZ	80.0139, 82.5476, 100.5230
YIQ	235.0090, -4.2190, 4.8770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

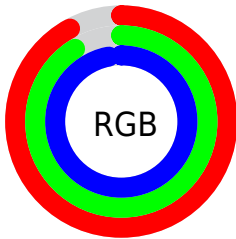
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	234, 233, 248
Decimal	15395320
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	92.82, 3.08, -7.13
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	93, 7.767, 293.349
Yxy	82.5476, 0.3041, 0.3138
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293585400 (0xFFEAE9F8)
YUV	235.0090, 6.4046, -0.8849
Hunter-Lab	90.8557, -1.7979, -1.9997

# Details

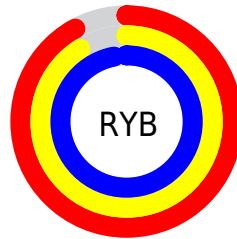
The RGB color `234, 233, 248` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFFFFF`. A complement of this color would be `247, 248, 233`, and the grayscale version is `235, 235, 235`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `255, 255, 255`, and `178, 177, 192` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `211, 208, 248`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `255, 255, 248`.

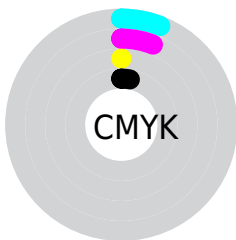
# Distribution



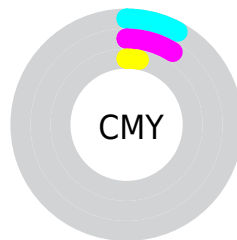
- Red (92%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 234, 233, 248 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 234, 233, 248 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 234, 233, 248

255, 255, 255

■ 234, 233, 248

■ 206, 205, 219

■ 178, 177, 192

■ 152, 151, 165

■ 126, 125, 138

■ 101, 100, 113

■ 77, 76, 88


■ 54, 53, 65

■ 32, 32, 43

■ 10, 9, 23


 234, 233, 248


 234, 233, 248

 211, 208, 248

 255, 255, 248

 188, 183, 248

 165, 159, 248


 141, 134, 248

 118, 109, 248

 95, 84, 248

 72, 59, 248

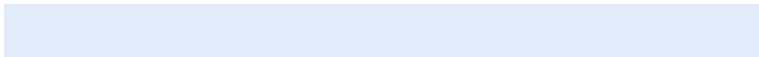
 49, 35, 248

 26, 10, 248

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



225, 235, 249



234, 233, 248



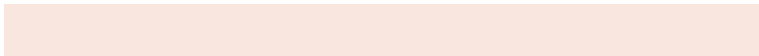
243, 231, 243

# Triad

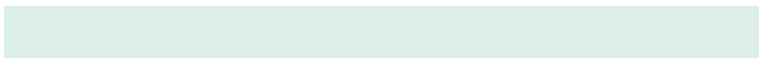
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



234, 233, 248



249, 231, 223



219, 239, 232

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



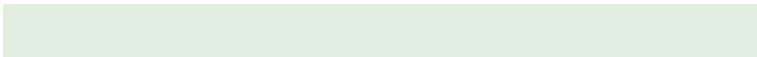
234, 233, 248



247, 248, 233

# Split Complementary

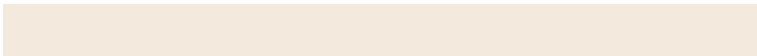
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



226, 238, 225



234, 233, 248



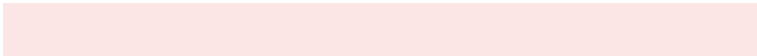
243, 233, 220

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



234, 233, 248



251, 230, 229



234, 236, 221



216, 239, 240

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



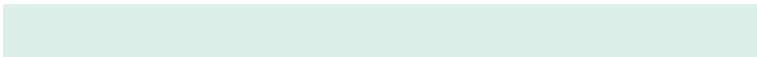
234, 233, 248



247, 230, 239



234, 236, 221



221, 239, 230



# Sweetspot

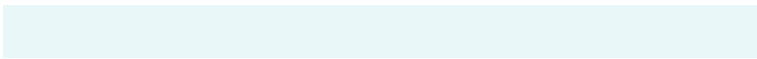
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



234, 233, 248



250, 250, 255



233, 247, 248



125, 125, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



234, 233, 248



238, 237, 255



242, 233, 248



116, 115, 125



13, 0, 189



4, 0, 61



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



248, 233, 247



255, 237, 254



240, 248, 233



125, 115, 124



189, 0, 176

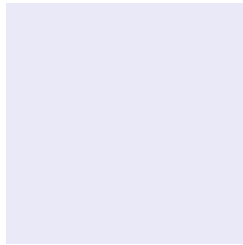


61, 0, 57



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 234, 233, 248 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

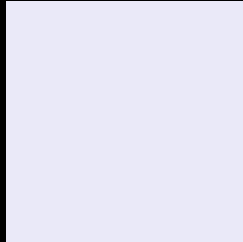
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 234, 233, 248 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

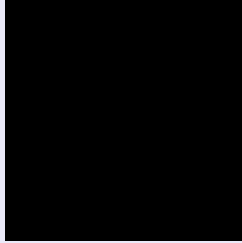
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

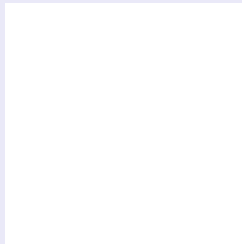
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 234, 233, 248 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 234, 233, 248.

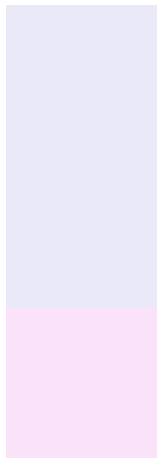


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 234, 233, 248.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
234, 233, 248

**Protanopia**  
234, 233, 248

**Deuteranopia**  
250, 227, 249



**Tritanopia**  
234, 233, 251

# Trichromacy



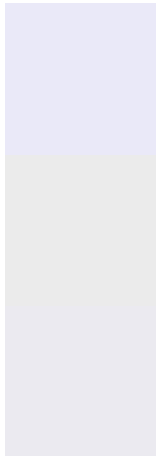
**Original Color**  
234, 233, 248

**Protanomaly**  
234, 233, 248

**Deuteranomaly**  
244, 229, 249

**Tritanomaly**  
234, 233, 250

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
234, 233, 248

**Achromatopsia**  
235, 235, 235

**Achromatomaly**  
235, 234, 240

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 234, 233, 248 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(234, 233, 248) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 233, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 233, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 233, 248) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 234, 233, 248 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 233, 248) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 233, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(234, 233, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 233, 248); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 233, 248);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 233,  
248) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 234, 233, 248 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 233, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234,  
233, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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