

# Converting Colors

RGB(234, 235, 122)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(234, 235, 122) contains.

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# Color

**RGB(234, 235, 122)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EAEB7A
RGB	234, 235, 122
RGB Percent	92%, 92%, 48%
CMY	0.0824, 0.0784, 0.5216
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.48, 0.08
HSL	61°, 74%, 70%
HSV	61°, 48%, 92%
XYZ	67.1529, 78.3142, 29.9892
YIQ	221.8190, 35.6770, -35.3550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

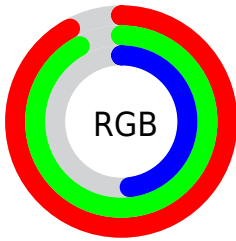
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	122, 235, 123
Decimal	15395706
CIELab	90.92, -15.55, 54.22
CIELCh	91, 56.409, 106.000
Yxy	78.3142, 0.3827, 0.4463
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293585786 (0xFFEAEB7A)
YUV	221.8190, -49.2108, 10.6827
Hunter-Lab	88.4953, -19.4157, 41.8546

# Details

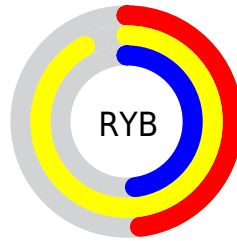
The RGB color **234, 235, 122** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF99**. A complement of this color would be **123, 122, 235**, and the grayscale version is **222, 222, 222**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 177**, and **176, 179, 69** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **234, 235, 98**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **234, 235, 146**.

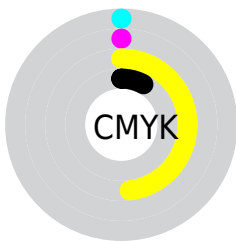
# Distribution



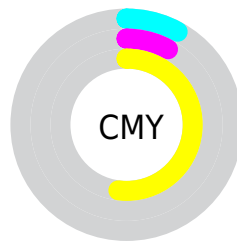
- Red (92%)
- Green (92%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (52%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 234, 235, 122 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 234, 235, 122 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 234, 235, 122

 234, 235, 122


255, 255, 255

 205, 207, 95


 255, 255, 177

 176, 179, 69

 255, 255, 205

 148, 153, 42

 255, 255, 234

 121, 127, 8

 94, 102, 0

 68, 78, 0

 42, 55, 0

 17, 34, 0

 0, 6, 0

 234, 235, 122


 234, 235, 122

 234, 235, 98


 234, 235, 146

 234, 235, 75

 234, 235, 169

 233, 235, 52

 235, 235, 193

 233, 235, 28

 235, 235, 216

 233, 235, 4

 235, 235, 240

 233, 235, 0

 235, 235, 255

 235, 235, 255

 236, 235, 255

 236, 235, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

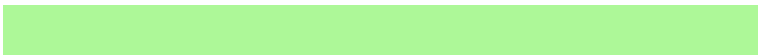
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 217, 123



234, 235, 122



173, 248, 152

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



234, 235, 122



0, 253, 255



255, 188, 255

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



234, 235, 122



123, 122, 235

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 204, 255



234, 235, 122



76, 242, 255

# Square

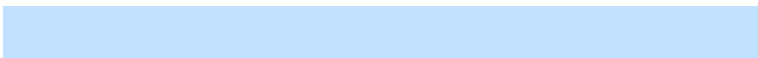
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



234, 235, 122



0, 255, 255



194, 224, 255



255, 186, 202

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



234, 235, 122



124, 254, 183



194, 224, 255



255, 192, 255



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



234, 235, 122



255, 255, 219



235, 122, 122



127, 128, 106



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



234, 235, 122



254, 255, 107



179, 235, 122



117, 117, 106



179, 181, 0



53, 54, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



123, 122, 235



108, 107, 255



179, 122, 235



106, 106, 117



2, 0, 181

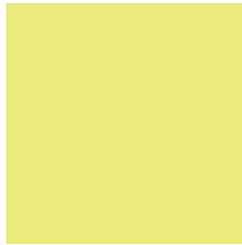


0, 0, 54



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 234, 235, 122 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

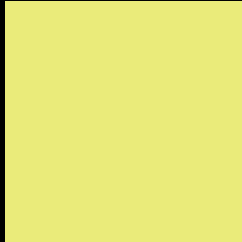
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 234, 235, 122 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 234, 235, 122 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 234, 235, 122.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 234, 235, 122.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
[234](#), [235](#), [122](#)

**Protanopia**  
[252](#), [229](#), [120](#)

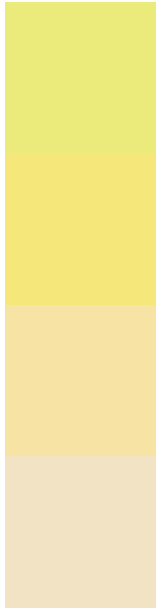
**Deuteranopia**  
[255](#), [224](#), [188](#)



# Tritanopia

247, 222, 239

# Trichromacy



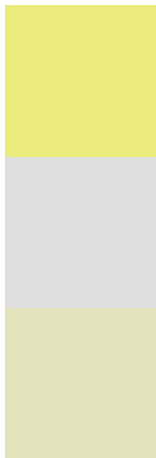
**Original Color**  
234, 235, 122

**Protanomaly**  
245, 231, 121

**Deuteranomaly**  
247, 228, 164

**Tritanomaly**  
242, 227, 196

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
234, 235, 122

**Achromatopsia**  
222, 222, 222

**Achromatomaly**  
226, 227, 186

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 234, 235, 122 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(234, 235, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 235, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 235, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 235, 122) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 234, 235, 122 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 235, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 235, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(234, 235, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 235, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 235, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 235,  
122) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 234, 235, 122 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 235, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234,  
235, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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