

Converting Colors

RGB(234, 239, 206)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(234, 239, 206) contains.

RGB(234, 239, 206)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(234, 239, 206)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EAEFCE
RGB	234, 239, 206
RGB Percent	92%, 94%, 81%
CMY	0.0824, 0.0627, 0.1922
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.14, 0.06
HSL	69°, 51%, 87%
HSV	69°, 14%, 94%
XYZ	75.9388, 83.6817, 70.5423
YIQ	233.7430, 7.6130, -11.3230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

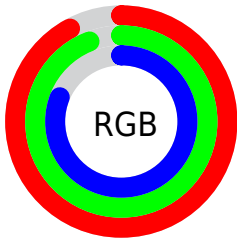
Format	Color
R_{YB}	206, 239, 211
Decimal	15396814
CIE _{Lab}	93.31, -7.21, 15.41
CIE _{LCh}	93, 17.016, 115.088
Yxy	83.6817, 0.3299, 0.3636
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293586894 (0xFFEAEFCE)
YUV	233.7430, -13.6773, 0.2254
Hunter-Lab	91.4777, -11.9070, 18.3134

Details

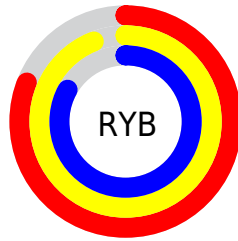
The RGB color `234, 239, 206` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFFCC`. A complement of this color would be `211, 206, 239`, and the grayscale version is `234, 234, 234`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `255, 255, 255`, and `178, 183, 152` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `230, 239, 182`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `238, 239, 230`.

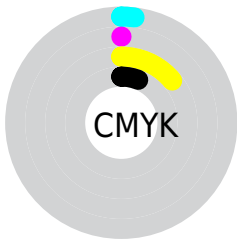
Distribution



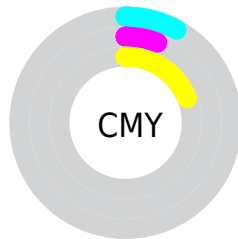
- Red (92%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 234, 239, 206 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 234, 239, 206 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 234, 239, 206

255, 255, 255

■ 234, 239, 206

■ 206, 211, 178

■ 178, 183, 152

■ 151, 156, 126

■ 125, 130, 101

■ 100, 105, 77

■ 76, 81, 54

■ 53, 58, 32

■ 32, 36, 10

■ 0, 16, 0


 234, 239, 206

 234, 239, 206

 230, 239, 182

 238, 239, 230

 227, 239, 158

 241, 239, 254

 223, 239, 134


 245, 239, 255

 220, 239, 110

 248, 239, 255

 216, 239, 86

 252, 239, 255

 212, 239, 63

 255, 239, 255

 209, 239, 39

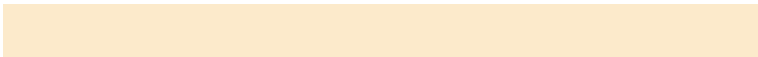
 205, 239, 15

 203, 239, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

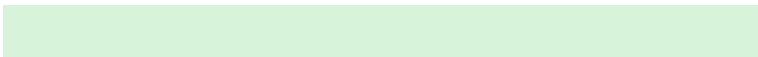
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



252, 234, 203



234, 239, 206



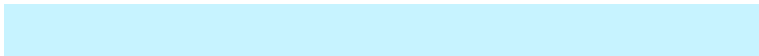
215, 243, 217

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



234, 239, 206



199, 243, 255



255, 225, 239

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



234, 239, 206



211, 206, 239

Split Complementary

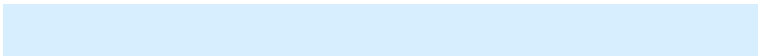
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 228, 255



234, 239, 206



215, 238, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



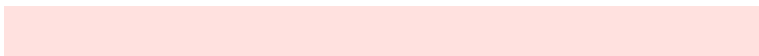
234, 239, 206



194, 245, 249



236, 233, 255



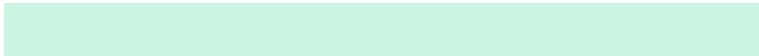
255, 225, 223

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



234, 239, 206



205, 245, 227



236, 233, 255



255, 225, 245

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



234, 239, 206



253, 255, 245



239, 211, 206



127, 128, 121



0, 0, 0



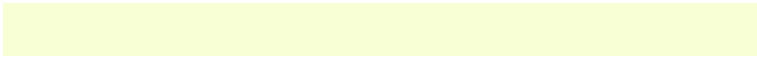
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



234, 239, 206



248, 255, 212



218, 239, 206



118, 120, 108



156, 184, 0



48, 56, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



211, 206, 239



218, 212, 255



227, 206, 239



110, 108, 120



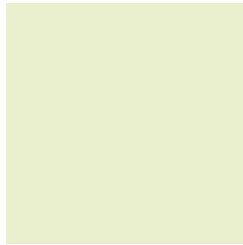
28, 0, 184



9, 0, 56

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 234, 239, 206 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

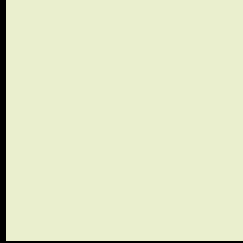
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 234, 239, 206 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

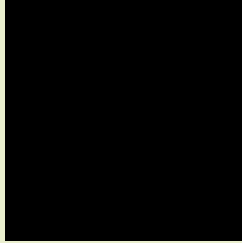
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

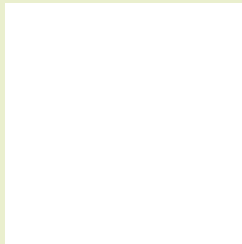
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 234, 239, 206 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 234, 239, 206.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 234, 239, 206.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

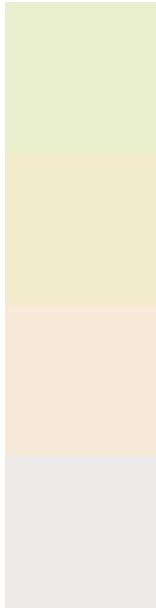
	Original Color 234, 239, 206
	Protanopia 247, 235, 204
	Deuteranopia 255, 231, 221



Tritanopia

240, 233, 251

Trichromacy



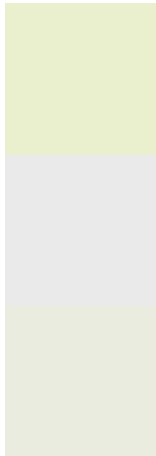
Original Color
234, 239, 206

Protanomaly
242, 236, 205

Deuteranomaly
247, 234, 216

Tritanomaly
238, 235, 235

Monochromacy



Original Color
234, 239, 206

Achromatopsia
234, 234, 234

Achromatomaly
234, 236, 224

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 234, 239, 206 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(234, 239, 206)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 239, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 239, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 239, 206) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 234, 239, 206 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 239, 206) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 239, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(234, 239, 206)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 239, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 239, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 239,  
206) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 234, 239, 206 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 239, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234,  
239, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor