

Converting Colors

RGB(234, 29, 158)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(234, 29, 158) contains.

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Color

RGB(234, 29, 158)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EA1D9E
RGB	234, 29, 158
RGB Percent	92%, 11%, 62%
CMY	0.0824, 0.8863, 0.3804
CMYK	0.00, 0.88, 0.32, 0.08
HSL	322°, 83%, 52%
HSV	322°, 88%, 92%
XYZ	40.5426, 20.8398, 34.2334
YIQ	105.0010, 80.7710, 83.5790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

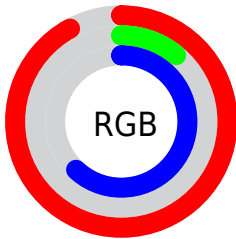
Format	Color
R_{YB}	234, 29, 158
Decimal	15343006
CIE _{Lab}	52.77, 79.94, -17.42
CIE _{LCh}	53, 81.819, 347.707
Yxy	20.8398, 0.4240, 0.2180
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293533086 (0xFFEA1D9E)
YUV	105.0010, 26.1285, 113.1321
Hunter-Lab	45.6506, 78.6385, -12.5062

Details

The RGB color **234, 29, 158** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0099**. The color can be described as middle washed rose. A complement of this color would be **29, 234, 105**, and the grayscale version is **105, 105, 105**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 104, 213**, and **173, 0, 107** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **234, 6, 149**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **234, 52, 167**.

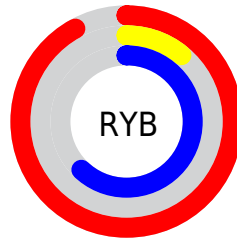
Distribution



Red (92%)

Green (11%)

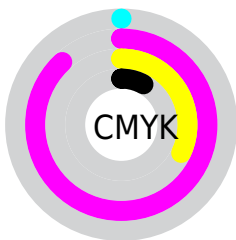
Blue (62%)



Red (92%)

Yellow (11%)

Blue (62%)

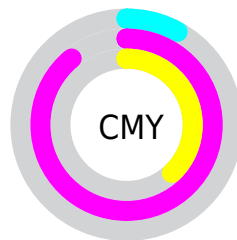


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (88%)

Yellow (32%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (8%)

Magenta (89%)

Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 234, 29, 158 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 234, 29, 158 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 234, 29, 158

 234, 29, 158

255, 255, 255

 203, 0, 132

 255, 104, 213

 173, 0, 107

 255, 135, 241

 143, 0, 82

 255, 165, 255

 113, 0, 59

 255, 195, 255

 84, 0, 37

 255, 226, 255

 55, 0, 14

 14, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 234, 29, 158

 234, 29, 158

■ 234, 6, 149

■ 234, 52, 167

■ 234, 0, 147

■ 234, 76, 175

■ 234, 99, 184

■ 234, 123, 193

■ 234, 146, 201

■ 234, 169, 210

■ 234, 193, 219

■ 234, 216, 227

■ 234, 240, 236

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



178, 82, 222



234, 29, 158



245, 24, 88

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



234, 29, 158



114, 135, 0



0, 153, 230

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



234, 29, 158



29, 234, 105

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 156, 167



234, 29, 158



0, 148, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



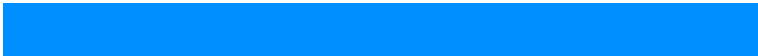
234, 29, 158



177, 112, 0



0, 154, 93



0, 143, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



234, 29, 158



233, 60, 43



0, 154, 93



0, 155, 211

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



234, 29, 158



255, 189, 230



104, 29, 234



128, 88, 113



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



234, 29, 158



255, 0, 160



234, 29, 56



117, 106, 113



181, 0, 114



54, 0, 34

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



234, 29, 158



255, 0, 160



29, 234, 207



117, 106, 113



181, 0, 114



54, 0, 34

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 234, 29, 158 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

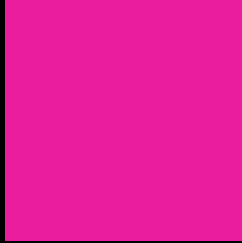
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 234, 29, 158 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 234, 29, 158 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 234, 29, 158.

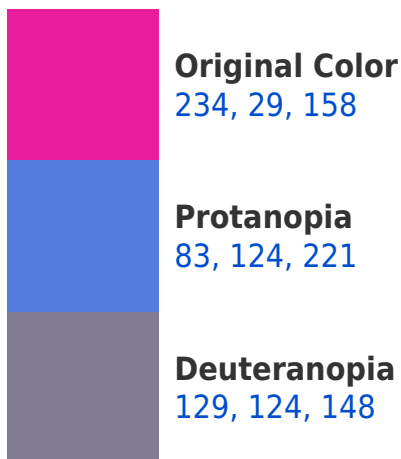


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 234, 29, 158.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
228, 67, 70

Trichromacy



Original Color

234, 29, 158



Protanomaly

138, 89, 198



Deuteranomaly

167, 89, 152



Tritanomaly

230, 53, 102

Monochromacy



Original Color

234, 29, 158



Achromatopsia

105, 105, 105



Achromatomaly

152, 77, 124

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 234, 29, 158 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(234, 29, 158) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 29, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 29, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 29, 158) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 234, 29, 158 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 29, 158) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 29, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(234, 29, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 29, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 29, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 29,  
158) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 234, 29, 158 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 29, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234, 29,  
158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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