

Converting Colors

RGB(235, 101, 183)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(235, 101, 183) contains.

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Color

RGB(235, 101, 183)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EB65B7
RGB	235, 101, 183
RGB Percent	92%, 40%, 72%
CMY	0.0784, 0.6039, 0.2824
CMYK	0.00, 0.57, 0.22, 0.08
HSL	323°, 77%, 66%
HSV	323°, 57%, 92%
XYZ	47.4619, 30.3884, 48.1638
YIQ	150.4140, 53.5420, 53.9100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

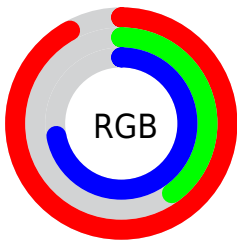
Format	Color
RYB	235, 101, 183
Decimal	15426999
CIELab	61.99, 60.52, -17.93
CIElCh	62, 63.123, 343.502
Yxy	30.3884, 0.3766, 0.2412
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293617079 (0xFFEB65B7)
YUV	150.4140, 16.0649, 74.1819
Hunter-Lab	55.1257, 57.2141, -13.2142

Details

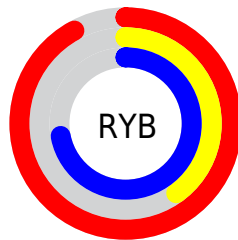
The RGB color **235, 101, 183** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF66CC**. A complement of this color would be **101, 235, 153**, and the grayscale version is **150, 150, 150**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 157, 239**, and **176, 42, 130** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **235, 78, 174**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **235, 125, 192**.

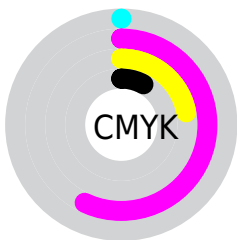
Distribution



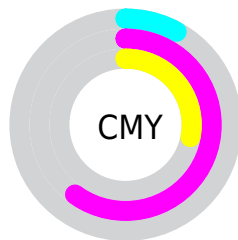
- Red (92%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 235, 101, 183 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 235, 101, 183 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 235, 101, 183

255, 255, 255


 255, 157, 239

 255, 186, 255

 255, 215, 255

 255, 244, 255

 235, 101, 183

 205, 73, 156

 176, 42, 130

 147, 0, 105

 119, 0, 80

 91, 0, 57

 65, 0, 36

 38, 0, 11

 0, 0, 0

 235, 101, 183

 235, 101, 183

■ 235, 78, 174

■ 235, 125, 192

■ 235, 54, 165

■ 235, 148, 201

■ 235, 31, 156

■ 235, 172, 210

■ 235, 7, 147

■ 235, 195, 219

■ 235, 0, 144

■ 235, 219, 229

■ 235, 242, 238

■ 235, 255, 247

■ 235, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



185, 124, 232



235, 101, 183



251, 96, 127

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



235, 101, 183



154, 155, 22



0, 174, 226

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



235, 101, 183



101, 235, 153

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 176, 174



235, 101, 183



91, 168, 63

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



235, 101, 183



203, 136, 33



0, 174, 116



0, 165, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



235, 101, 183



245, 105, 91



0, 174, 116



0, 175, 210

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



235, 101, 183



255, 212, 238



152, 101, 235



128, 102, 118



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



235, 101, 183



255, 82, 188



235, 101, 117



117, 106, 113



181, 0, 111



54, 0, 33

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



235, 101, 183



255, 82, 188



101, 235, 219



117, 106, 113



181, 0, 111



54, 0, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 235, 101, 183 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

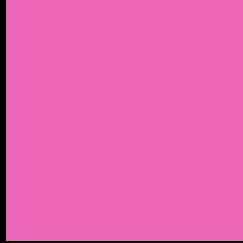
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 235, 101, 183 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 235, 101, 183 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 235, 101, 183.

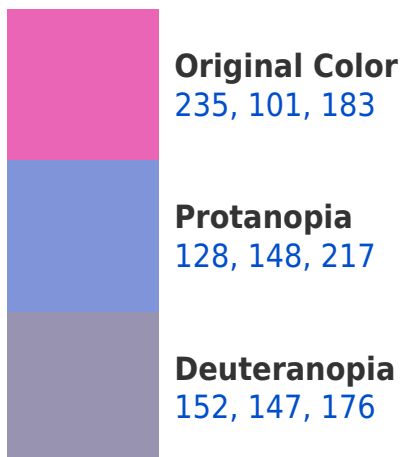



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 235, 101, 183.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
229, 115, 123

Trichromacy



Original Color

235, 101, 183



Protanomaly

167, 131, 205



Deuteranomaly

182, 130, 179



Tritanomaly

231, 110, 145

Monochromacy



Original Color

235, 101, 183



Achromatopsia

150, 150, 150



Achromatomaly

181, 132, 162

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 235, 101, 183 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 101, 183)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 101, 183)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 101, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 101, 183) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 235, 101, 183 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 101, 183) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 101, 183) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 101, 183)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 101, 183); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 101, 183);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 101,  
183) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 235, 101, 183 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 101, 183) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
101, 183) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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