

Converting Colors

RGB(235, 129, 188)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(235, 129, 188) contains.

RGB(235, 129, 188)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(235, 129, 188)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EB81BC
RGB	235, 129, 188
RGB Percent	92%, 51%, 74%
CMY	0.0784, 0.4941, 0.2627
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.20, 0.08
HSL	327°, 73%, 71%
HSV	327°, 45%, 92%
XYZ	51.1883, 36.9935, 52.0195
YIQ	167.4200, 44.2370, 40.8210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

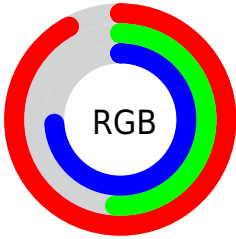
Format	Color
R _Y B	235, 129, 188
Decimal	15434172
CIE Lab	67.27, 47.87, -12.78
CIE LCh	67, 49.544, 345.054
Yxy	36.9935, 0.3651, 0.2639
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293624252 (0xFFEB81BC)
YUV	167.4200, 10.1459, 59.2677
Hunter-Lab	60.8223, 43.7873, -8.1334

Details

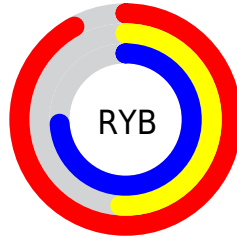
The RGB color **235, 129, 188** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **129, 235, 176**, and the grayscale version is **167, 167, 167**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 184, 244**, and **177, 76, 135** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **235, 106, 178**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **235, 153, 198**.

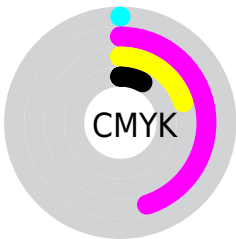
Distribution



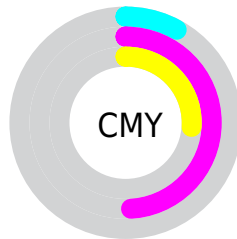
- Red (92%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 235, 129, 188 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 235, 129, 188 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 235, 129, 188

 235, 129, 188

255, 255, 255

 206, 102, 161


 255, 184, 244

 177, 76, 135

 255, 213, 255

 149, 49, 109

 255, 242, 255

 121, 18, 85

 94, 0, 62

 68, 0, 40

 45, 0, 19

 0, 0, 0

 235, 129, 188

 235, 129, 188

■ 235, 106, 178

■ 235, 153, 198

■ 235, 82, 167

■ 235, 176, 209

■ 235, 58, 157

■ 235, 200, 219

■ 235, 35, 146

■ 235, 223, 230

■ 235, 12, 136

■ 235, 247, 240

■ 235, 0, 131

■ 235, 255, 251

■ 235, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



196, 143, 227



235, 129, 188



248, 127, 143

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



235, 129, 188



168, 168, 74



0, 183, 226

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



235, 129, 188



129, 235, 176

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 186, 186



235, 129, 188



118, 179, 98

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



235, 129, 188



209, 153, 76



40, 185, 139



0, 175, 249

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



235, 129, 188



243, 133, 115



40, 185, 139



0, 185, 214

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



235, 129, 188



255, 219, 239



175, 129, 235



128, 106, 118



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



235, 129, 188



255, 117, 194



235, 129, 136



117, 106, 112



181, 0, 101



54, 0, 30

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



235, 129, 188



255, 117, 194



129, 235, 228



117, 106, 112



181, 0, 101



54, 0, 30

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 235, 129, 188 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

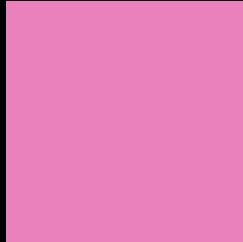
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 235, 129, 188 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 235, 129, 188 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 235, 129, 188.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 235, 129, 188.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
235, 129, 188

Protanopia
152, 162, 211

Deuteranopia
172, 160, 183



Tritanopia
231, 137, 147

Trichromacy



Original Color

235, 129, 188



Protanomaly

182, 150, 203



Deuteranomaly

195, 149, 185



Tritanomaly

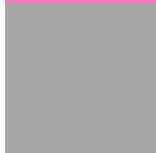
232, 134, 162

Monochromacy



Original Color

235, 129, 188



Achromatopsia

167, 167, 167



Achromatomaly

192, 153, 175

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 235, 129, 188 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 129, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 129, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 129, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 129, 188) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 235, 129, 188 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 129, 188) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 129, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 129, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 129, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 129, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 129,  
188) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 235, 129, 188 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 129, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
129, 188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor