

Converting Colors

RGB(235, 157, 248)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(235, 157, 248) contains.

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Color

RGB(235, 157, 248)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EB9DF8
RGB	235, 157, 248
RGB Percent	92%, 62%, 97%
CMY	0.0784, 0.3843, 0.0275
CMYK	0.05, 0.37, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	291°, 87%, 79%
HSV	291°, 37%, 97%
XYZ	63.2612, 48.5534, 94.8445
YIQ	190.6960, 17.2770, 44.8370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

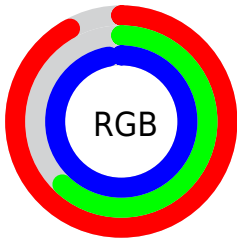
Format	Color
R_{YB}	235, 157, 248
Decimal	15441400
CIE _{Lab}	75.17, 43.57, -33.81
CIE _{LCh}	75, 55.148, 322.185
Yxy	48.5534, 0.3061, 0.2349
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293631480 (0xFFEB9DF8)
YUV	190.6960, 28.2509, 38.8546
Hunter-Lab	69.6803, 40.1157, -31.9256

Details

The RGB color **235, 157, 248** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99FF**. A complement of this color would be **170, 248, 157**, and the grayscale version is **190, 190, 190**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 213, 255**, and **178, 104, 191** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **231, 132, 248**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **239, 182, 248**.

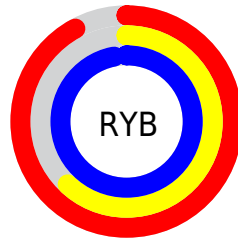
Distribution



Red (92%)

Green (62%)

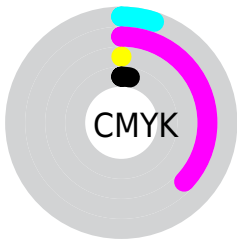
Blue (97%)



Red (92%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (97%)

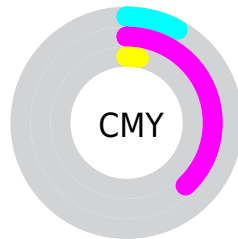


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (3%)



Cyan (8%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (3%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 235, 157, 248 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 235, 157, 248 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 235, 157, 248

 235, 157, 248


255, 255, 255


 206, 130, 219

 255, 213, 255


 178, 104, 191

 255, 242, 255

 150, 78, 164

 123, 53, 137

 97, 27, 112

 71, 0, 87

 47, 0, 63

 22, 0, 41

 0, 1, 18

■ 235, 157, 248

■ 235, 157, 248

■ 231, 132, 248

■ 239, 182, 248

■ 228, 107, 248

■ 242, 207, 248

■ 224, 83, 248

■ 246, 231, 248

■ 221, 58, 248

■ 249, 255, 248

■ 217, 33, 248

■ 253, 255, 248

■ 214, 8, 248

■ 255, 255, 248

■ 213, 0, 248

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



167, 177, 255



235, 157, 248



255, 143, 201

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



235, 157, 248



226, 178, 82



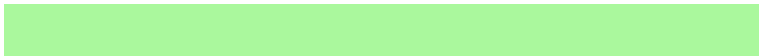
0, 211, 222

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



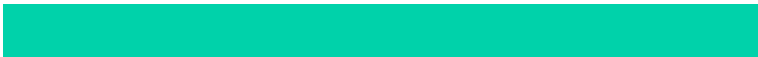
235, 157, 248



170, 248, 157

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 210, 170



235, 157, 248



178, 194, 87

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



235, 157, 248



255, 159, 106



117, 204, 120



0, 206, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



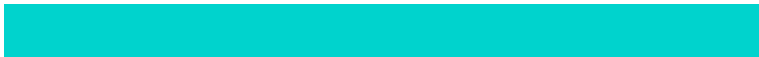
235, 157, 248



255, 142, 166



117, 204, 120



0, 211, 205

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



235, 157, 248



251, 227, 255



157, 171, 248



125, 111, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



235, 157, 248



239, 143, 255



248, 157, 216



123, 112, 125



162, 0, 189



52, 0, 61

Inverse Universe

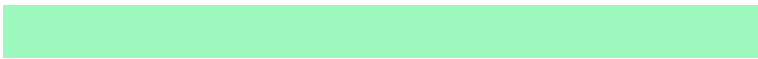
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



248, 157, 170



255, 143, 159



157, 248, 189



125, 112, 114



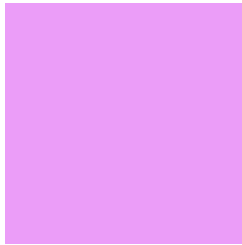
189, 0, 27



61, 0, 9

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 235, 157, 248 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

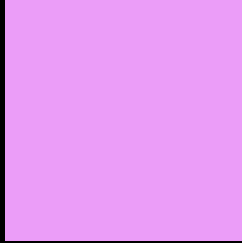
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 235, 157, 248 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 235, 157, 248 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 235, 157, 248.

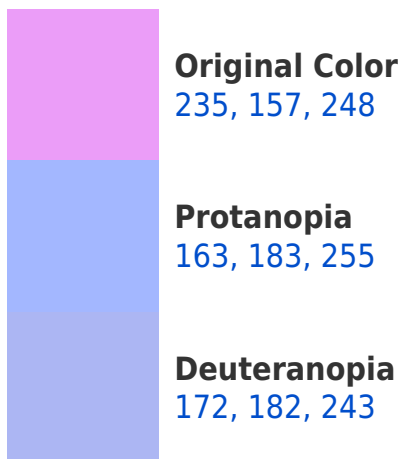


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 235, 157, 248.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
226, 170, 183

Trichromacy



Original Color

235, 157, 248



Protanomaly

189, 174, 252



Deuteranomaly

195, 173, 245



Tritanomaly

229, 165, 207

Monochromacy



Original Color

235, 157, 248



Achromatopsia

191, 191, 191



Achromatomaly

207, 179, 212

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 235, 157, 248 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 157, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 157, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 157, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 157, 248) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 235, 157, 248 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

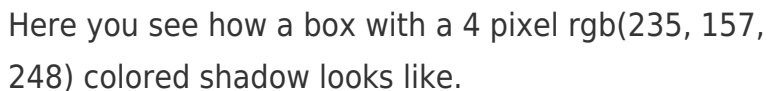
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 157, 248) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 157, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 157, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 157, 248); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 157, 248);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 157,  
248) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 235, 157, 248 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 157, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
157, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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