

Converting Colors

RGB(235, 162, 181)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(235, 162, 181) contains.

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Color

RGB(235, 162, 181)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EBA2B5
RGB	235, 162, 181
RGB Percent	92%, 64%, 71%
CMY	0.0784, 0.3647, 0.2902
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.23, 0.08
HSL	344°, 65%, 78%
HSV	344°, 31%, 92%
XYZ	55.5218, 46.8390, 49.8306
YIQ	185.9930, 37.4090, 21.3850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

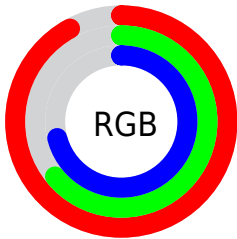
Format	Color
RYB	235, 162, 181
Decimal	15442613
CIELab	74.09, 29.67, 1.20
CIElCh	74, 29.689, 2.309
Yxy	46.8390, 0.3648, 0.3078
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293632693 (0xFFEBA2B5)
YUV	185.9930, -2.4615, 42.9791
Hunter-Lab	68.4390, 25.0414, 4.7382

Details

The RGB color **235, 162, 181** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **162, 235, 216**, and the grayscale version is **186, 186, 186**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 217, 237**, and **178, 109, 128** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **235, 139, 164**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **235, 186, 198**.

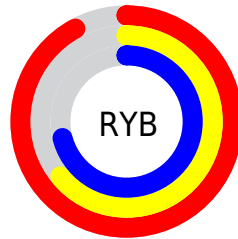
Distribution



Red (92%)

Green (64%)

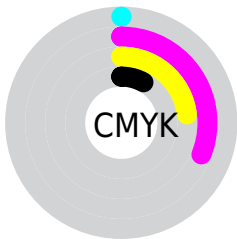
Blue (71%)



Red (92%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (71%)

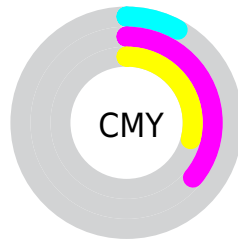


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (8%)

Magenta (36%)


Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 235, 162, 181 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 235, 162, 181 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 235, 162, 181

 235, 162, 181

255, 255, 255

 206, 135, 154

 255, 217, 237

 178, 109, 128

 255, 246, 255

 150, 84, 103

 123, 60, 79

 97, 36, 56

 72, 12, 35


 48, 0, 13

 11, 0, 0


 0, 0, 0

 235, 162, 181

 235, 162, 181

 235, 139, 164

 235, 186, 198

 235, 115, 146

 235, 209, 216

 235, 92, 129

 235, 233, 233

 235, 68, 111

 235, 255, 251

 235, 45, 94

 235, 255, 255

 235, 21, 77

 235, 0, 61

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



219, 166, 208



235, 162, 181



236, 164, 154

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



235, 162, 181



170, 189, 135



114, 192, 230

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



235, 162, 181



162, 235, 216

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97, 196, 210



235, 162, 181



139, 195, 156

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



235, 162, 181



200, 181, 128



110, 197, 183



150, 184, 236

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



235, 162, 181



228, 169, 140



110, 197, 183



105, 194, 224

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



235, 162, 181



255, 232, 238



216, 162, 235



128, 113, 117



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



235, 162, 181



255, 161, 185



235, 179, 162



117, 106, 109



181, 0, 47



54, 0, 14

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



235, 162, 181



255, 161, 185



162, 218, 235



117, 106, 109



181, 0, 47



54, 0, 14

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 235, 162, 181 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

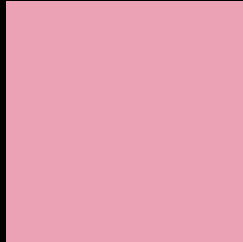
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 235, 162, 181 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 235, 162, 181 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 235, 162, 181.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 235, 162, 181.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
235, 162, 181

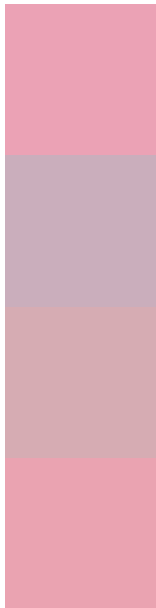
Protanopia
183, 181, 192

Deuteranopia
202, 177, 178



Tritanopia
234, 163, 175

Trichromacy



Original Color
235, 162, 181

Protanomaly
202, 174, 188

Deuteranomaly
214, 172, 179

Tritanomaly
234, 163, 177

Monochromacy



Original Color
235, 162, 181

Achromatopsia
186, 186, 186

Achromatomaly
204, 177, 184

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 235, 162, 181 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(235, 162, 181) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 162, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 162, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 162, 181) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 235, 162, 181 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 162, 181) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 162, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 162, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 162, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 162, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 162,  
181) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 235, 162, 181 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 162, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
162, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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