

Converting Colors

RGB(235, 181, 181)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(235, 181, 181) contains.

RGB(235, 181, 181)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(235, 181, 181)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EBB5B5
RGB	235, 181, 181
RGB Percent	92%, 71%, 71%
CMY	0.0784, 0.2902, 0.2902
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.23, 0.08
HSL	0°, 57%, 82%
HSV	0°, 23%, 92%
XYZ	59.1253, 54.0461, 51.0318
YIQ	197.1460, 32.1840, 11.4480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

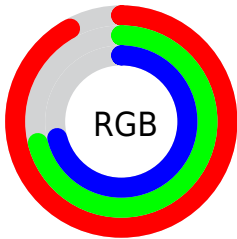
Format	Color
R _Y B	235, 181, 181
Decimal	15447477
CIE Lab	78.49, 19.55, 7.56
CIE LCh	78, 20.955, 21.139
Yxy	54.0461, 0.3601, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293637557 (0xFFE8B5B5)
YUV	197.1460, -7.9600, 33.1980
Hunter-Lab	73.5161, 14.9056, 10.3046

Details

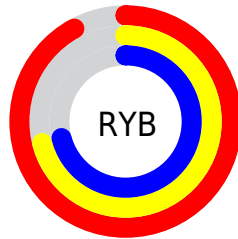
The RGB color **235, 181, 181** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **181, 235, 235**, and the grayscale version is **197, 197, 197**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 237, 237**, and **178, 128, 128** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **235, 158, 158**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **235, 205, 205**.

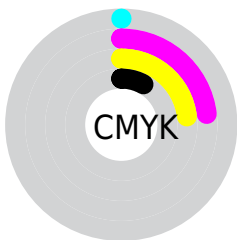
Distribution



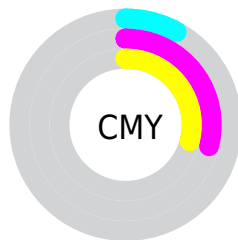
- Red (92%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 235, 181, 181 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 235, 181, 181 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 235, 181, 181


 235, 181, 181

255, 255, 255

 206, 154, 154


 255, 237, 237

 178, 128, 128

 151, 103, 103

 124, 78, 79

 98, 55, 56

 73, 33, 35

 50, 11, 13

 26, 0, 1


 0, 0, 0

 235, 181, 181

 235, 181, 181

 235, 158, 158

 235, 205, 205

 235, 134, 134

 235, 228, 228

 235, 111, 111

 235, 252, 252

 235, 87, 87

 235, 255, 255

 235, 64, 64

 235, 40, 40

 235, 17, 17

 235, 0, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



230, 181, 201



235, 181, 181



229, 185, 165

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



235, 181, 181



172, 202, 169



165, 198, 232

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



235, 181, 181



181, 235, 235

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



146, 203, 224



235, 181, 181



153, 205, 188

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



235, 181, 181



195, 197, 158



142, 205, 207



190, 191, 230

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



235, 181, 181



221, 189, 158



142, 205, 207



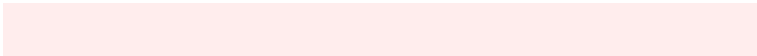
157, 200, 230

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



235, 181, 181



255, 237, 237



235, 181, 235



128, 117, 117



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



235, 181, 181



255, 184, 184



235, 208, 181



117, 106, 106



181, 0, 0



54, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



181, 235, 235



184, 255, 255



181, 208, 235



106, 117, 117



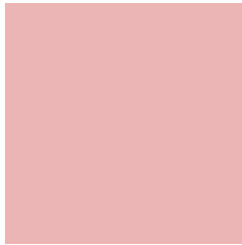
0, 181, 181



0, 54, 54

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 235, 181, 181 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

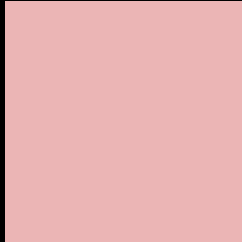
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 235, 181, 181 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 235, 181, 181 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 235, 181, 181.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 235, 181, 181.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
235, 181, 181

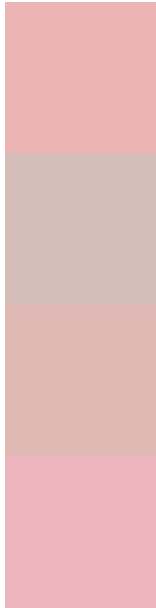
Protanopia
199, 194, 188

Deuteranopia
219, 188, 180



Tritanopia
236, 179, 193

Trichromacy



Original Color
235, 181, 181

Protanomaly
212, 189, 185

Deuteranomaly
225, 185, 180

Tritanomaly
236, 180, 189

Monochromacy



Original Color
235, 181, 181

Achromatopsia
197, 197, 197

Achromatomaly
211, 191, 191

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 235, 181, 181 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 181, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 181, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 181, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 181, 181) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 235, 181, 181 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 181, 181) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 181, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 181, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 181, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 181, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 181,  
181) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 235, 181, 181 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 181, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
181, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor