

# Converting Colors

RGB(235, 197, 182)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(235, 197, 182) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(235, 197, 182)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	EBC5B6
RGB	235, 197, 182
RGB Percent	92%, 77%, 71%
CMY	0.0784, 0.2275, 0.2863
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.23, 0.08
HSL	17°, 57%, 82%
HSV	17°, 23%, 92%
XYZ	62.6707, 60.9721, 52.7217
YIQ	206.6520, 27.4630, 3.3910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

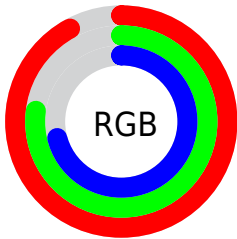
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	235, 203, 182
Decimal	15451574
CIE Lab	82.36, 11.21, 12.54
CIE LCh	82, 16.820, 48.214
Yxy	60.9721, 0.3553, 0.3457
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293641654 (0xFFEBC5B6)
YUV	206.6520, -12.1534, 24.8612
Hunter-Lab	78.0846, 6.6160, 14.6274

# Details

The RGB color **235, 197, 182** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **182, 220, 235**, and the grayscale version is **207, 207, 207**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 254, 238**, and **179, 143, 129** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **235, 180, 159**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **235, 214, 206**.

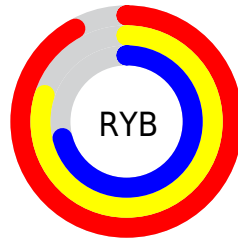
# Distribution



Red (92%)

Green (77%)

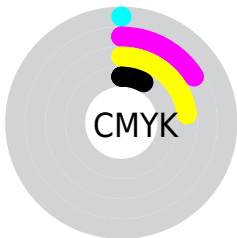
Blue (71%)



Red (92%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (71%)

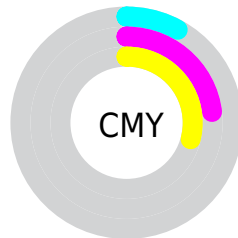


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (8%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 235, 197, 182 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 235, 197, 182 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 235, 197, 182


 235, 197, 182

255, 255, 255

 206, 170, 155

 255, 254, 238


 179, 143, 129

 151, 118, 104

 125, 93, 80


 99, 69, 57

 75, 47, 35

 51, 26, 14

 30, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 235, 197, 182

 235, 197, 182

 235, 180, 159


 235, 214, 206

 235, 163, 135

 235, 231, 229

 235, 146, 112

 235, 248, 253

 235, 130, 88

 235, 255, 255

 235, 113, 65

 235, 96, 41

 235, 79, 18

 235, 67, 0

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



239, 194, 196



235, 197, 182



224, 202, 174

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



235, 197, 182



173, 214, 198



200, 203, 235

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



235, 197, 182



182, 220, 235

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



180, 208, 235



235, 197, 182



164, 214, 214

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



235, 197, 182



189, 211, 184



167, 212, 228



219, 198, 226

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



235, 197, 182



213, 205, 174



167, 212, 228



193, 205, 236

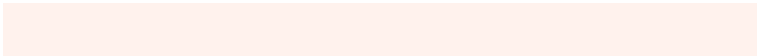


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



235, 197, 182



255, 242, 237



235, 182, 221



128, 120, 117



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

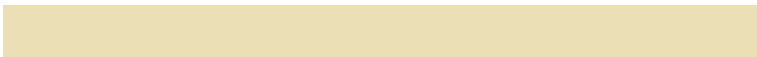
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



235, 197, 182



255, 206, 186



235, 223, 182



117, 109, 106



181, 51, 0



54, 15, 0

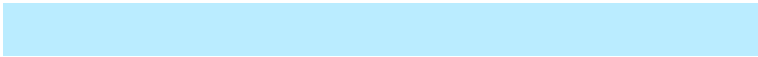


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



182, 220, 235



186, 236, 255



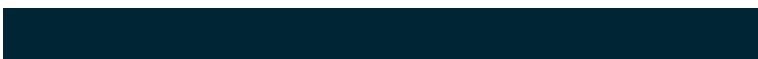
182, 194, 235



106, 114, 117



0, 130, 181



0, 38, 54



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 235, 197, 182 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

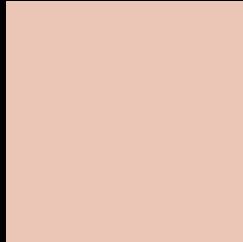
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 235, 197, 182 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

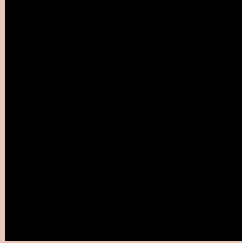
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 235, 197, 182 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 235, 197, 182.

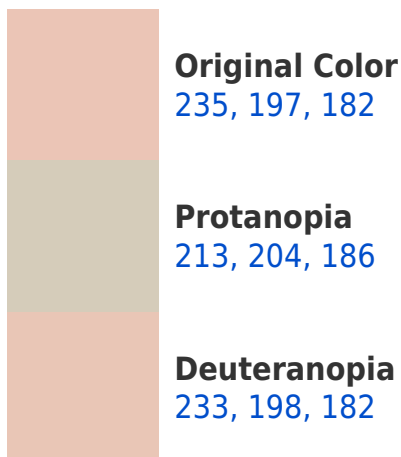



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 235, 197, 182.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

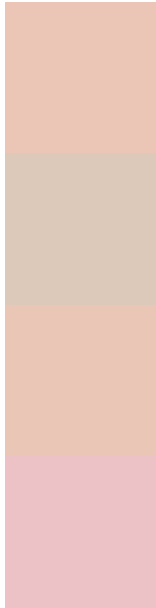
## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
238, 193, 208

# Trichromacy



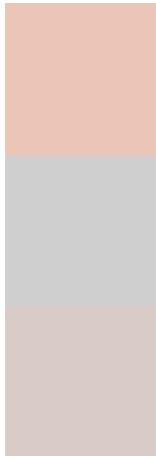
**Original Color**  
235, 197, 182

**Protanomaly**  
221, 201, 185

**Deuteranomaly**  
234, 198, 182

**Tritanomaly**  
237, 194, 199

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
235, 197, 182

**Achromatopsia**  
207, 207, 207

**Achromatomaly**  
217, 203, 198

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 235, 197, 182 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 197, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 197, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 197, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 197, 182) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 235, 197, 182 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 197, 182) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 197, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 197, 182)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 197, 182); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 197, 182);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 197,  
182) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 235, 197, 182 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 197, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
197, 182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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