

# Converting Colors

RGB(235, 204, 73)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(235, 204, 73) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(235, 204, 73)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EBCC49
RGB	235, 204, 73
RGB Percent	92%, 80%, 29%
CMY	0.0784, 0.2000, 0.7137
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.69, 0.08
HSL	49°, 80%, 60%
HSV	49°, 69%, 92%
XYZ	57.0564, 61.3289, 15.1338
YIQ	198.3350, 60.5270, -34.1690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

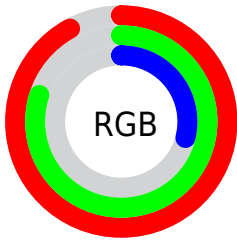
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">111, 235, 73</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15453257</a>
<a href="#">CIELab</a>	<a href="#">82.56, -3.02, 66.32</a>
<a href="#">CIELCh</a>	<a href="#">83, 66.392, 92.608</a>
<a href="#">Yxy</a>	<a href="#">61.3289, 0.4273, 0.4593</a>
<a href="#">Android (android.graphics.Color)</a>	<a href="#">4293643337 (0xFFEBCC49)</a>
<a href="#">YUV</a>	<a href="#">198.3350, -61.7902, 32.1552</a>
<a href="#">Hunter-Lab</a>	<a href="#">78.3128, -6.9975, 43.3613</a>

# Details

The RGB color **235, 204, 73** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC33**. The color can be described as light muted yellow. A complement of this color would be **73, 104, 235**, and the grayscale version is **199, 199, 199**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 128**, and **175, 150, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **235, 200, 50**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **235, 208, 97**.

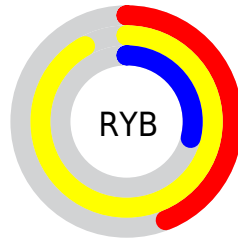
# Distribution



Red (92%)

Green (80%)

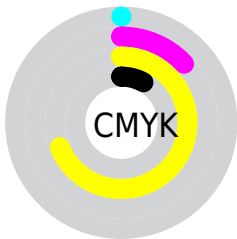
Blue (29%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (92%)

Blue (29%)

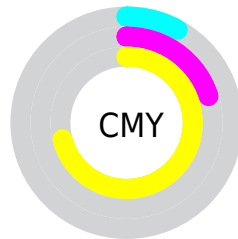


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (69%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (8%)

Magenta (20%)


















Yellow (71%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 235, 204, 73 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 235, 204, 73 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 235, 204, 73	 235, 204, 73
 255, 255, 255	 205, 177, 44
 255, 255, 128	 175, 150, 0
 255, 255, 156	 147, 125, 0
 255, 255, 184	 118, 100, 0
 255, 255, 213	 91, 76, 0
 255, 255, 242	 64, 54, 0
	 38, 33, 0
	 7, 11, 0
	 0, 0, 0

 235, 204, 73

 235, 204, 73

 235, 200, 50

 235, 208, 97

 235, 195, 26

 235, 213, 120

 235, 191, 2

 235, 217, 143

 235, 190, 0

 235, 222, 167

 235, 226, 191

 235, 231, 214

 235, 235, 238

 235, 240, 255

 235, 244, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 181, 94



235, 204, 73



171, 221, 94

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



235, 204, 73



0, 235, 255



255, 162, 255

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



235, 204, 73



73, 104, 235

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



215, 187, 255



235, 204, 73



0, 227, 255

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



235, 204, 73



0, 236, 209



86, 211, 255



255, 150, 203

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



235, 204, 73



117, 229, 126



86, 211, 255



255, 170, 255



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



235, 204, 73



255, 245, 201



235, 73, 105



128, 121, 96



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



235, 204, 73



255, 214, 43



186, 235, 73



117, 115, 106



181, 146, 0



54, 43, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73, 104, 235



43, 84, 255



122, 73, 235



106, 108, 117



0, 35, 181



0, 10, 54



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 235, 204, 73 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

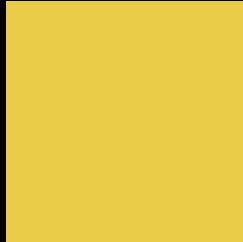
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 235, 204, 73 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 235, 204, 73 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 235, 204, 73.

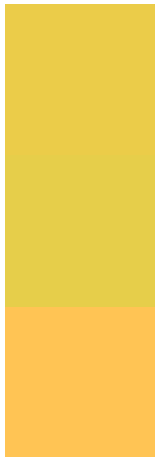


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 235, 204, 73.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
235, 204, 73

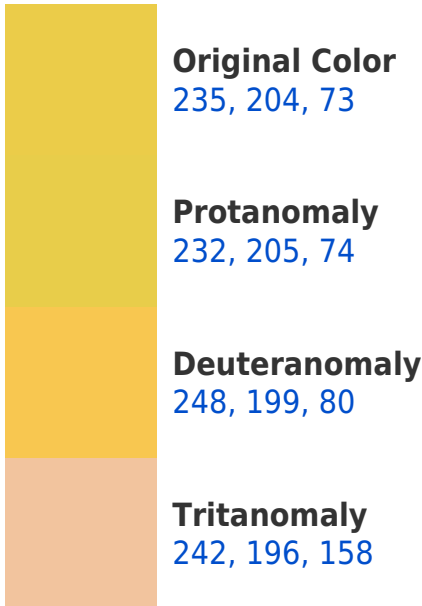
**Protanopia**  
230, 206, 74

**Deuteranopia**  
255, 196, 84

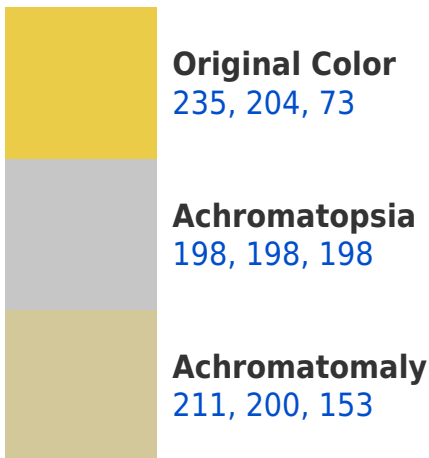


**Tritanopia**  
246, 191, 206

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 235, 204, 73 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 204, 73)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 204, 73)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 204, 73) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 204, 73) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 235, 204, 73 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 204, 73) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 204, 73) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 204, 73)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 204, 73); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 204, 73);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 204,  
73) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 235, 204, 73 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 204, 73) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
204, 73) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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