

Converting Colors

RGB(235, 217, 233)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(235, 217, 233) contains.

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Color

RGB(235, 217, 233)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EBD9E9
RGB	235, 217, 233
RGB Percent	92%, 85%, 91%
CMY	0.0784, 0.1490, 0.0863
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.01, 0.08
HSL	307°, 31%, 89%
HSV	307°, 8%, 92%
XYZ	73.7818, 73.1711, 87.3255
YIQ	224.2060, 5.5920, 8.7920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

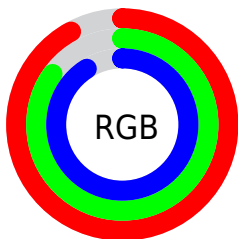
Format	Color
R _Y B	235, 217, 233
Decimal	15456745
CIE Lab	88.53, 8.97, -5.60
CIE LCh	89, 10.569, 328.028
Yxy	73.1711, 0.3149, 0.3123
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293646825 (0xFFEBD9E9)
YUV	224.2060, 4.3354, 9.4663
Hunter-Lab	85.5401, 4.2683, -0.6495

Details

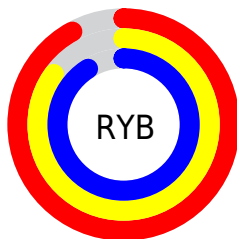
The RGB color `235, 217, 233` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `217, 235, 219`, and the grayscale version is `224, 224, 224`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `255, 255, 255`, and `179, 162, 177` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `235, 194, 230`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `235, 240, 236`.

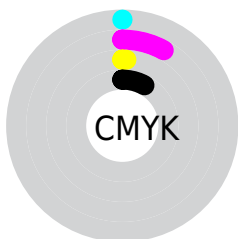
Distribution



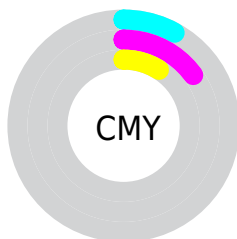
- Red (92%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 235, 217, 233 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 235, 217, 233 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 235, 217, 233

255, 255, 255

■ 235, 217, 233

■ 207, 189, 205

■ 179, 162, 177

■ 152, 136, 151

■ 126, 111, 125

■ 101, 86, 100

■ 77, 63, 76

■ 54, 41, 53

■ 33, 20, 32

■ 3, 0, 8

 235, 217, 233

 235, 217, 233

 235, 194, 230

 235, 240, 236

 235, 170, 228

 235, 255, 238

 235, 147, 225


 235, 255, 241

 235, 123, 223


 235, 255, 243

 235, 100, 220


 235, 255, 246

 235, 76, 217

 235, 255, 249

 235, 53, 215

 235, 255, 251

 235, 29, 212

 235, 255, 254

 235, 6, 210

 235, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



224, 220, 240



235, 217, 233



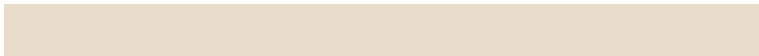
242, 216, 223

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



235, 217, 233



231, 221, 202



197, 228, 231

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



235, 217, 233



217, 235, 219

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



200, 228, 221



235, 217, 233



220, 224, 204

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



235, 217, 233



240, 218, 205



209, 227, 211



201, 226, 239

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



235, 217, 233



244, 216, 216



209, 227, 211



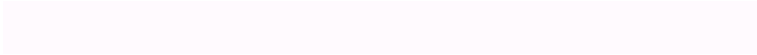
198, 228, 228

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



235, 217, 233



255, 250, 254



219, 217, 235



128, 125, 127



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



235, 217, 233



255, 232, 252



235, 217, 224



117, 106, 116



181, 0, 161



54, 0, 48

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



235, 217, 233



255, 232, 252



217, 235, 228



117, 106, 116



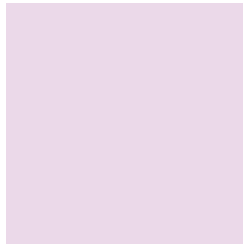
181, 0, 161



54, 0, 48

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 235, 217, 233 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

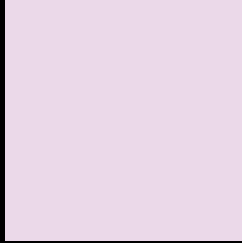
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 235, 217, 233 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

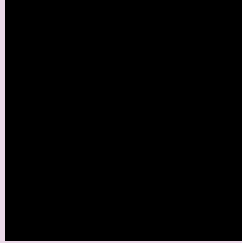
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

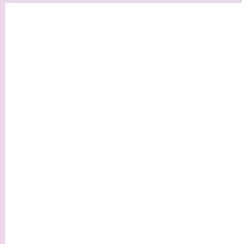
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 235, 217, 233 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 235, 217, 233.

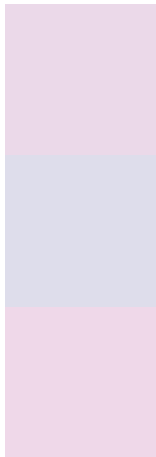


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 235, 217, 233.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
235, 217, 233

Protanopia
222, 221, 235

Deuteranopia
239, 216, 233



Tritanopia
235, 217, 234

Trichromacy



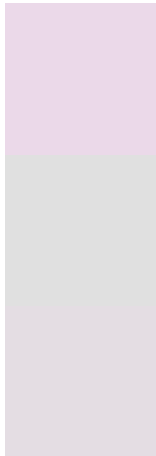
Original Color
235, 217, 233

Protanomaly
227, 220, 234

Deuteranomaly
238, 216, 233

Tritanomaly
235, 217, 234

Monochromacy



Original Color
235, 217, 233

Achromatopsia
224, 224, 224

Achromatomaly
228, 221, 227

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 235, 217, 233 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 217, 233)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 217, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 217, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 217, 233) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 235, 217, 233 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 217, 233) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 217, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 217, 233)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 217, 233); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 217, 233);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 217,  
233) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 235, 217, 233 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 217, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
217, 233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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