

# Converting Colors

RGB(235, 255, 111)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(235, 255, 111) contains.

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# Color

**RGB(235, 255, 111)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EBFF6F
RGB	235, 255, 111
RGB Percent	92%, 100%, 44%
CMY	0.0784, 0.0000, 0.5647
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.56, 0.00
HSL	68°, 100%, 72%
HSV	68°, 56%, 100%
XYZ	72.8902, 90.3299, 28.6326
YIQ	232.6040, 34.3040, -49.0240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

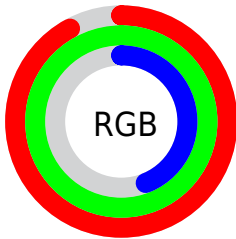
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	111, 255, 131
Decimal	15466351
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	96.13, -25.67, 65.20
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	96, 70.071, 111.490
Yxy	90.3299, 0.3799, 0.4708
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293656431 (0xFFEBFF6F)
YUV	232.6040, -59.9508, 2.1013
Hunter-Lab	95.0420, -29.4273, 48.6676

# Details

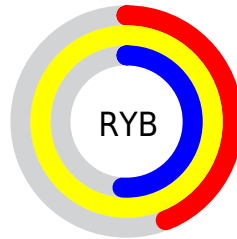
The RGB color **235, 255, 111** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF66**. A complement of this color would be **131, 111, 255**, and the grayscale version is **233, 233, 233**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 167**, and **177, 198, 55** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **231, 255, 86**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **239, 255, 137**.

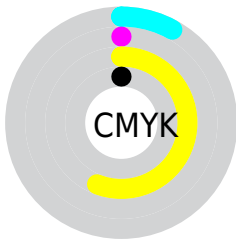
# Distribution



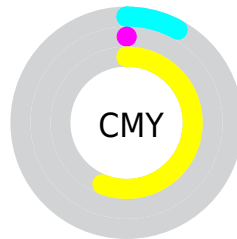
- Red (92%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 235, 255, 111 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 235, 255, 111 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 235, 255, 111

255, 255, 255

 255, 255, 167

 255, 255, 195


 255, 255, 224

255, 255, 254

 235, 255, 111

 205, 226, 83

 177, 198, 55

 148, 171, 20

 120, 145, 0

 93, 119, 0

 66, 94, 0

 38, 70, 0

 9, 48, 0

 0, 29, 0

■ 235, 255, 111

■ 235, 255, 111

■ 231, 255, 86

■ 239, 255, 137

■ 228, 255, 60

■ 242, 255, 162

■ 224, 255, 34

■ 246, 255, 188

■ 221, 255, 9

■ 249, 255, 213

■ 220, 255, 0

■ 253, 255, 239

255, 255, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

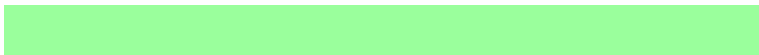
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 233, 105



235, 255, 111



154, 255, 156

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



235, 255, 111



0, 255, 255



255, 187, 255

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



235, 255, 111



131, 111, 255

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 207, 255



235, 255, 111



0, 255, 255

# Square

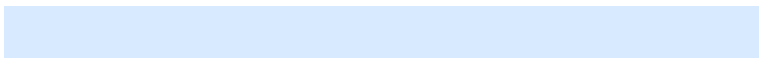
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



235, 255, 111



0, 255, 255



216, 234, 255



255, 188, 198

# Rectangle

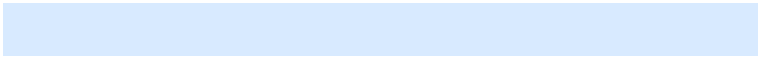
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



235, 255, 111



67, 255, 198



216, 234, 255



255, 192, 255

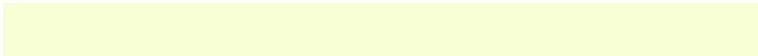


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



235, 255, 111



249, 255, 212



255, 130, 111



124, 128, 102



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



235, 255, 111



231, 255, 82



164, 255, 111



126, 128, 115



165, 191, 0



55, 64, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



131, 111, 255



106, 82, 255



202, 111, 255



117, 115, 128



27, 0, 191

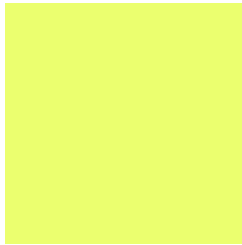


9, 0, 64



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 235, 255, 111 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 235, 255, 111 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 235, 255, 111 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 235, 255, 111.

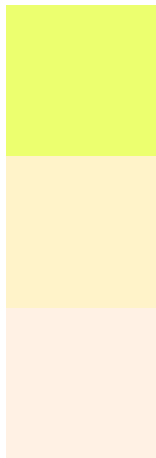


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 235, 255, 111.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
235, 255, 111

**Protanopia**  
255, 244, 201

**Deuteranopia**  
255, 241, 227



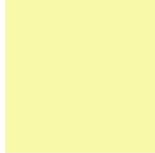
# Tritanopia

249, 240, 255

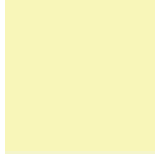
# Trichromacy



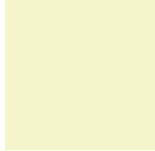
**Original Color**  
235, 255, 111



**Protanomaly**  
248, 248, 168



**Deuteranomaly**  
248, 246, 185

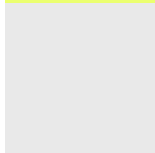


**Tritanomaly**  
244, 245, 203

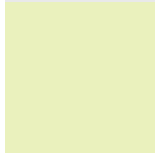
# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
235, 255, 111



**Achromatopsia**  
233, 233, 233



**Achromatomaly**  
234, 241, 189

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 235, 255, 111 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 255, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 255, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 255, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 255, 111) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 235, 255, 111 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 255, 111) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 255, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 255, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 255, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 255, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 255,  
111) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 235, 255, 111 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 255, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
255, 111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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