

Converting Colors

RGB(235, 42, 71)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(235, 42, 71) contains.

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Color

RGB(235, 42, 71)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EB2A47
RGB	235, 42, 71
RGB Percent	92%, 16%, 28%
CMY	0.0784, 0.8353, 0.7216
CMYK	0.00, 0.82, 0.70, 0.08
HSL	351°, 83%, 54%
HSV	351°, 82%, 92%
XYZ	36.2262, 19.7730, 7.8685
YIQ	103.0130, 105.7190, 49.9350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

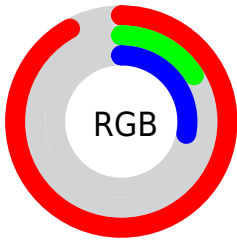
Format	Color
RYB	235, 42, 71
Decimal	15411783
CIELab	51.58, 71.23, 33.21
CIELCh	52, 78.590, 24.998
Yxy	19.7730, 0.5672, 0.3096
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293601863 (0xFFEB2A47)
YUV	103.0130, -15.7824, 115.7526
Hunter-Lab	44.4669, 67.6032, 20.6354

Details

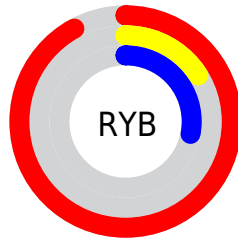
The RGB color **235, 42, 71** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0033**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **42, 235, 206**, and the grayscale version is **103, 103, 103**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 108, 119**, and **171, 0, 28** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **235, 18, 51**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **235, 65, 91**.

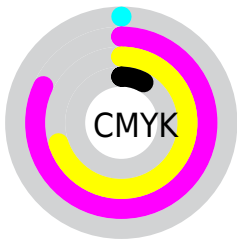
Distribution



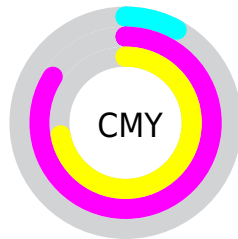
- Red (92%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (28%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 235, 42, 71 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 235, 42, 71 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



235, 42, 71



235, 42, 71

255, 255, 255



203, 0, 49



255, 108, 119



171, 0, 28



255, 138, 145



139, 0, 5



255, 167, 172



108, 0, 1



255, 197, 199



78, 0, 3



255, 227, 227



46, 0, 2



0, 0, 0



235, 42, 71



235, 42, 71



235, 18, 51



235, 65, 91

■ 235, 0, 35

■ 235, 89, 111

■ 235, 112, 131

■ 235, 136, 151

■ 235, 159, 171

■ 235, 183, 191

■ 235, 206, 211

■ 235, 230, 231

■ 235, 253, 251

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



233, 25, 137



235, 42, 71



207, 85, 0

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



235, 42, 71



0, 146, 35



0, 135, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



235, 42, 71



42, 235, 206

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 148, 233



235, 42, 71



0, 150, 109

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



235, 42, 71



95, 136, 0



0, 151, 178



84, 110, 247

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



235, 42, 71



177, 107, 0



0, 151, 178



0, 141, 254

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



235, 42, 71



255, 191, 201



203, 42, 235



128, 89, 95



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



235, 42, 71



255, 3, 40



235, 106, 42



117, 106, 107



181, 0, 27



54, 0, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



235, 42, 71



255, 3, 40



42, 171, 235



117, 106, 107



181, 0, 27



54, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 235, 42, 71 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

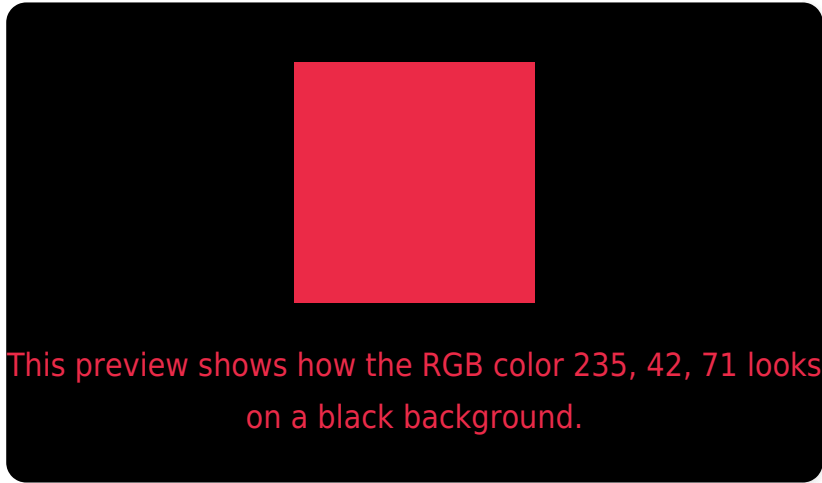
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 235, 42, 71 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 235, 42, 71.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 235, 42, 71.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

235, 42, 71

Protanopia

131, 123, 100

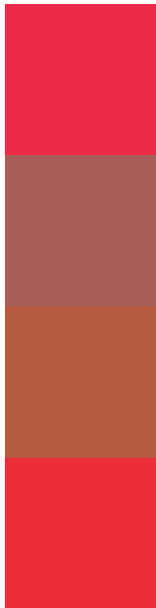
Deuteranopia

152, 118, 60



Tritanopia
234, 47, 47

Trichromacy



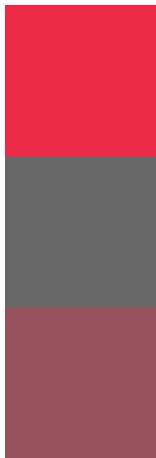
Original Color
235, 42, 71

Protanomaly
169, 94, 89

Deuteranomaly
182, 90, 64

Tritanomaly
234, 45, 56

Monochromacy



Original Color
235, 42, 71

Achromatopsia
103, 103, 103

Achromatomaly
151, 81, 91

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 235, 42, 71 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 42, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 42, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 42, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 42, 71) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 235, 42, 71 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 42, 71) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 42, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 42, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 42, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 42, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 42,  
71) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 235, 42, 71 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 42, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235, 42,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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