

Converting Colors

RGB(236, 171, 204)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(236, 171, 204) contains.

RGB(236, 171, 204)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(236, 171, 204)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ECABCC
RGB	236, 171, 204
RGB Percent	93%, 67%, 80%
CMY	0.0745, 0.3294, 0.2000
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.14, 0.07
HSL	330°, 63%, 80%
HSV	330°, 28%, 93%
XYZ	60.0541, 51.3183, 63.8670
YIQ	194.1970, 28.1470, 24.0430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

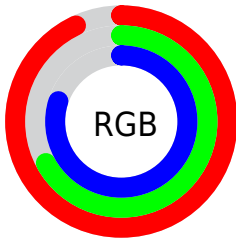
Format	Color
R _Y B	236, 171, 204
Decimal	15510476
CIE Lab	76.87, 28.74, -7.29
CIE LCh	77, 29.650, 345.757
Yxy	51.3183, 0.3427, 0.2928
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293700556 (0xFFECABCC)
YUV	194.1970, 4.8329, 36.6612
Hunter-Lab	71.6368, 24.2745, -2.7136

Details

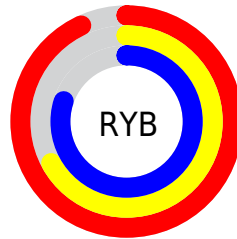
The RGB color **236, 171, 204** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **171, 236, 203**, and the grayscale version is **194, 194, 194**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 227, 255**, and **179, 118, 150** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **236, 147, 192**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **236, 195, 216**.

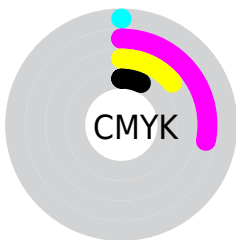
Distribution



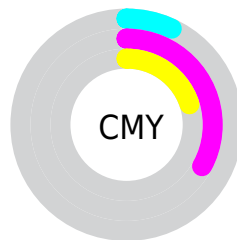
- Red (93%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 236, 171, 204 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 236, 171, 204 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 236, 171, 204

 236, 171, 204

255, 255, 255

 207, 144, 177

 255, 227, 255

 179, 118, 150

 152, 93, 124

 125, 68, 99

 99, 45, 75

 74, 21, 53

 50, 0, 31

 28, 0, 5

 0, 0, 0

■ 236, 171, 204

■ 236, 171, 204

■ 236, 147, 192

■ 236, 195, 216

■ 236, 124, 181

■ 236, 218, 227

■ 236, 100, 169

■ 236, 242, 239

■ 236, 77, 158

■ 236, 255, 250

■ 236, 53, 146

■ 236, 255, 255

■ 236, 29, 134

■ 236, 6, 123

■ 236, 0, 120

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



212, 178, 228



236, 171, 204



245, 170, 176

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



236, 171, 204



195, 193, 137



109, 202, 228

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



236, 171, 204



171, 236, 203

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



110, 205, 204



236, 171, 204



164, 200, 151

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



236, 171, 204



221, 184, 137



133, 204, 175



137, 196, 242

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



236, 171, 204



243, 173, 159



133, 204, 175



106, 204, 221

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



236, 171, 204



255, 235, 245



202, 171, 236



128, 115, 121



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



236, 171, 204



255, 171, 214



236, 171, 172



117, 106, 112



181, 0, 92



54, 0, 27

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



236, 171, 204



255, 171, 214



171, 236, 235



117, 106, 112



181, 0, 92



54, 0, 27

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 236, 171, 204 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

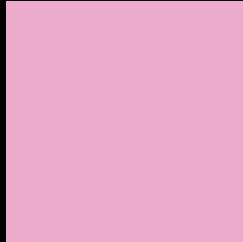
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 236, 171, 204 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 236, 171, 204 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 236, 171, 204.

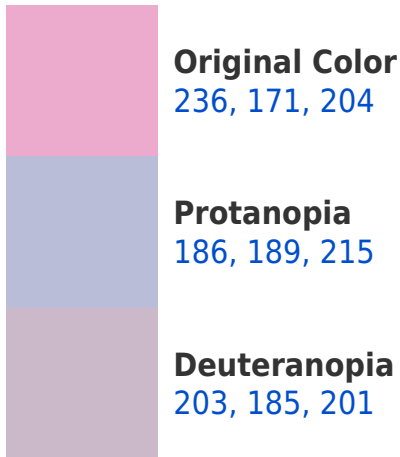


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 236, 171, 204.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
234, 174, 187

Trichromacy



Original Color

236, 171, 204



Protanomaly

204, 182, 211



Deuteranomaly

215, 180, 202



Tritanomaly

235, 173, 193

Monochromacy



Original Color

236, 171, 204



Achromatopsia

194, 194, 194



Achromatomaly

209, 186, 198

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 236, 171, 204 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(236, 171, 204) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(236, 171, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 171, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(236, 171, 204) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 236, 171, 204 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(236, 171, 204) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(236, 171, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 171, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(236, 171, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 171, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 171,  
204) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 236, 171, 204 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(236, 171, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(236,  
171, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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