

Converting Colors

RGB(236, 195, 248)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(236, 195, 248) contains.

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Color

RGB(236, 195, 248)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ECC3F8
RGB	236, 195, 248
RGB Percent	93%, 76%, 97%
CMY	0.0745, 0.2353, 0.0275
CMYK	0.05, 0.21, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	286°, 79%, 87%
HSV	286°, 21%, 97%
XYZ	71.0505, 63.6404, 97.3460
YIQ	213.3010, 7.4230, 25.1750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

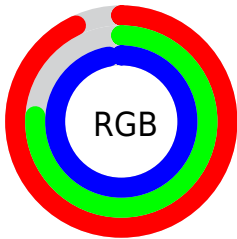
Format	Color
R _{YB}	236, 195, 248
Decimal	15516664
CIE _{Lab}	83.78, 23.70, -20.64
CIE _{LCh}	84, 31.429, 318.951
Y _{xy}	63.6404, 0.3062, 0.2743
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293706744 (0xFFECC3F8)
Y _{UV}	213.3010, 17.1066, 19.9070
Hunter-Lab	79.7749, 19.3725, -16.5066

Details

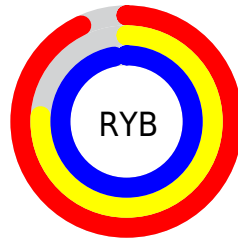
The RGB color **236, 195, 248** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **207, 248, 195**, and the grayscale version is **213, 213, 213**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 252, 255, and **180, 141, 192** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **230, 170, 248**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **242, 220, 248**.

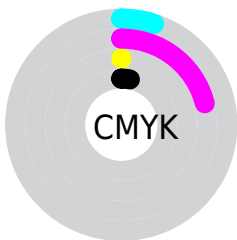
Distribution



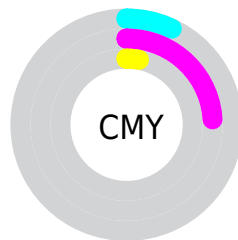
- Red (93%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (3%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 236, 195, 248 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 236, 195, 248 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 236, 195, 248

255, 255, 255

 255, 252, 255


 236, 195, 248

 208, 168, 219

 180, 141, 192

 153, 115, 164


 126, 90, 138

 101, 67, 112

 76, 44, 88

 53, 22, 64

 32, 0, 42

 0, 1, 21

■ 236, 195, 248

■ 236, 195, 248

■ 230, 170, 248

■ 242, 220, 248

■ 225, 145, 248

■ 247, 245, 248

■ 219, 121, 248

■ 253, 255, 248

■ 214, 96, 248

■ 255, 255, 248

■ 208, 71, 248

■ 202, 46, 248

■ 197, 21, 248

■ 192, 0, 248

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



198, 205, 255



236, 195, 248



255, 188, 221

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



236, 195, 248



240, 203, 151



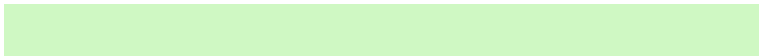
121, 225, 227

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



236, 195, 248



207, 248, 195

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



144, 225, 197



236, 195, 248



211, 213, 152

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



236, 195, 248



255, 194, 165



177, 220, 169



125, 222, 253

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



236, 195, 248



255, 187, 201



177, 220, 169



127, 226, 217

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



236, 195, 248



252, 240, 255



195, 207, 248



125, 119, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



236, 195, 248



240, 189, 255



248, 195, 234



122, 112, 125



146, 0, 189



47, 0, 61

Inverse Universe

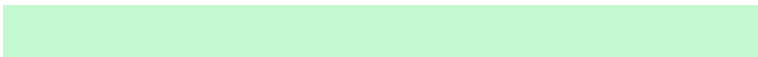
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



248, 195, 207



255, 189, 204



195, 248, 209



125, 112, 115



189, 0, 43



61, 0, 14

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 236, 195, 248 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

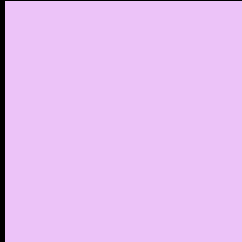
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 236, 195, 248 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 236, 195, 248 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 236, 195, 248.

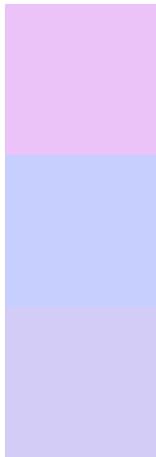


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 236, 195, 248.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
236, 195, 248

Protanopia
198, 207, 255

Deuteranopia
211, 204, 246



Tritanopia
231, 201, 216

Trichromacy



Original Color

236, 195, 248



Protanomaly

212, 203, 252



Deuteranomaly

220, 201, 247



Tritanomaly

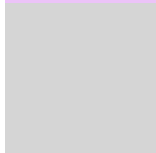
233, 199, 228

Monochromacy



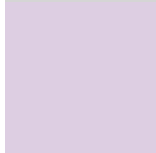
Original Color

236, 195, 248



Achromatopsia

213, 213, 213



Achromatomaly

221, 206, 226

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 236, 195, 248 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(236, 195, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(236, 195, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 195, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(236, 195, 248) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 236, 195, 248 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

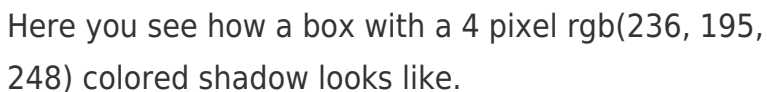
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(236, 195, 248) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(236, 195, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(236, 195, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 195, 248); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 195, 248); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 195, 248) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 236, 195, 248 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(236, 195, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(236,  
195, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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