

# Converting Colors

RGB(236, 239, 245)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(236, 239, 245) contains.

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# Color

**RGB(236, 239, 245)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ECEFF5
RGB	236, 239, 245
RGB Percent	93%, 94%, 96%
CMY	0.0745, 0.0627, 0.0392
CMYK	0.04, 0.02, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	220°, 31%, 94%
HSV	220°, 4%, 96%
XYZ	81.9400, 86.1584, 98.6977
YIQ	238.7870, -3.7140, 1.2300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

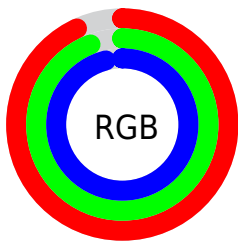
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	236, 238, 245
Decimal	15527925
CIE Lab	94.38, 0.09, -3.25
CIE LCh	94, 3.250, 271.673
Yxy	86.1584, 0.3071, 0.3229
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293718005 (0xFFECEFF5)
YUV	238.7870, 3.0630, -2.4442
Hunter-Lab	92.8216, -4.8635, 1.9317

# Details

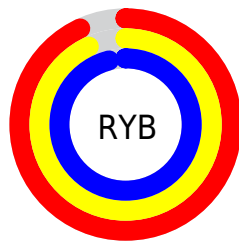
The RGB color **236, 239, 245** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **245, 242, 236**, and the grayscale version is **239, 239, 239**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **180, 183, 189** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **212, 223, 245**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 255, 255, 245.

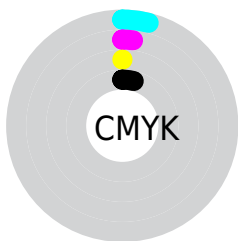
# Distribution



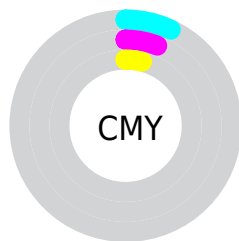
- Red (93%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 236, 239, 245 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 236, 239, 245 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 236, 239, 245

255, 255, 255

■ 236, 239, 245

■ 208, 211, 217

■ 180, 183, 189

■ 153, 156, 162

■ 127, 130, 136

■ 102, 105, 110

■ 78, 81, 86

■ 56, 58, 63

■ 34, 37, 41

■ 12, 15, 21

 236, 239, 245


 236, 239, 245


 212, 223, 245


 255, 255, 245


 187, 206, 245


 163, 190, 245

 138, 174, 245

 114, 157, 245

 89, 141, 245

 64, 125, 245

 40, 108, 245

 15, 92, 245

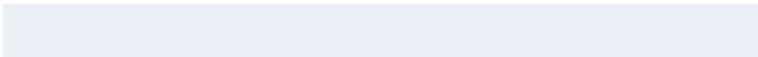
# Harmonies

## Analogous

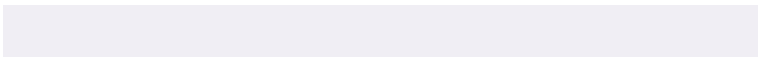
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



233, 240, 244



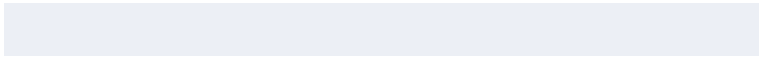
236, 239, 245



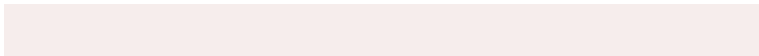
240, 238, 244

# Triad

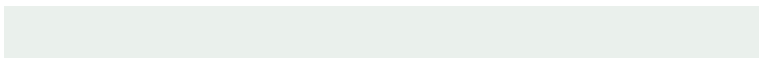
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



236, 239, 245



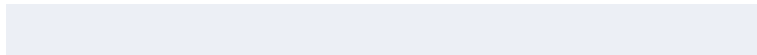
246, 237, 236



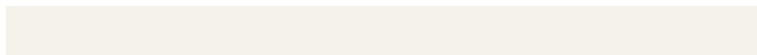
234, 240, 236

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



236, 239, 245



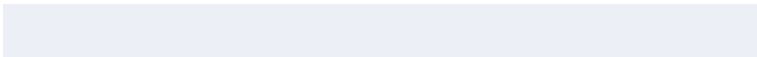
245, 242, 236

# Split Complementary

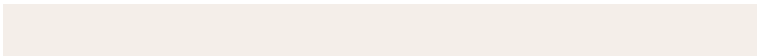
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



238, 240, 233



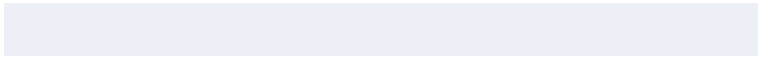
236, 239, 245



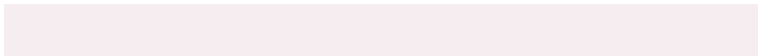
244, 238, 233

# Square

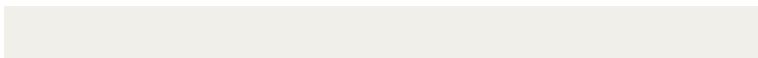
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



236, 239, 245



245, 237, 239



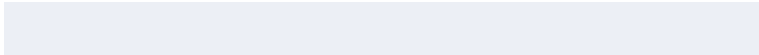
241, 239, 233



232, 241, 239

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



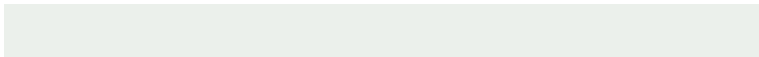
236, 239, 245



242, 237, 243



241, 239, 233

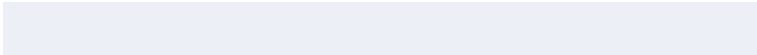


235, 240, 235



# Sweetspot

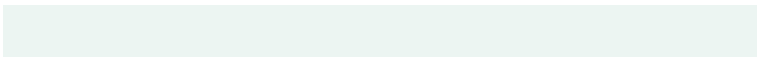
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



236, 239, 245



252, 253, 255



236, 245, 242



126, 127, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



236, 239, 245



245, 248, 255



238, 236, 245



116, 118, 122



0, 62, 186

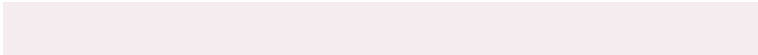


0, 20, 59



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



245, 236, 239



255, 245, 248



244, 245, 236



122, 116, 118



186, 0, 62

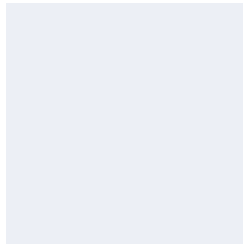


59, 0, 20



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 236, 239, 245 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

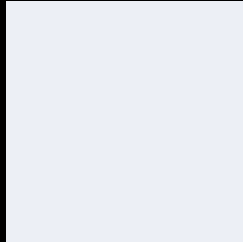
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 236, 239, 245 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

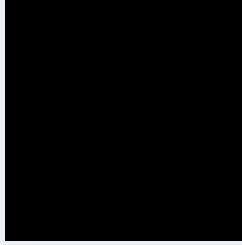
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

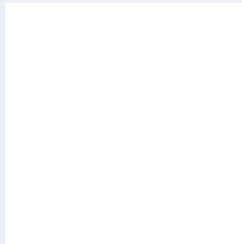
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 236, 239, 245 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 236, 239, 245.

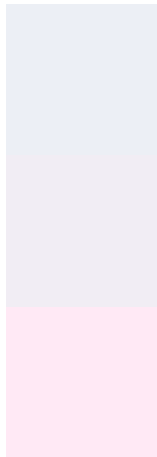


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 236, 239, 245.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
236, 239, 245

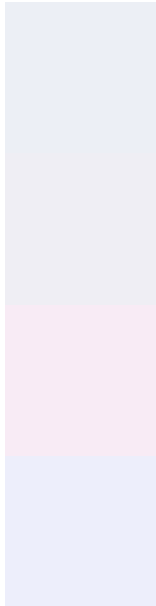
**Protanopia**  
241, 237, 244

**Deuteranopia**  
255, 233, 245



**Tritanopia**  
238, 237, 255

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

236, 239, 245

## Protanomaly

239, 238, 244

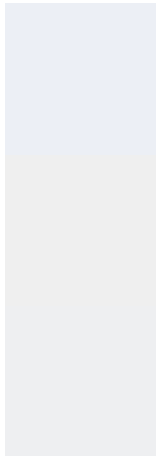
## Deuteranomaly

248, 235, 245

## Tritanomaly

237, 238, 251

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

236, 239, 245

## Achromatopsia

239, 239, 239

## Achromatomaly

238, 239, 241

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 236, 239, 245 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(236, 239, 245) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(236, 239, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 239, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(236, 239, 245) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 236, 239, 245 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(236, 239, 245) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(236, 239, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(236, 239, 245)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(236, 239, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 239, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 239,  
245) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 236, 239, 245 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(236, 239, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(236,  
239, 245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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