

# Converting Colors

RGB(236, 243, 208)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(236, 243, 208) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(236, 243, 208)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ECF3D0
RGB	236, 243, 208
RGB Percent	93%, 95%, 82%
CMY	0.0745, 0.0471, 0.1843
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.14, 0.05
HSL	72°, 59%, 88%
HSV	72°, 14%, 95%
XYZ	78.0278, 86.4881, 72.2559
YIQ	236.9170, 7.0630, -12.3690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

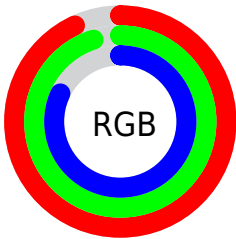
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	208, 243, 215
Decimal	15528912
CIE Lab	94.52, -8.21, 16.10
CIE LCh	95, 18.075, 117.008
Yxy	86.4881, 0.3295, 0.3653
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293718992 (0xFFECEF3D0)
YUV	236.9170, -14.2561, -0.8042
Hunter-Lab	92.9990, -12.9835, 19.0337

# Details

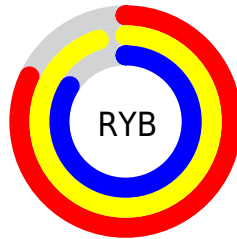
The RGB color **236, 243, 208** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **215, 208, 243**, and the grayscale version is **237, 237, 237**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **180, 187, 154** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **231, 243, 184**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **241, 243, 232**.

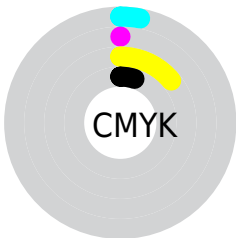
# Distribution



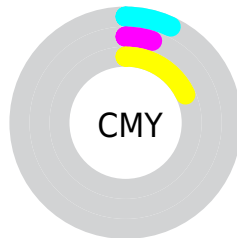
- Red (93%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 236, 243, 208 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 236, 243, 208 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 236, 243, 208

255, 255, 255

■ 236, 243, 208

■ 208, 215, 180

■ 180, 187, 154

■ 153, 160, 128

■ 127, 134, 102

■ 102, 109, 78

■ 78, 84, 55

■ 55, 61, 34

■ 33, 39, 12

■ 4, 19, 0

236, 243, 208

236, 243, 208

231, 243, 184

241, 243, 232

226, 243, 159

246, 243, 255

221, 243, 135

251, 243, 255

217, 243, 111

255, 243, 255

212, 243, 86

207, 243, 62

202, 243, 38

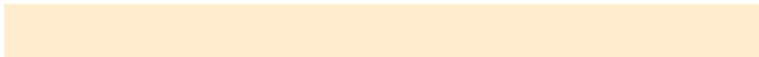
197, 243, 14

194, 243, 0

# Harmonies

## Analogous

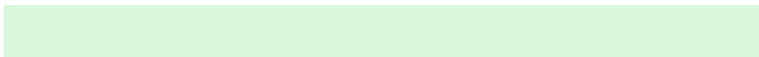
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 237, 205



236, 243, 208



216, 247, 220

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



236, 243, 208



201, 246, 255



255, 227, 242

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



236, 243, 208



215, 208, 243

# Split Complementary

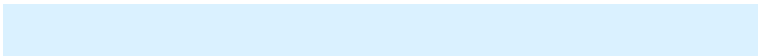
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 230, 255



236, 243, 208



218, 241, 255

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



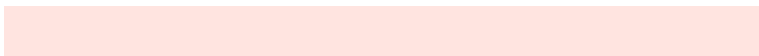
236, 243, 208



194, 249, 254



241, 235, 255



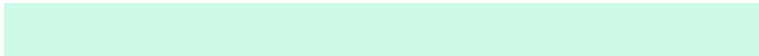
255, 228, 224

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



236, 243, 208



205, 249, 231



241, 235, 255



255, 228, 248



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



236, 243, 208



253, 255, 245



243, 214, 208



126, 128, 121



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

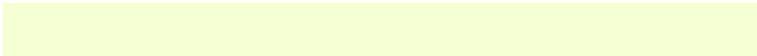


# Same Dimension

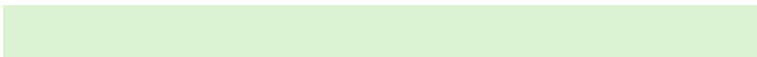
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



236, 243, 208



246, 255, 212



219, 243, 208



120, 122, 110



149, 186, 0



47, 59, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



215, 208, 243



220, 212, 255



232, 208, 243



113, 110, 122



37, 0, 186

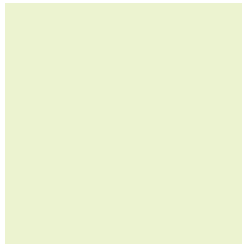


12, 0, 59



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 236, 243, 208 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

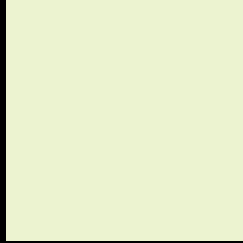
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 236, 243, 208 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

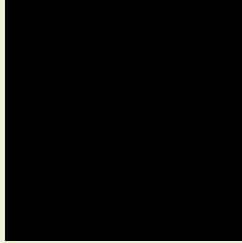
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

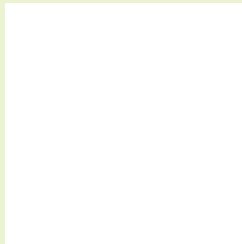
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 236, 243, 208 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 236, 243, 208.

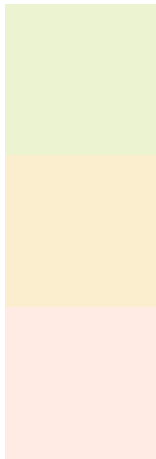


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 236, 243, 208.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
236, 243, 208

**Protanopia**  
251, 238, 206

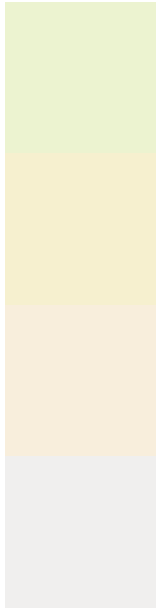
**Deuteranopia**  
255, 235, 227



# Tritanopia

243, 236, 255

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
236, 243, 208

**Protanomaly**  
246, 240, 207

**Deuteranomaly**  
248, 238, 220

**Tritanomaly**  
240, 239, 238

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
236, 243, 208

**Achromatopsia**  
237, 237, 237

**Achromatomaly**  
237, 239, 226

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 236, 243, 208 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(236, 243, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(236, 243, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 243, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(236, 243, 208) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 236, 243, 208 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(236, 243, 208) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(236, 243, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(236, 243, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(236, 243, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 243, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 243,  
208) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 236, 243, 208 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(236, 243, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(236,  
243, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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