

Converting Colors

RGB(237, 120, 144)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(237, 120, 144) contains.

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Color

RGB(237, 120, 144)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ED7890
RGB	237, 120, 144
RGB Percent	93%, 47%, 56%
CMY	0.0706, 0.5294, 0.4353
CMYK	0.00, 0.49, 0.39, 0.07
HSL	348°, 76%, 70%
HSV	348°, 49%, 93%
XYZ	46.6756, 33.4511, 30.3822
YIQ	157.7190, 62.0280, 32.2680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

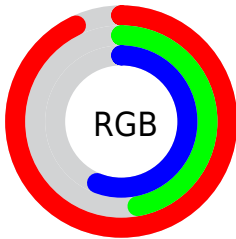
Format	Color
R _Y B	237, 120, 144
Decimal	15562896
CIE Lab	64.52, 47.39, 8.14
CIE LCh	65, 48.082, 9.751
Yxy	33.4511, 0.4224, 0.3027
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293752976 (0xFFED7890)
YUV	157.7190, -6.7635, 69.5294
Hunter-Lab	57.8369, 42.8385, 9.3403

Details

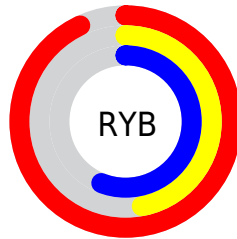
The RGB color **237, 120, 144** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **120, 237, 213**, and the grayscale version is **158, 158, 158**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 175, 198**, and **178, 67, 94** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **237, 96, 125**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **237, 144, 163**.

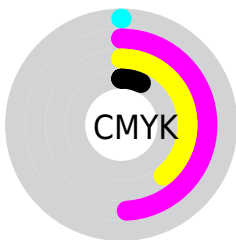
Distribution



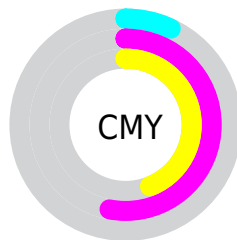
- Red (93%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 237, 120, 144 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 237, 120, 144 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 237, 120, 144

 237, 120, 144

255, 255, 255

 207, 93, 118

 255, 175, 198

 178, 67, 94

 255, 203, 226

 149, 39, 70

 255, 232, 254

 120, 2, 48

 92, 0, 28

 66, 0, 0

 37, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 237, 120, 144

 237, 120, 144

■ 237, 96, 125

■ 237, 144, 163

■ 237, 73, 106

■ 237, 167, 182

■ 237, 49, 87

■ 237, 191, 201

■ 237, 25, 69

■ 237, 215, 219

■ 237, 2, 50

■ 237, 238, 238

■ 237, 0, 49

■ 237, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



220, 125, 187



237, 120, 144



231, 128, 104

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



237, 120, 144



122, 170, 88



0, 169, 236

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



237, 120, 144



120, 237, 213

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 176, 210



237, 120, 144



57, 176, 125

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



237, 120, 144



168, 159, 68



0, 178, 170



109, 156, 241

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



237, 120, 144



216, 138, 83



0, 178, 170



0, 172, 230

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



237, 120, 144



255, 217, 225



212, 120, 237



128, 105, 109



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



237, 120, 144



255, 105, 135



237, 153, 120



117, 106, 108



181, 0, 37



54, 0, 11

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



237, 120, 144



255, 105, 135



120, 204, 237



117, 106, 108



181, 0, 37



54, 0, 11

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 237, 120, 144 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

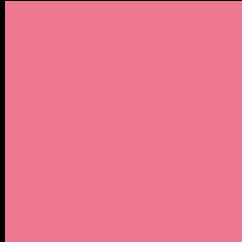
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 237, 120, 144 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 237, 120, 144 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 237, 120, 144.

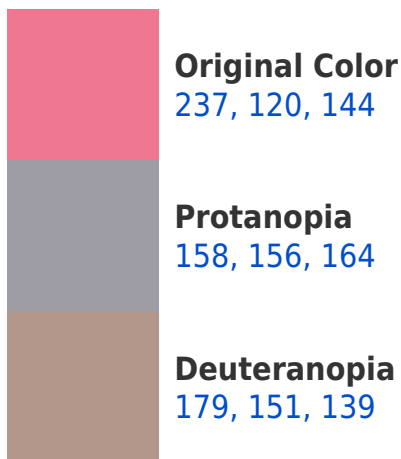


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 237, 120, 144.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
236, 122, 131

Trichromacy



Original Color

237, 120, 144



Protanomaly

187, 143, 157



Deuteranomaly

200, 140, 141



Tritanomaly

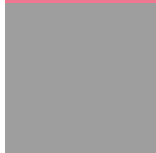
236, 121, 136

Monochromacy



Original Color

237, 120, 144



Achromatopsia

158, 158, 158



Achromatomaly

187, 144, 153

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 237, 120, 144 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 120, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 120, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 120, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 120, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 237, 120, 144 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 120, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 120, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 120, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 120, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 120, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 120,  
144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 237, 120, 144 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 120, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
120, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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